PHRENOLOGY; OR, THE DOCTRINE OF THE MENTAL PHENOMENA. IN TWO VOLUMES. VOL. II. PHILOSOPHICAL PART

Published @ 2017 Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd

ISBN 9780649670895

Phrenology; Or, The Doctrine of the Mental Phenomena. In Two Volumes. Vol. II. Philosophical Part by J. G. Spurzheim

Except for use in any review, the reproduction or utilisation of this work in whole or in part in any form by any electronic, mechanical or other means, now known or hereafter invented, including xerography, photocopying and recording, or in any information storage or retrieval system, is forbidden without the permission of the publisher, Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd, PO Box 1576 Collingwood, Victoria 3066 Australia.

All rights reserved.

Edited by Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd. Cover @ 2017

This book is sold subject to the condition that it shall not, by way of trade or otherwise, be lent, re-sold, hired out, or otherwise circulated without the publisher's prior consent in any form or binding or cover other than that in which it is published and without a similar condition including this condition being imposed on the subsequent purchaser.

www.triestepublishing.com

J. G. SPURZHEIM

PHRENOLOGY; OR, THE DOCTRINE OF THE MENTAL PHENOMENA. IN TWO VOLUMES. VOL. II. PHILOSOPHICAL PART



PHRENOLOGY,

OR THE

DOCTRINE OF THE MENTAL PHENOMENA.

By J. G. SPURZHEIM, M. D.

OF THE UNIVERSITIES OF VIENNA AND PARIS, AND LICENTIATE
OF THE ROTAL COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS OF LONDON.

IN TWO VOLUMES.

VOL. II. PHILOSOPHICAL PART.

SECOND AMERICAN EDITION,

GREATLY IMPROVED BY THE AUTHOR, FROM THE THIRD LONDON EDITION.

BOSTON: MARSH, CAPEN AND LYON.

1833.



Entered, according to Act of Congress, in the year 1832, by Marsh, Capen and Lyon, in the Clerk's Office of the District Court of Massachusetts.

> ETERATIPED BY LTMAN TRUMPTON AND CO. BOSTON.

SELVA YORK PUBLIC LIBRARY

in you

PREFACE.

Whoever wishes for truth is a philosopher; and of philosophers there are as many varieties as there are departments of knowledge, as well physical as metaphysical. The title, however, is more particularly given to him who looks for exact notions and positive knowledge, founded on principles dependent on the relations between cause and effect.

It is unfortunate for humanity, that those who assume distinctive titles do not act up to them. From this cause it is that the most noble appellations fall into discredit. Pretended patriots have sometimes been more dangerous than declared enemies—pretended Christians worse than heathens. Who would not be styled a philosopher, or friend, or lover of wisdom? Yet this name is often applied to decry individuals and their manner of thinking. Let us only observe, that all who call themselves philosophers deserve not the title, any more than those who are called noble do their titles.

The ancient philosophers were, in general, metaphysicians, that is, they examined objects without the reach of observation; for instance, the primitive cause of the universe, the origin of beings, the cause of life, the nature of the soul, its immortality, &c. I incessantly repeat, that the aim of Phrenology is never to attempt

pointing our what the mind is in itself, or its manner of acting, or it; final destination. Phrenologists are observers of nature, and as such they examine only the manifestations of the mind and the circumstances under which these take place in this life. To prove Phrenology, a great mass of incontestable facts has been collected. This volume contains philosophical reflections, and inferences drawn from phrenological observations. will be divided into eight sections. In the first I shall make remarks on various systems of mental philosophy: in the second I shall enumerate the fundamental powers of the mind which are ascertained by observation and admitted in Phrenology; state their aim, the disorders which may result from them, and the consequences of their inactivity: in the third, I shall discuss their origin: in the fourth, the conditions of their manifestations: in the fifth, the religious constitution of man: in the sixth, the moral constitution of man: in the seventh, I shall make some practical reflections; and, in the eighth, explain several philosophical expressions according to the fundamental powers of the mind.

CONTENTS.

SECTION I.

OBSERVATIONS ON VARIOUS SYSTEMS OF MENTAL PHILOSOPHY.

General view of mental philosophy				S.	•	(J. 18)	9
Particular views of philosophers				7 .7 1	#	-	27
Instinct, understanding -				980	*		28
Consciousness and sensation -				11 - 12	Ξ		32
Perception	*	(+)	*		*	•	32
Attention	+	-	*	-	\approx	-	35
Memory	-	() (-)	-	-	*	-	36
Reminiscence	2			-	-		38
Imagination	2	-	26		≅	-	38
Judgment		993	w		4	-	40
Association	=	140	22		-	1277	43
Categories	2	-	\simeq	# = 32	2	5 2 66	46
Desire and will	22		_		27		47
Affections		1	20	-	25		50
Passions	_		-		-	150	52

SECTION II.

PHRENOLOGICAL DESCRIPTION AND CLASSIFICATION OF MENTAL PHENOMENA,

54

SECTION III.

j	ORIGIN O	F THE	MENTAL	DISPOSI:	rions.		5
All is innate in	man		= :	5 .			5
A few general	faculties	are ir	nate and	produc	e the	particu	
lar disposi	tions	700	-		-		6
The external s	enses are	the ca	use of m	ental ac	tivity	-	6
Of accidental o	ircumsta	nces as	the cause	of me	atal phe	nomen	a 6
Misery	*	(=)	*			-	6
Society		•	-	-	40	-	6
Climate	4				₩.		70
Of prepared ci	rcumstan	ces or	Education	n	-	4	7
Innateness of t	he mente	ıl dispo	sitions	-	<u> 2</u> 9	-	7
THE BRAIN I	8 INDISP		E 70 THE		L PHEN	iomen <i>a</i>	. 81
	RELIGIO	US CON	STITUTIO	N OP M	AN.		81
Atheism	*				200	-	90
God's existence	e	-	(1 4)	-	-	-	9
God's attribute	8	-		•	: -	-	99
God's relations	hip with	man or	Religion	i	-	12	93
Natural Religi	on	4	-20 g g 20000000000000000000000000000000	2	-	7	9
Importance of	Revelation	on	-	2	_	-	91
Aim of Religio	n		2	-	-	2	10
Improvement of	Improvement of Religion			-		2	103
Sublimity of Christianity -				-			10
Materialism an	d Immat	eriality	or Spirit	uality	•	Ž	10

		SECTI	ON	VI.				
							114	
	MOBAL CONSTITUTION OF MAN.							
Fatalism	75	1 3 18	7 0	17	857	-	114	
Necessity	70		*		1 m	-	117	
Liberty and rest	oonsibi	lity	=	. ?≥	00=0		119	
Moral liberty	-	0 ,0 00	70=0	-			119	
Origin and nature of morality			+	(*			124	
Extent of moral	ity		*	•	N a	·	132	
Existence of evi	l, phys	sical and m	oral		15 		138	
Origin of evil		(#)	*:	-	-	-	140	
Comparison of a	atural	morality w	vith cl	ristian	morality	-	143	
Natural goodness of man						155		
	PR	SECTION OF			ı .		159	
** *** .* .	••••		e a vesa	0236433940		20		
Modifications of			i inter	rectirar l	pnenomen	a	159	
Difficulty of judging others Necessity of mutual forbearance				•	8	5.	167	
[4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4]			7	7. E.S.	7	•	171	
Sympathy and a	10000 March 1999	ıy	6.2	20	1.5		172	
Happiness of m		(45)	(5)		7.5		175	
Personal liberty		6 5 31	R		7		186	
		SECTIO	ON Y	/Ш.				
EXPL	NATIO	N OF PHIL	080PH	ICAL EX	PRESSION	5,	194	
Conclusion	(1,40)	S2	88 4 8	Œ	: : :::	=	212	

CONTENTS.

νü