CLARENDON PRESS SERIES. AN ELEMENTARY LATIN GRAMMAR

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Clarendon Press Series. An Elementary Latin Grammar by John Barrow Allen

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JOHN BARROW ALLEN

CLARENDON PRESS SERIES. AN ELEMENTARY LATIN GRAMMAR

Trieste

Clarendon Press Series

AN ELEMENTARY

LATIN GRAMMAR

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JOHN BARROW ALLEN, M.A.

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PREFACE TO THE FIRST EDITION.

This Grammar is intended to give such information as is necessary for starting a learner in Latin. The troublesome nomenclature common to many School Grammars is as far as possible avoided; and a Short Catechism of Syntax takes the place of the usual Latin Rules.

In the treatment of Latin Accidence the beaten tracks pointed out by immemorial usage have been generally adhered to. The principal change is the subdivision of the Perfect into two separate Tenses, conformably to its twofold usage, (a) as a Present Past, (b) as a Simple Past. This alteration will compel every boy who meets with a Perfect to stop, if only as part of his parsing lesson, and reflect which Tense is meant. It also enables us to group the Tenses in the paradigm under the heads of Primary and Historic, a distinction important for boys to remember.

The principle of teaching by frequent repetition is adhered to throughout. A special aim of the work has been to impart a practical acquaintance with Latin Syntax by means of classified examples rather than a multitude of rules. All or nearly all the possible meanings of each Tense are given once at least with the paradigm of every Verb. To each Conjugation notes are appended explanatory of certain difficulties; among them are included short rules for the translation of the Accusative and Infinitive, and Ablative Absolute.

The Author's best thanks are due to his friends, Henry St. John Reade, Head Master of the Godolphin School, Hammersmith, and Michael Seymour Forster, Head Master

PREFACE.

of Oswestry Grammar School, who have revised the proof sheets and offered many valuable suggestions. He has also to express his obligations to many of the School Manuals now in use, to which he is indebted for hints on several points of detail. A few rules have been quoted varkatiw, and acknowledged in their proper place.

Corrections and suggestions of improvements in the work will be thankfully received.

BIRMINGHAM, June, 1874.

PREFACE TO THE SECOND EDITION.

The demand for a Second Edition has furnished an opportunity of making some alterations and additions which were much needed in the Syntax and Appendix. The book is now fitted for use in all Forms below the highest in Classical Schools, and the constant references made to higher authoritics will, if attended to, prepare for the transition to Madvig, Roby, the Public Schools Latin Grammar, &c.; whilst for Middle Class Schools, where the standard of reading does not go beyond that of the University Local Examinations, no higher work will be needed.

The Author is indebted for many useful hints to J. Pryce-Jones, Esq., Grove Park School, Wrexham, and the Rev. C. G. Gepp, late Junior Student of Christ Church, Oxford; also, for a masterly and critical examination of the proof sheets, to the Rev. W. F. Moulton, D.D., Head Master of the Wesleyan School, Cambridge.

CAMERIEGE, December, 1877.

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By the same Author.

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LATIN GRAMMAR.

ALPHABET AND PARTS OF SPEECH.

§ 1. Alphabet. The Latin Alphabet is the same as the English, without W. For the pronunciation, see § 394.

 \S 3. Divisions of Letters. The letters are divided into

(1) Vowels: a, e, i, o, u, y.

(2) Consonants : the remaining letters.

§ 3. Diphthongs. These are, as (w), or (w), and au¹.

§ 4. Quantity of Syllables. Syllables in Latin always have a certain *quantity*,—that is, they are either long, short, or doubtful. The sign - indicates a long, \cup a short, and \approx a doubtful syllable.

§ 5. **Parts of Speech.** There are eight Parts of Speech, namely, the Noun-Substantive, Noun-Adjective, Pro-noun, Verb, Ad-verb, Preposition, Conjunction, and Interjection.

Note:—These eight Parts of Speech tre sometimes put under three heads, namely—(t) The Neura including Noun-Substantive, Noun-Adjective, and Pronova: (t) The Verb.: (3) The Particle, including Adverb, Preposition, Conjunction, and Interjection,

The Noun-Substantive is the name of any ferrow or

thing, as, magister, a master, measa, a table.

The Noun-Adjective expresses the quality of a person or thing, as, bonus, good, albus, while.

¹ ci, en, and ui are found an diphthongs in Interjections, as hei, hen; and in a few other words as neuter, huic, cui, etc.

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