# LATIN WORD-BUILDING, WITH AN ETYMOLOGICAL VOCABULARY: DESIGNED FOR THE THIRD LATIN BOOK

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Latin Word-Building, with an Etymological Vocabulary: Designed for the Third Latin Book by Thomas Kerchever Arnold

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## THOMAS KERCHEVER ARNOLD

# LATIN WORD-BUILDING, WITH AN ETYMOLOGICAL VOCABULARY: DESIGNED FOR THE THIRD LATIN BOOK



## LATIN WORD-BUILDING,

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### ETYMOLOGICAL VOCABULARY:

DESIGNED FOR

THE THIRD LATIN BOOK,

BY THE LATE REV.

THOMAS KERCHEVER ARNOLD, M.A.

RECEOR OF LYADON,

AND FORMERLY PELLOW OF TRINITY COLLEGE, CAMBRIDGE;

TO WHICH ARE ADDRED,

OUTLINES OF FORM-BUILDING,

AND

AN APPENDIX OF QUESTIONS.

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### ADVERTISEMENT.

As a manual of Etymological Analysis, the present work is calculated for a higher class of students than would have been represented by the title under which it was first advertised, "The Third Latin Book." It will be profitably used concurrently with the study of Latin authors; and specimens of the way of using it in lessons and exercises will be found at the end of the Appendix of Questions, Mr. Arnold thought so well of the first part of the volume—by the present Editor—that at his request it was sent to the press for publication. He himself adapted and arranged the "Vocabulary," which, with the "Wordbuilding," was printed or in type at the time of his decease.

December, 1854.

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<sup>&</sup>quot;The work was finished before the appearance of Dr. Donaldson's "New Cratylus" and "Varronianus:" the author, however, in revising his work (which was not originally intended for publication) availed himself of the assistance afforded by those treatises. He had also read, as they appeared in the "Journal of Education" and "Penny Cyclopsedia," most of the papers since published in a collective form by Professor Key.

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+ Abridged from the same work as the Word-Building (p. iv.). For the facts of the language, the authorities principally followed are Schneider's Lateinische Formenichee and Strave's Lat. Deklination und Conjugation.

<sup>\*</sup> Adapted by Mr. Arnold from a German manual of Etymology, printed or in type at the time of his decease. It should be observed that this Vocabulary does not aim at scientific exactness, and, where the etymology of a word is not obvious, sometimes gives it either as a separate article, or places it under the word which it most nearly resembles. Thus, 1i-bra, 674, is a derivative of tia, tol, 1296 (see W.-B. 183): fi-bra, 420, and fid-cs, 422, belong to the root of 427: again, labor, ōris, placed under 624 (labi), belongs to tia, tol (see W.-B. 176 and Questions, p. 216, note 3).

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