THE HUMAN SPEECH SOUNDS

Published @ 2017 Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd

ISBN 9780649473830

The Human Speech Sounds by Charles T. Luthy

Except for use in any review, the reproduction or utilisation of this work in whole or in part in any form by any electronic, mechanical or other means, now known or hereafter invented, including xerography, photocopying and recording, or in any information storage or retrieval system, is forbidden without the permission of the publisher, Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd, PO Box 1576 Collingwood, Victoria 3066 Australia.

All rights reserved.

Edited by Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd. Cover @ 2017

This book is sold subject to the condition that it shall not, by way of trade or otherwise, be lent, re-sold, hired out, or otherwise circulated without the publisher's prior consent in any form or binding or cover other than that in which it is published and without a similar condition including this condition being imposed on the subsequent purchaser.

www.triestepublishing.com

CHARLES T. LUTHY

THE HUMAN SPEECH SOUNDS



THE HUMAN SPEECH SOUNDS

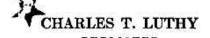
TRACING THE EVOLUTION OF THE FORTT-THERE SPEECE SOUNDS IN THE HUMAN VOICE THROUGH ALL THEIR SERIES, CLASSES, KINDS AND FORMS TO THE LIMIT OF AUDIBLE DISTINCTION, DESCRIBING THEIR ORGANIC FORMATIONS, TOGETHER WITH THE POSITIONS OF THE MOUTH PARTS

AND

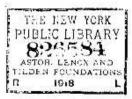
ESTABLISHING AND EXEMPLIFYING THE PHYSIOLOGICALLY CORRECT PRONUNCIATION OF ALL THEIR NINETY-THREE DIFFERENT FORMS

ALSO

GIVING THOROUGHGOING INFLECTION AND ARTICULATING EXERCISES, RULES FOR AUDIBLE SYLLABICATION AND THE LOGICAL NOTATION OF THE SOUNDS



PEOBLA, LL.



United States of America Copyright, 1918 By CHARLES T. LUTHY

International Copyright Union COPYRIGHT, 1918 AT LONDON, ENGLAND

All rights reserved
INCLUDING
PAN-ALEBRICAN COPTRIGHT UNION

MADE IN
The United States of America

PRODUCTS, N. T.

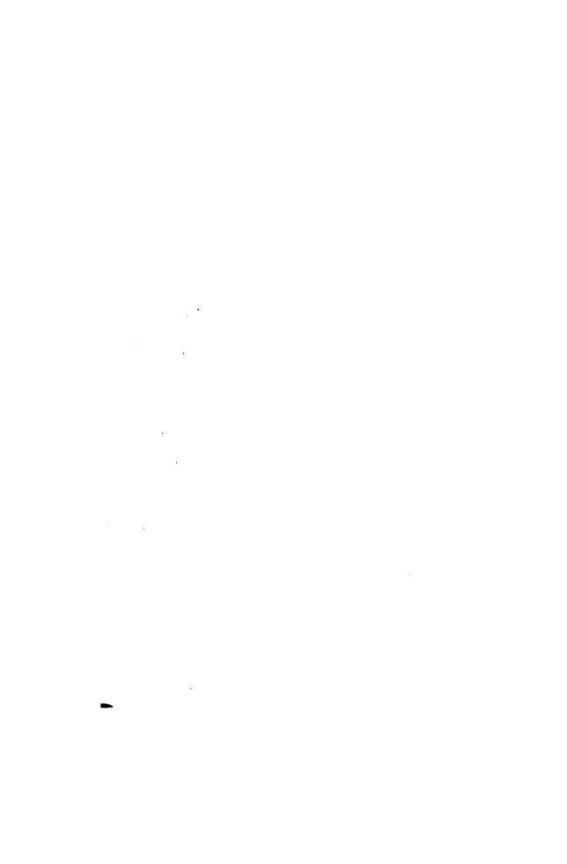
TO THE MEMORY

OF HOS

Beloved Parents

PROM WHOM HE HAS INHERITED WHATEVER ORIGINALITY, ANALYTIC POWERS, AND LINGUISTIC APTITUDE HE POS-SESSES, THIS LITTLE TREATISE, THAT HAS BEEN PRO-DUCED WITH MUCH THOUGHT, IS GRATEFULLY DEDICATED

BY THE AUTHOR



PREFACE

THE world needs a correct analysis of the human speech sounds. One can hardly believe that, in this age of the wireless, of aërial navigation, and of electricity, the human speech sounds are not scientifically understood. Yet such is the case. Not even the number of different sounds in the English language has been determined.

Five English dictionaries, in their keys to the pronunciation, contain the following numbers of different sounds in the language, viz.: Webster's New International, 64 sounds—31 vowels and 33 consonants; the Standard, 49 sounds—31 vowels and 18 consonants; the Century — sounds—32 vowels and — consonants; Worcester's, 55 sounds—35 vowels and 20 consonants; and the Oxford dictionary, 99 sounds—65 vowels and 34 consonants;—thus varying from 49 to 99 sounds. And A. J. Ellis, the great English phonetician, gives 273 different sounds in actual use in English pronunciation.

In the examination of works on phonetics in the Congressional, the New York, and the Boston libraries, the author has not found a single work but what omits sounds, but what confuses sounds, and but what adds spurious sounds. Neither does a single work scientifically trace their evolution from the fundamental sounds through all their series, classes, kinds and forms to the limit of audible distinction or

establish the physiologically correct pronunciation of the sounds. And yet, until such investigation is made, the Universal Alphabet, for which the world is groping, cannot be logically evolved; the simplification of English spelling that has baffled the ingenuity of great learned societies of both hemispheres for many years cannot be scientifically undertaken; dictionaries can neither intelligently explain nor systematically exemplify the correct pronunciation of the sounds; and schools cannot correctly teach their pronunciation either to our native population or to the vast number of foreigners that land on our abores annually, and that must be assimilated.

CHAS. T. LUTHY.

NEW YORK CITY, July 21, 1917.

INTRODUCTION

THE HUMAN SPEECH SOUNDS

Man is at the head of terrestrial creation. His mind, his power of thinking, is the acme of evolutionary development, and, as the body is the instrument of and corresponds to the mind, organs of speech have developed in man for the purpose of expressing his thought outwardly and communicating it audibly to his kind.

Audible communication consists of speech; speech consists of words; and words consist of sounds. As speech is given man for the purpose of communicating his thoughts to his kind—to all his kind—to enable him to do so intelligently, mankind has organs of speech that are alike, and that utter sounds that are alike.

Therefore, the utterance, that is, the pronunciation, of the speech sounds has been as unchangeable, throughout the ages, as are man's lips, teeth, gums, etc.,—the organs that produce them. Noah, Solomon and Paul; Homer, Shakespeare and Hugo; Johnson, Webster and Worcester;—if their organs of speech were normal, and they formed the sounds organically correctly, uttered the respective sounds alike. That human voices are alike is confirmed in human anatomy; in that every voice, male and female, changes register at F; and in that English missionaries learn all languages and all nations learn English.