## ATLANTA'S RACE, AND TWO OTHER TALES FROM THE EARTHLY PARADISE

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Atlanta's race, and two other tales from The earthly paradise by William Morris

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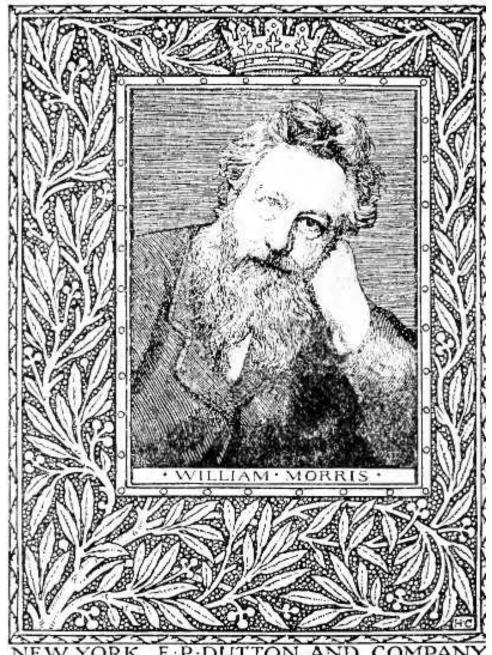
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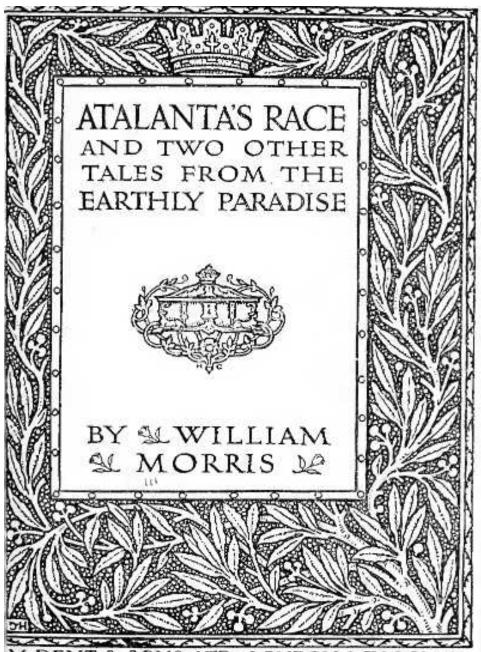
## **WILLIAM MORRIS**

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William Morris wrote the Earthly Paradise, which consists of a collection of twenty-five stories in verse. It tells of a roving band of adventurers, "gentlemen and mariners of Norway," who set out to find the Earthly Paradise, and "after many troubles and the lapse of many years came old men to some western land, of which they had never before heard." In this strange land they discover a superior race of men who have many of the characteristics of the best of the Ancient Greeks and who claim, indeed, to be "the seeds of the Ionian race."

The scafarers spend a great deal of their time in telling stories of their own country and listening, in turn, to tales of Greece and the East which are told to them by their hosts. The Prologue to the work tells how the wanderers came, after many adventures and hardships, to the "Western land."

A nameless city in a distant sea,
White as the changing walls of faërie,
Thronged with much people clad in ancient guise
I now am fain to set before your eyes;
There, leave the clear green water and the quays,
And pass betwixt its marble palaces,
Until ye come unto the chiefest square;
A bubbling conduit is set midmost there,
And round about it now the maidens throng,
With jest and laughter, and sweet broken song,

Making but light of labour new begun While in their vessels gleams the morning sun.

On one side of the square a temple stands, Wherein the gods worshipped in ancient lands Still have their altars, a great market-place Upon two other sides fills all the space, And thence the busy hum of men comes forth; But on the cold side looking towards the north A pillared council-house may you behold, Within whose porch are images of gold, Gods of the nations who dwelt anciently About the borders of the Grecian sea.

Pass now between them, push the brazen door And standing on the polished marble floor Leave all the noises of the square behind; Most calm that reverent chamber shall ye find, Silent at first, but for the noise you made When on the brazen door your hand you laid To shut it after you—but now behold The city rulers on their thrones of gold, Clad in most fair attire, and in their hands Long carven silver-banded ebony wands; Then from the dais drop your eyes and see Soldiers and peasants standing reverently Before those elders, round a little band Who bear such arms as guard the English land, But battered, rent, and rusted sore, and they, The men themselves, are shrivelled, bent, and grey; And as they lean with pain upon their spears Their brows seem furrowed deep with more than years; For sorrow dulls their heavy sunken eyes.

The Prologue goes on to tell more of the people of the city and their ways, but the poet is careful to tell us in the Introduction, which precedes the Prologue, that it is no part of his purpose to describe a new ideal state or Utopia. He writes:

> Dreamer of dreams, born out of my due time, Why should I strive to set the crooked straight? Let it suffice me that my murmuring rhyme Beats with light wing against the ivory gate, Telling a tale not too importunate To those who in the sleepy region stay, Lulled by the singer of an empty day.

His purpose is to tell stories and the tales are introduced as follows. We quote from the end of the Prologue.

Behold once more within a quiet land
The remnant of that once aspiring band,
With all hopes fallen away, but such as light
The sons of men to that unfailing night,
That death they needs must look on face to face.

Time passed, and ever fell the days apace
From off the new-strung chaplet of their life;
Yet though the time with no bright deeds was rife,
Though no fulfilled desire now made them glad,
They were not quite unhappy, rest they had,
And with their hope their fear had passed away;
New things and strange they saw from day to day
Honoured they were, and had no lack of things
For which men crouch before the feet of kings,
And, stripped of honour, yet may fail to have.

Therefore their latter journey to the grave Was like those days of later autumn-tide, When he who in some town may chance to bide Opens the window for the balmy air, And seeing the golden hazy sky so fair, And from some city garden hearing still
The wheeling rooks the air with music fill,
Sweet hopeful music, thinketh, Is this spring,
Surely the year can scarce be perishing?
But then he leaves the clamour of the town,
And sees the withered scanty leaves fall down,
The half-ploughed field, the flowerless garden-plot,
The dark full stream by summer long forgot,
The tangled hedges where, relaxed and dead,
The twining plants their withered berries shed,
And feels therewith the treachery of the sun,
And knows the pleasant time is well-nigh done.

In such St. Luke's short summer lived these men,
Nearing the goal of threescore years and ten;
The elders of the town their comrades were,
And they to them were waxen now as dear
As ancient men to ancient men can be;
Grave matters of belief and polity
They spoke of oft, but not alone of these;
For in their times of idleness and ease
They told of poets' vain imaginings,
And memories vague of half-forgotten things,
Not true or false, but sweet to think upon.

For nigh the time when first that land they won,
When new-born March made fresh the hopeful air,
The wanderers sat within a chamber fair,
Guests of that city's rulers, when the day
Far from the sunny noon had fallen away;
The sky grew dark, and on the window-pane
They heard the beating of the sudden rain.
Then, all being satisfied with plenteous feast,
There spoke an ancient man, the land's chief priest,
Who said, "Dear guests, the year begins to-day,
And fain are we, before it pass away,

To hear some tales of that now altered world, Wherefrom our fathers in old time were hurled By the hard hands of fate and destiny. Nor would ye hear perchance unwillingly How we have dealt with stories of the land Wherein the tombs of our forefathers stand: Wherefore henceforth two solemn feasts shall be In every month, at which some history Shall crown our joyance; and this day, indeed, I have a story ready for our need, If ye will hear it, though perchance it is That many things therein are writ amiss, This part forgotten, that part grown too great, For these things, too, are in the hands of fate."

They cried aloud for joy to hear him speak,
And as again the sinking sun did break
Through the dark clouds and blazed adown the hall,
His clear thin voice upon their ears did fall,
Telling a tale of times long passed away,
When men might cross a kingdom in a day,
And kings remembered they should one day die,
And all folk dwelt in great simplicity.

So the first story, that of Atalanta's Race, is told.