THE CHILDREN'S CRUSADE: AN EPISODE OF THE THIRTEENTH CENTURY

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The Children's Crusade: an episode of the thirteenth century by George Zabriskie Gray

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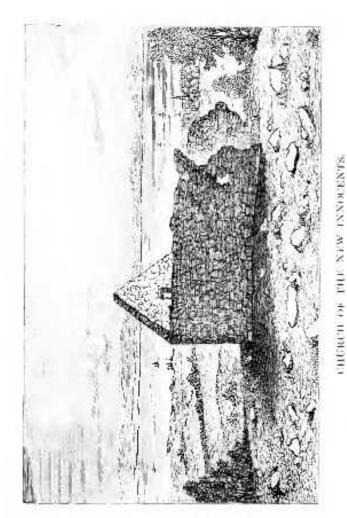
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GEORGE ZABRISKIE GRAY

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An Cuisode of the Thirteenth Century

BY
GEORGE ZABRISKIE GRAY



BOSTON AND NEW YORK HOUGHTON, MIFFLIN AND COMPANY The Underside Press, Cambridge 1898 Rubr. Hic vide perigrinacionem puerorum et qualiter per incantaciones sunt decepti.

Illis temporibus stupendum quid crevit.

Mundoque mirabilis truffa inolevit.

Nam sub boni specie malum sic succrevit.

Arte quidem magica ista late sevit.

Ruhr. Hic est carmen quod obique cantabatur

Nycolaus famulus Christi transfretabit. Et cum innocentibus Ierasalem intrabit.

Mare siccis pedilus securus calcabit.

Juvenes et virgines caste copulabit.

Ad honorem Domini tanta perpetrabit.

Quod pax jubilacio Deo laus sonabit.

Paganos et perfidos omnes baptizabit.

Omnis in Jerusalem carmen hor cantabit. Pax nune christicolis Christus proximabit.

Et redemptos sanguine mire collustrabit.

Nycolai pueros omnes coronabit,

Rubr. Talis devocio ante bec non est audita.

Aures conctis product virgines ornanter.

Annos infra sedecim evangelizantur. Concurrentes pueri certant ut sequantur.

Et rumare viderant casso consolantur-

Ungarus Theutunicus Francus sociantur.

Boemus Lombardicus Brittoque conantur.

Flandria Vestfalia omnes federantur-

Friso cum Norwagia cuncti conglobantur.

Prurit pes et oculus pueros venantur.

Illi de Brundusio virgines stuprantur.

Et in arcum pessimum passim venumdantur.

Risum luctus occopat digne lamentantur.

Plorant matres ut Rachel nati morti dantur.

Vanitates hauriumt pueri fraudantur.

(Vide Appendix C.)

PREFACE

THERE are some minor episodes of history that have not received the attention which they seem to merit. Historians have been too much occupied with events of greater importance, to stop and explore these by-ways as they passed them. The same reason led the chroniclers of the times to preserve no more than scanty details concerning them, and consequently these worthies often dismiss with a few words incidents that have more interest than others to which they give many a dreary page,

This has been the case with the transaction to which this volume is devoted. Although pertaining to a sphere so interesting as the child-life of other and remote days, yet it has been almost forgotten. Many are not aware of its occurrence. Some have regarded it as a myth. It is generally referred to, with varying fullness, in works that treat of the Crusades, but
not always with accuracy of statement. The
most copious accounts are given in Raumer's
"Geschichte der Hohenstaufen," Herter's "Innocent III.," Menzel's "Deutschland," Wilken's
"Kreuzzüge," Haken's "Gemälde der Kreuzzüge," Sporschild's "Kreuzzüge," "L'Esprit
des Croisades," by Mailly, "Histoire des Croisades," by Michaud, "Influence des Croisades,"
by Choiseul d'Aillecourt, Mill's "History of the
Crusades," and Hecker's "Child Pilgrimages."
Many authors, in whose writings we would expect some reference to the subject, are entirely
silent concerning it.

But, otherwise than with the brevity necessary to a casual mention in the course of historical narratives, this theme has never been treated. As far as I can ascertain, it has never been the subject of a volume, nor have the original materials been thoroughly explored and exhausted. A small Sunday-school book was published several years ago, called "The Crusade of the Children," but it was merely a brief fiction based upon the event. It is therefore because the field was untrodden, and because I thought that the story told in its completeness would possess interest, that I have written this book.

As regards the Chronicles that refer to the event, a list is given of all that have yet been found by others and by myself. For their trustworthiness, it is sufficient for me that such writers as Wilken, Herter, and Michaud rely fully upon their statements. In the notes I have not thought it necessary to give the particular source of each fact in the course of the narrative, but have only done so in the cases of those of prominence, or of those that are peculiar.

Hecker regards it and treats it as one of the "epidemics of the Middle Ages" of which he writes. They who wish to view it in that light can consult his pages. It may seem to some that to regard it as such, and to call it by such a name, is to open the door for the admission into the list of diseases of many transactions that the world has been wont to view, not in that way, but rather as the manifestations of