THE PRINCIPLES OF ANIMAL AND VEGETABLE PHYSIOLOGY: A POPULAR TREATISE ON THE FUNCTIONS AND PHENOMENA OF ORGANIC LIFE. TO WHICH IS PREFIXED A GENERAL VIEW OF THE GREAT DEPARTMENTS OF HUMAN KNOWLEDGE

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J. STEVENSON BUSHNAN

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J. STEVENSON BUSHNAN, M.D.,
PRINCIAN TO THE METROPOLITAN PRES BOSPITAL, ETC. ETC.

WITH ONE HUNDRED AND TWO ILLUSTRATIONS ON WOOD.

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PUBLISHERS' ADVERTISEMENT.

THE present volume has just been issued in London as one of a series of Treatises published under the general title of "Orr's Circle of the Sciences." The editor of the series, and author of this volume, is Dr. Bushnan, whose name, in connection with those of Owen, Ansted, Latham, and other contributors to the enterprise, carries with it the guarantee that however simple the work may be in form and popular in style, yet that its facts are strictly in accordance with the latest scientific investigations, and that nothing has been omitted which should find place in a manual destined for the general reader or the academical student.

The views which have actuated the author may be found in the following extracts from the English Preface:

"In the Introductory Treatise to this Volume, an attempt has been made to expound, in brief and lucid terms, the general nature, relations, and applications of all the chief departments of Human Knowledge, in order to give the Reader, not specially trained in Science, a general view of the vast field of inquiry which the Creator has laid open to the lawful exercise of the human intellect. Thus the Student has been led, in the first instance, and it is hoped by no rugged or precipitous ascent, to the summit of an eminence

whence he may take a survey of the various departments of knowledge, and of the principles which ought to guide him in the pursuit and application of the several Sciences.

"In the Treatise on the Physiology of Animal and Vegetable Life, the duties or functions of the organs in the living bodies of plants and animals are defined and classified; and the results of a complete analysis of the constituents of these organs are given, after they have been reduced by the anatomist to their component textures, and by the chemist to their proximate and ultimate elements. The principal modifications of the functions are traced through the different classes of animals, and the leading phenomena of the development of the germ and embryo, in both the divisions of the organic world, are described. The endeavour of the Author has been to compress into the compass assigned to each essay an outline of the chief characteristics of life in the two great departments of Organic Nature, a statement of the relations of Plants and Animals to each other, and an account of their common dependence on the mineral or inorganic world."

CONTENTS.

ON THE NATURE, CONNECTION, AND USES OF THE GREAT DEPARTMENTS OF HUMAN KNOWLEDGE.

	PAGE
On Science in general, and the prominent Groups of Knowledge	13
Geometry	16
Evidence of Mathematical Truth intuitive	18
Objects of Mathematical Truth	18
On Magnitudes	18
The Messure of Curvilinear Magnitudes by Rectilinear	19
On Number, Mathematical Evidence, and Logarithms	21
Proportion	22
Measurement of inaccessible Heights	22
Trigonometry	24
The Laws of Motion	25
Difference between Mathematical and Physical Laws	27
The Balance	27
Law of Gravitation	28
Attraction of Matter	29
Momentum and Velocity	80
Physics	81
The Electric Sciences	81
Chemistry an Inductive Science	82
Relation of Art to Chemistry	88
Objects of Physiology	34
Psychological Science essential to Precision of Language	86
Statistics	86
Natural History	87
Mineralogy	87
Utility of Zoological Knowledge, and of Botany88	-41
On the Lessons taught by Geology	42
The Arrangement and the Uses of Knowledge	43
Education destroys Delusion	45
Popular Errors	45
Ignorance of Natural Laws	45
Statistic Fallacies	46
On False Induction	47
Industrial Education	48
Opinions and Principles	51
1* (v)	

ON THE PHYSIOLOGY OF ANIMAL AND VEGETABLE LIFE.

and the second s	AGE
Order in Physiology	57
Inert Matter distinguished from Organic	58
Plants distinguished from Animals	59
Vegetative Functions	60
Assimilative Organs	62
ELEMENTS OF ORGANIC BODIES	66
Properties of Oxygen	67
Nitrogen—Hydrogen—Carbon	69
Chlorine—Iodine	70
Bromine—Fluorine—Sulphur—Phosphorus	70
Silicon	71
Potassium—Sodium—Calcium—Magnesium	72
Iron—Manganese—Albumen	73
Fibrine—Caseine	74
Gelatine-Chondrine-Horny Matter-Hematosine	74
Globuline—Kreatine—Urea—Uric Acid	76
Hippuric Acid—Oil, or Fat	75
Starch-Gum, Lignine	76
The chief Component Textures of Organic Bodies	76
The Muscular Texture	77
Contractility—Tonicity	, 79
Nervous Texture	80
Structure of Nerves	81
Areolar Tissue, Membranes, &c	82
The Blood in the Red-blooded Animals	86
The Corpuscles of the Blood in different Animals90	, 91
Salts of the Blood, Waste and Repair	93
Lymnh	94
CIRCULATION OF THE BLOOD in different Animals	97
Renovation of the Blood by Chyle, &c	104
The Bile	110
Pancreatic Liquor—Purification of the Blood	111
The Liver	111
The Lungs and Respiration	118
Mechanism of Respiration	114
Respiration in Birds, Fishes, Reptiles, and Insects	115
The Kidney	119
Sap of Vegetables	121
Food of Plants-Of Reproduction	128
Structure and Development of the Egg	124
Reproduction in the Vegetable Kingdom	127
Germination	129
LOCOMOTION OF ANIMALS	180
The Nautilus	
Insects	
Fishes.	
Reptiles	
Birds	
Mammals	
Flight of Bate	
	141

CONTENTS.

CARTOSINO DE PROCESSA CONO E ANTONIO CARROLLA DE CO	PAGE
SENSES of Animals—The SMELL	
Acute Smell in Fishes	144
Smell in Reptiles, Birds, and Mammiferous Animals	
The Sight	
The Poulp	146
Eyes of Insects-Of the Bee	147
Of Fishes and Reptiles	148
Of Birds	150
Of the Whale	
HEARING	
Of Insects	
Of Fishes and Reptiles	
Of Birds and Mammalia	
Use of the External Ear	
TASTE-Of the Lower Animals	
The Instrument of Taste	155
The Tongue in many Animals a Sucking Tube	155
Торен	155
Antennæ of Insects	
The Touch of Fishes	157
Of Reptiles, Birds, and Mammiferous Animals	
Consciousness	159
Sensation the Link between Mind and Matter	159
Reason a Collective Power	161
Instinct	168
Thought a vague term	165
Education the Controller of Thought	
Voice and the Sources of Sound	
Sound and the Vibrations of Air	
Musical Sounds	
Organs of Voice and Speech in Man	178
Structure of the Windpipe	174
Basement Ring of the Larynx	175
Adam's Apple	176
The Muscles of the Larynx	179
On the Human Voice	181
Different Theories of Voice	
The received Theory	
Experiments on the dead Larynx	100
Objections to the Theory of Voice	100
Sound Produced by Animal Membranes even when relaxed	100
Singing—Compass of the Voice	100
The Human Larynx	101
Nasal Intonation.	105
Whistling	
Speech	194
Representation of Sounds by Symbols	105
Conversion of Voice into Vowel Sounds	198
Sounds of Consonants	197
Ventriloquism	198
Stammering	199
On Teaching the Dumb to articulate	200
Company the Dumb to articulate	200

CONTENTS.

uras as an anna ann an ann ann ann ann ann	PAGE
Voice of Mammals	201
Voice of Ruminants and Pachydermata	202
Larynx of different Animals	208
Roar of the Lion	
Voice of Apes, Monkeys, and Birds	
Larynx and Windpipe in Birds	
The Thrush, Blackbird, Nightingale, Linnet, Goldfinch, Canary, &c 211	_915
Voice of Reptiles	
Hissing of Serpents and Croaking of Frogs	210
Sound produced by Fishes	
Burring of Insects	
The Blue-bottle—The Humble Bee	217
Application of Physiology	218
Transition of Inert into Organic Substances	218
On the Continuance of Species	219
On the Continual Renewal of Soil	
Necessity for sanitary Legislation	228
Individual in Chemistry and in Physiology	224
Evidences of Design in Physiology	226
Inquiry natural to Man	
Physiology a Hymn in Praise of God	