CHAUCER'S TRANSLATION OF BOETHIUS'S "DE CONSOLATIONE PHILOSOPHIAE". EARLY ENGLISH TEXT SOCIETY, EXTRA SERIES, NO. V, 1868. THE ROMANCE OF CHENELERE ASSIGNE

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RICHARD MORRIS & GEOFFREY CHAUCER & HENRY H. GIBBS

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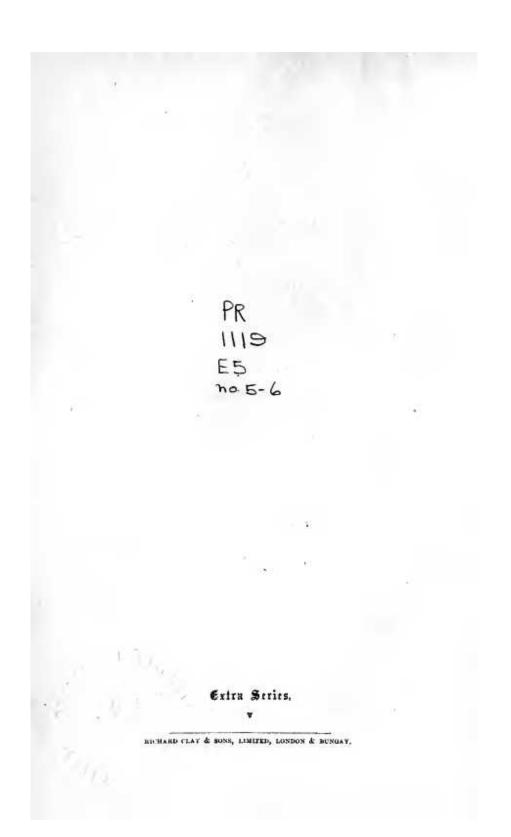
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INTRODUCTION.

WHEN master hands like those of Gibbon and Hallam have skotched the life of *Boethius*, it is well that no meaner man should attempt to mar their pictures. They drew, perhaps, the most touching scene in Middle-age literary history,—the just man in prison, awaiting death, consoled by the Philosophy that had been his light in life, and handing down to posterity for their comfort and strength the presence of her whose silver rays had been his guide as well under the stars of Fortune as the mirk of Fate. With Milton in his dark days, Boece in prison could say,—

> 'I argue not Against Heaven's hand or will, nor bate a jot Of heart or hope; but still bear up and steer Right onward. What supports me, dost thou ask? The conscience, friend, to have lost them overplied In liberty's defence, my noble task, Of which all Europe rings from side to side.'

For, indeed, the echoes of Boethius, Boethius, rang out loud from every corner of European Literature. An Alfred awoke them in England, a Chaucer, a Caxton would not let them die; an Elizabeth revived them among the glorious music of her roign.¹ To us, though far off, they come with a sweet sound. 'The angelic' Thomas Aquinas commented on him, and many others followed the saint's steps. Dante read him, though, strange to say, he speaks of the

¹ Other translations are by John Walton of Osney, in verse, in 1410 (Reg. MS, 18, A 13), first printed at Tavistock in 1525, and to be edited some time or other for the E, E, T, S, An anonymous prose version in the Bodleian. George Coluile, alias Coldewel, 1556; J. T. 1609; H. Conningesbye, 1664; Lord Preston, 1695, 1712; W. Causton, 1730; Redpath, 1785; R. Duncan, 1789; anon. 1792 (Lowndes).

INTRODUCTION.

Consolation as 'a book not known by many.'¹ Belgium had her translations—both Flemish² and French³; Germany hers,⁴ France hers,⁵ Italy hers.⁶ The Latin editors are too numerous to be catalogued here, and manuscripts abound in all our great libraries.

No philosopher was so bone of the bone and flesh of the flesh of Middle-age writers as Boethius. Take up what writer you will, and you find not only the sentiments, but the very words of the distinguished old Roman. And surely we who read him in Chaucer's tongue, will not refuse to say that his full-circling meed of glory was other than deserved. Nor can we marvel that at the end of our great poet's life, he was glad that he had swelled the chorus of Boethius' praise; and 'of the translacioun of Boece de Consolacioun,' thanked 'oure Lord Ihesu Crist and his moder, and alle the seintes in heuen.'

The impression made by Boethius on Chaucer was evidently very deep. Not only did he translate him directly, as in the present work, but he read his beloved original over and over again, as witness the following list, incomplete of course, of passages from Chaucer's poems translated more or less literally from the *De Con*solatione:

I. LOVE.

Wost thou nat wel the olde elerkes sawe, That who schal yeve a lover eny lawe, Love is a grettere lawe, by my pan, Then may be yeve to (of) eny erthly man?

(Knightes Tale, Aldine Series, vol. ii. p. 36, 37.)

But what is he pat may zeue a lawe to loueres. loue is a gretter lawe and a strengere to hym self pan any lawe pat men may zeuen.

(Chaucer's Prose Translation, p. 108.)

Quis legem det amantibus ? Major lex amor est sibi,--(Boeth., lib. iii, met. 12.)

¹ Dante, in his Convito, says, "Misimi a legger quello non conosciuto da molti libro di Boezio, nel quale captivo e discacciato consolato s'avea."

² Printed at Ghent, 1485.

* By Reynier de Seinct Trudon, printed at Bruges, 1477.

* An old version of the 11th cent., printed by Graff, and a modern one printed at Nuremberg, 1473.

^a By Jean de Méung, printed at Paris, 1494.

* By Varchi, printed at Florence, 1551; Parma, 1798.

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INTRODUCTION.

IL. A DRUNKEN MAN.

A dronke man wot wel he hath an hous, But he not¹ which the righte wey is thider.

(Knightes Tale, vol. ii. p. 39.)

Ryzt as a dronke man not nat² by whiche pape he may retourne home to hys house.—(Chaucer's Trans., p. 67.)

Sed velut ebrius, domum quo tramite revertatur, ignorat.

(Boeth., lib. iii. pr. 2.)

III. THE CHAIN OF LOVE.

The firste moevere of the cause above, Whan he first made the fayre cheyne of love, Gret was theffect, and heigh was his entente; Wel wist he why, and what therof he mente; For with that faire cheyne of love he bond The fyr, the watir, the eyr, and eek the lond In certeyn boundes, that they may not flee.

(Knightes Tale, p. 92.)

That be world with stable feith / varieth acordable chaungynges // bat the contraryos qualite of element; holden amonge hem self aliaunce perdurable / pat phebus the sonne with his goldene chariet / bryngeth forth the rosene day / pat the mone hath commaundement ouer the nyhtes // whiche nyhtes hesperus the eue sterre hat[h] browt // hat he se gredy to flowen constreyneth with a certeyn ende hise floodes / so bat it is nat l[e]ueful to strechche hise brode termes or bowndes vp-on the erthes // bat is to seyn to couere alle the erthe // Al this a-cordaunce of thinges is bownden with looue / pat gouerneth erthe and see / and [he] hath also commaundement; to the heuenes / and yif this looue slakede the brydelis / alle thinges pat now louen hem to-gederes / wolden maken a batayle contynuely and stryuen to fordoon the fasoun of this worlde / the which they now leden in acordable feith by fayre mocuynges // this looue halt to-gideres poeples / ioygned with an hooly bond / and knytteth sacrement of maryages of chaste looues // And loue enditeth lawes to trewe felawes // O weleful weere mankynde / yif thilke loue pat gouerneth heuene gouerned yowre corages /.- (Chaucer's Boethius, bk. ii. mct. 8.)

> Quod mundus stabili fide Concordes variat vices, Quod pugnantia semina Fœdus perpetuum tenent, Quod Phœbus roseum diem Curru provehit aureo, Ut quas duxerit Hesperus

¹ The Harl, MS, reads not nat, to the confusion of the metre.

² = ne wot nat = knows not.