ANCIENT IRISH HISTORIES: A HISTORIE OF IRELAND, WRITTEN IN THE YEARE 1571; THE CHRONICLE OF IRELAND

Published @ 2017 Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd

ISBN 9780649001996

Ancient Irish Histories: A historie of Ireland, written in the yeare 1571; The chronicle of Ireland by Edmund Campion & Henry Marlebvrrovgh

Except for use in any review, the reproduction or utilisation of this work in whole or in part in any form by any electronic, mechanical or other means, now known or hereafter invented, including xerography, photocopying and recording, or in any information storage or retrieval system, is forbidden without the permission of the publisher, Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd, PO Box 1576 Collingwood, Victoria 3066 Australia.

All rights reserved.

Edited by Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd. Cover @ 2017

This book is sold subject to the condition that it shall not, by way of trade or otherwise, be lent, re-sold, hired out, or otherwise circulated without the publisher's prior consent in any form or binding or cover other than that in which it is published and without a similar condition including this condition being imposed on the subsequent purchaser.

www.triestepublishing.com

EDMUND CAMPION & HENRY MARLEBYRROYGH

ANCIENT IRISH HISTORIES: A HISTORIE OF IRELAND, WRITTEN IN THE YEARE 1571; THE CHRONICLE OF IRELAND



A

HISTORIE

OF

IRELAND,

Written in the Yeare

1571.

BY

EDMUND CAMPION,

SOMETIME FELLOW OF ST. JOHN'S COLLEDGE, IN OXFORD.

Dublin:

Printed by the Society of Stationers,
M.DCXXXIII.

REPRINTED AT THE HIBERNIA PRESS,

FOR THE PROPRIETORS,

By John Morrisson.

1809.

CAMPION'S

HISTORIE OF IRELAND.

THE FIRST BOOKE.

CAP. I.

The Site and speciall parts of Jreland.

IRELAND lieth a-loofe in the West Ocean, and is deemed by the later Survey, to be in length well-nigh three hundred miles north & south: broad from East to West one hundred and twentie. In proportion it resembleth an egge, blunt and plaine on the sides, not reaching forth to Sea, in nookes and elbowes of Land, as Brittaine doth.

Long since, it was devided into foure regions, Leinster East, Connaght West, Vlster North, Mounster South, and into a fift plot defalked from every fourth part, lying together in the heart of the Realme, called thereof Media, Meath.

Each of these five (where they are framable to civility, and answere the writts of the Crowne,) be sundred into shires and counties, after this manner.

In Leinster lye the counties of Dublin, Kildare, Weixford, Caterlagh, Kilkenny, King & Queenes counties, these two lately so named by Parliament in the raignes of *Philip* and *Mary*, having Shire-townes accordant, Philipstown and Marryborrow.

Septes, Irish of name planted in these quarters, they reckon, the Birnes, Tooles, Cauanaghes, which is the nation of Macmurrow, Omores, Oconnores, Odempsyes, Odun.

Citties of best account, Dyvelin: the beauty and eye of Ireland, fast by a goodly river, which Cambrensis calleth Avenlifius. Ptolomy Libnius, they call the Lyffie. The seat hereof is in many respects comfortable, but less frequented of marchant strangers, because of the bard haven. Kildare hath Kildare and the Naass. Weixford hath Weixford and Ross. Kilkenny hath Kilkenny the best dry towne in Ireland on the Southside of the river Suirus, also Callan and Thomastowne.

Meath is devided into East and West Meath, and the counties of Longford. Here dwelleth ancient Irish families (sometime Princes & Potentates) Omalaghlen, Mac-Coghlan Obrien, Omulloy, Omadden,

Macgoghigan, the Fox. This whole part, and the veyne of Finegale in Leinster, are best imployed with husbandry, and taken to be the richest soyles in Ireland.

Connaght hath as yet but the county Clare, the town of Athenry: & Galway, a proper neat city at the sea side. Herein Turlogh More Oconner was a peere, & parted the whole betwixt his two Sonnes, Cahal, and Bryen Oconnor. In it are now cheife Irish, Breni Oreli, Breni Oruarke, Oconnor Sligo, Odoude, Ohara, Macphilippin, Mac-dermot, Oconnordonn, Oconnor-Roe, the O-kellies, Mac-glomore, of Langues, L. Bermingham, Omaly, Mac-william Euter, Oflaherty, Clauricarde.

Vlster wherein Oneale & Odonil are cheife Irish, contayneth the counties, Louth, Down, Antrim, one moity of Droghdah (for the rest is in Meath) cheife town of Louth Dundalk, of Down, Down, & Carlingford, of Droghdagh, Droghdaghe, of Antrim, Cnockfergus, called also Cragfergus.

This part is dissevered from Meath and Leinster by the river Boandus, which breaketh out beside Loghfoyle, a bogg betweene Ardmagh, and S. Patrickes Purgatorie. Cambrensis reputeth the bogge at 30. miles in length, and halfe so much in breadth, and the same once firme Land, to have beene suddenly ouerflowen, for the bestiall incest committed there, unfit to be told.

905 W261 In Mounster lye the counties of Waterford, Limericke, Cork, counties Pallatine of Tipperary, Kerry, and exempt from priviledge the Crosse of Tipperarie.

Waterford hath Dongarvon, and Waterford full of traffique with England, France, and Spaine, by meanes of their excellent good Haven.

Limericke hath Kilmallocke lately sackt by *Iames Fitz Morice*, and the Citie Limiricum, coasting on the sea, hard upon the river Shannon, whereby are most notably severed Mounster and Connaght.

Corke hath Kinsale, Yowghall, and the Cittie Corke, Tipperary hath Tipperary, Clonmell, Fidderstown, Cassell. Mounster was of old time devided into East-Mounster, Ormond, West-Mounster, Desmond, South-Mounster, Thomond. Here dwell Obrenes, Macnemarraes, Mack-mahownes, and one sept of the Offlherties.

In these quarters lyeth the Countryes of O-Carroll, O-Magher, the white Knight, Mac-Ibrine, O-Gaunaghe.

Waterford contayneth the Powers, and Deces.

Corke the *Barries* Lands, Imokillie, Carbarrie, Maccarty-more, Maccarty-reagh, L. *Roches* lands, Osulivan, Muscry, L. *Courcy*, and diverse more, some of Irish blood, some degenerate and become Irish.

Limericke hath in it the Knight of the valley, William Burcke, Mac-Ibrine Ara, part of the white Knights Lands, Cosmay, Obrenes, and upon the edge of Kerrie the greene Knight, alias the knight of Kerrie.

Leinster butteth upon England, Mounster and Connaght upon France and Spaine, Vlster upon the Scottish Ilands (which face with *Hebrides*) scattered between both realmes; wherein at this day, the Irish Scot Successour of the old Scythian Pict or Redshancke dwelleth.

The spiritual Iurisdiction a is ordered into 4. Provinces whereof the primacy was euer given (in reverence toward Saint Patricke their Apostle) to the Archbishoppe of Ardmagha, now called Ardmagh, which custome was since confirmed by Eugenius the 3. who sent withall 3. other prelates to be placed, one at Dublin, one at Cashell, & the last at Tuam. To these are suffraganes in right 29. and all they inferiour to the Primate of Ardmaghe: under his province are the Bishopprickes of Meath, Derry, Ardagh, Kilmore, Clogher, Downe, Coner, Clonmacknoes, Rapho, and Dromore.

Vnder Dublin b (whereunto Innocentius 3. united Glandelagh) are the Bishop of Elphine, Kildare, Fernes, Ossorie and Laighlein.

^{*} Bishops in Ireland. Bern, in vita Malach. An. 1148.

b Dublin, an. 1212, S. Pat, booke of Recordes.

Vnder Cashell are B. of Waterford, Lysmore, Corke, & Clone, Rosse, Ardigh, Limericke, Emely, Killalo, Ardferte.

Vnder Tuam the B. of Kilmaco, Olfine, Anaghdoune, Clonfert, Mayo. In this recount some diversities have happened by reason of personall and reall union of the Seas and for other alterations.

An old distinction there is of Ireland into Irish & English pales, for when the Irish had raised continual tumults against the English planted heere with the Conquest. At last they coursed them into a narrow circuite of certaine shires in Leinster, which the English did choose, as the fattest soyle, most defensible, their proper right, and most open to receive helpe from England. Hereupon it was termed their pale, as whereout they durst not peepe. But now both within this pale, uncivill Irish and some rebells doe dwell, and without it, Countreyes and cities English are well governed.

CAP. II.

The temporall Nobility.

BY conference with certaine gentlemen, attendants upon Sir Henry Sidney, Lord Deputie, (who excelleth in that knowledge) I tooke notice of the most