## NATIONALITY: OR, THE LAW RELATING TO SUBJECTS AND ALIENS, CONSIDERED WITH A VIEW TO FUTURE LEGISLATION

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Nationality: Or, The Law Relating to Subjects and Aliens, Considered with a View to Future Legislation by Sir Alex. Cockburn

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SIR ALEX. COCKBURN

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Trieste

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#### WITH A VIEW TO FUTURE LEGISLATION.

BY

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#### INTRODUCTION.

IT seems to be admitted on all hands that the law of England respecting nationality, with reference to the circumstances under which the status of a subject arises, or may be acquired, or, on the other hand, may be put off, together with the law relating to the disabilities of aliens, requires to'be considered with a view to its alteration and amendment. The conflict between the law of England and that of so many of the leading nations of the world as to the origin of nationality, and the inconvenience to which such conflict may give rise, as well as the inconsistency of our rule as to the immutability of allegiance, at a time when emigration from this country to America is annually taking place on so large a scale, are now so sensibly felt, that an alteration of the law has become inevitable. The observations of one of the ablest public writers of the present day in the columns of the Times, the recent Report of the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives of the United States on the rights of American citizens in foreign states, and the discussion of the subject by the press, having had the effect of directing public attention to the subject, a Royal Commission was appointed in May, 1868, to inquire and report on the laws of naturalization and allegiance. The Commissioners appointed under that Commission have

recently made their report, and have suggested certain amendments in the existing law. Some of their recommendations everyone will approve of. Others may be open to exception. In one highly important particular the report falls short of what, in the opinion of the minority of the Commission, it would have been expedient to recommend. As to this, a separate report having been sent in, with reasons for the difference of opinion, the public can judge for themselves. The Commissioners have supplied us with information which will be eminently useful in forming an opinion as to what is really required to be done in the way of alteration of the law. They have collected and published in the form of an appendix to the report a considerable body of valuable information as to the law of the various nations of Europe and America on the important subjects with which the Commission had to deal. Unfortunately the information thus furnished is not embodied in the report, and it is probable that but few persons will proceed further than the report, or take the trouble to go through the numerous documents contained in the appendix. Yet a knowledge of these matters is necessary to the proper understanding of the subject in all its bearings, it being important to see how the law of this country conflicts with that of other nations, and to appreciate the embarrassment and inconvenience which arise from this antagonism. This is the more necessary as the report of the Commissioners, however excellent in some respects, when the subject is looked at by the light thus thrown on

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it, is not altogether satisfactory, and will leave at all events one great source of difficulty unremedied.

Under these circumstances, it has occurred to the writer that it might be useful to place before the public, so far as is necessary for the present purpose, the law of other countries on the subject of nationality, as collected from foreign codes and from the materials furnished by the Commissioners, to contrast those laws with our own, and to offer in a condensed form the information scattered over the pages of the appendix, not always in the most systematic manner, as to the instances in which embarrassment has arisen from the working of conflicting laws.

With these data before us, we shall be better able to judge between the opposite opinions of the two sections of the Commissioners, and to consider what ought properly to be done in the way of legislation, in order to place the law relating to nationality on a sound and satisfactory basis, so as at the same time to avoid collision with other nations, and to protect individuals against conflicting claims to their allegiance. We shall be then able to judge how far it is important, in order to prevent misunderstanding between governments, that the law relating to nationality should be uniform among civilized nations, and to form a rational opinion as to what the law ought to be, and what we ought to invite other nations to make it.

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