OUTLINES OF THE FIRST COURSE OF YALE AGRICULTURAL LECTURES

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Outlines of the First Course of Yale Agricultural Lectures by Henry S. Olcott & John A. Porter

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HENRY S. OLCOTT & JOHN A. PORTER

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OF THE

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OF

YALE AGRICULTURAL LECTURES.

BY

HENRY S. OLCOTT.

WITH AN INTRODUCTION BY

JOHN A. PORTER,

PROPERSOR OF ORGANIC CHEMISTRY AT YALR COLLEGE.

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PUBLISHERS' PREFACE.

THESE sketches of the lectures which were given during the recent Convention at Yale College, were first printed in the columns of the New York Tribune. Occurring as it did when there was an unusual pressure upon the columns of the paper, the Convention would never have been reported at all if the editors had not regarded with great favor this attempt to improve the condition of our Agricultural science. Anxious to lend the powerful aid of the Tribune to further the object in view, they allotted a sufficient space daily for a succinct outline of the lectures throughout the entire course. So much valuable information was embraced in the several discourses, that to the reporter it was a matter of great difficulty to select as little as would fill the space at his disposal; and the readers of this pamphlet will not, therefore, wonder if he has not done full justice to either the topics or the lectures. When the course was almost completed frequent inquiries were made as to whether any complete report of it would be published; and by many a desire was expressed that if nothing more detailed and elaborate could be done, at least these Tribune sketches should be collected in book form, for convenience of preservation. It being established beyond doubt that no full publication could, for various reasons, be made, the publishers of this volume have made arrangements with Mr. Olcott to edit and correct his notes. To render them as nearly perfect as their brevity permits, they have been submitted for revision to the lecturers themselves, and may, therefore, be considered as at least fair summaries of the matter delivered by them from the lecture-deak.

LECTURES

GIVEN DURING THE

AGRICULTURAL CONVENTION AT NEW HAVEN,

FEBRUARY, 1860.

FIRST WERK.-AGRICULTURAL CHEMISTRY, &c.

LECTURE 1. Composition of the Plant. The Organic Elements—Crygen, Nitrogen, Hydrogen, and Carbon. Lec. 2. Proximate Organic Principles of the Plant—Cellulose, Starch, Dentrine, Sugar, Glaten, Albumen, Casein, Vegetable Oils, and Ackis. Lec. 3. Atmospheric Food of Plants—Water, Carbonic Acid, Ammonia, and Nitric Acid. Their sources and supply. Lec. 4. The Ash of Plants—Petash, Soda, Lime, Magnesis, Oxyd of Iron, Oxyd of Manganese, Chlorine, Salphur, Phospherus.

Lacrium 1. Great losses sustained from depredating insects—their classification, structure, metamorphodes, habits, and means of destruction. Lac. 2. Insects injurious to grain crops, with a particular account of the wheat midge and Hessian fly. Lac. 8. Insects injurious to fruit-trees, with a particular account of the Curculio and the Apple-Tree Borer.

LECTURE 1. The vegetable cell—its form, size, structure, contents, origin, and mode of growth. Law. 2. The seed, root, and stem. Nature and growth of seeds. Structure of roots. General structure and minute anatomy of stems. Law. 3. Arrangement of leaves—their parts, forms, structure, and economy. Food of plants. Relations of the vegetable kingdom. Law. 4. Flowers and Fruits. Arrangement of Flowers—their parts and offices of parts; development of fruit.

VEGETABLE PATHOLOGY,......CHAUNCEY E. GOODRICH.

SECOND WEEK,-POMOLOGY, &c.

American Pomology—the best method of promoting it; with practical suggestions on the cultivation of the pear.

LECTURE 1. Preparation of the soil, and propagation of the vine. Lec. 2. Culture of native varieties, with an account of different varieties and their qualities. Lec. 3. Foreign varieties; outture and treatment.

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POPURIOR	R. G. PARDER, Boq.
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PRUIT-TREES,	P. BARRY, Esq.
	Fruit-Trees in the Nursery. Lac. 2. Transplant-
FRUITS,	LEWIS F. ALLEN, Esq.
Lacronus 1 and 2. The apple. Lac. 3. I farm crops; their consumption as food for	Uses of Fruits economically considered; profits as r man; as food for stock; value for exportation.
ARBORICULTURE,	
Lacrona 1. Character of various Forest	Trees, as found growing in the forests of Europe b. Forest culture. Lac. 2. Shade and Grammental
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DRAINAGE,	HOR. HENRY F. FRENCH.
LECTURE 1. The sources of moistore, necessary in America than in England. I distance, depth, and arrangement of Drai motes pulverization, warmth, absorption	What lands require drainage. Drainage more (sec. 2. Various micshods of Drainage. Direction, us. Lau. 3. Effects of Drainage. Drainage proof fertilizing substances from the air. Lau. 4. medies; effects of drainage on streams and rivers.
GRASSES	JOHN STANTON GOULD, Esq.
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CEREALS,	JOSEPH HARRIS, Esq.
On the cultivation of Wheat and Indian	
	T. S. GOLD, Esq.
uses. Root oulture essential to high farm	
TOBACCO AND HOPS	PROF. WM. H. BREWER,

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PROFTS OF AMERICAN FARMING,
FOURTH WEEKDOMESTIC ANIMALS.
CATTLE, CASSIUS M. CLAY, Deq.
LECTRE 1. On the five leading breeds, with notice of some other varieties. Let 2. Breeding as an Art.
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Lancas 1. Cattle, Sheep, Pigs; their various breeds; adaptation to climate, soil, and purpose. Lan. 2. Best methods of breeding, physiologically considered. Present condition of stock breeding and rearing in the United States, as compared with some portions of Europe. Lac. 3. Poultry, economically and seathetically considered; varieties, as adapted to climate and locality; utility and markets.
THE DAIRY,
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HORSES,SANFORD HOWARD, ENQ.
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BREAKING AND TRAINING HORSES,
On the methods of subduing and educating the Horse. The Bancher and Rarey systems. Great enhancement of intrinsic and market value of Horses by these means.
SHEEP, T. S. GOLD, Esq.
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they are adapted. Lm. 2. Winter, Spring and Summer management of Sheep. Diseases, Adaptation of our country to Sheep raising. Comparative advantages of Sheep husbandry, Care and sale of wool.
AGRICULTURAL ASSOCIATIONS
Organization and uses of Agricultural Societies and Farmers' Clubs.
AND DESCRIPTION OF THE RESIDENCE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER

INTRODUCTION.

BY PROFESSOR JOHN A. PORTER.

The views of Agricultural Education in which the Course of Lectures originated—reports of which are here presented to the public—were set forth in the *New Englander*, for November, 1859. From that article we make a few quotations, as introductory to a sketch of the course itself, and of the advantages which may be expected from a pursuance of this system of agricultural education:

"There is little question in the public mind as to the importance of new agencies for the diffusion of agricultural knowledge. A more difficult question is, how the lack of them shall be supplied. The Press does much, but by no means all that is required. The contact of man with man, and of mind with mind, is necessary to inspire the enthusiasm which is essential to rapid progress.

"The introduction of books on elementary science into our Common Schools, would be a great step in advance; but here again there is the absence of that contact of the man of knowledge with the men who need it, which is essential to the highest success.

"Shall we wait for the establishment by Government of great agricultural institutions, similar to those of continental Europe? Such institutions are among the most obvious and essential wants of our time, but a public and general opinion of their utility and necessity must be created before either our