A COLLECTION OF POETRY FOR THE PRACTICE OF ELOCUTION, MADE FOR THE USE OF THE LADIES AT THE COLLEGE IN BEDFORD SQUARE, LONDON

Published @ 2017 Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd

ISBN 9780649524754

A Collection of Poetry for the Practice of Elocution, Made for the Use of the Ladies at the College in Bedford Square, London by F. W. Newman

Except for use in any review, the reproduction or utilisation of this work in whole or in part in any form by any electronic, mechanical or other means, now known or hereafter invented, including xerography, photocopying and recording, or in any information storage or retrieval system, is forbidden without the permission of the publisher, Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd, PO Box 1576 Collingwood, Victoria 3066 Australia.

All rights reserved.

Edited by Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd. Cover @ 2017

This book is sold subject to the condition that it shall not, by way of trade or otherwise, be lent, re-sold, hired out, or otherwise circulated without the publisher's prior consent in any form or binding or cover other than that in which it is published and without a similar condition including this condition being imposed on the subsequent purchaser.

www.triestepublishing.com

F. W. NEWMAN

A COLLECTION OF POETRY FOR THE PRACTICE OF ELOCUTION, MADE FOR THE USE OF THE LADIES AT THE COLLEGE IN BEDFORD SQUARE, LONDON



COLLECTION OF POETRY

POR THE

Practice of Clocution.

MADE FOR THE USE OF THE LADIES AT THE COLLEGE IN BEDFORD SQUARE, LONDON.



TAYLOR, WALTON, AND MABERLY,
UPPER GOWER STREET, AND IVY LANE, PATRENOSTER ROW.

1850.

LONDON

GEORGE WOODPALL AND SON,

AMERICANNA STREET.

PREFACE.

No effort has been made to arrange the following pieces of poetry according to their subjects, their form, or their era. Facility of Elecution alone has been regarded, and the only endeavour has been to delay towards the latter part of the volume the more difficult pieces. Otherwise, the greater the variety, the less tedious to the pupil.

The inflections of the voice to be principally regarded are four; namely,—

- The extreme falling inflection,—as, at the absolute end of a subject.
- The half-falling inflection,—which is used at a colon, when the grammar is complete and yet the thought is incomplete. This may be understood by an example. "Be wise to-ddy: 'tis madness to defer."

Here to-day should be so sounded as to make the hearer supply "not to-morrow." The voice must fall, but be caught up before it reaches its deepest point.

8. The extreme rising inflection. It is distinctly heard, when a question is put which involves an alternative; as: "Is it white! or black?" This inflection is generally appropriate, in the middle of a complicated sentence which has one principal verb, immediately before that verb.

The half-rising (or penultimate) inflection.
 This prepares the ear for a final close. I cannot farther describe it.

Poetry is more important than Prose as practice to a reader, because it develops power, by reason of the variety of passions expressed: and it better teaches to manage the breath. Musical time in the accents is less and less important the more oratorical the poetry becomes: it is most important when the poetry is most song-like. As a peculiar exercise in musical time, one eccentric translation from Horace has been admitted.

It has not been thought expedient to print any exercises in Prose; nor indeed any passages from the Paradise Lost, since the entire poem is so accessible.

F. W. NEWMAN.

ERRATUM.

Page 2, line 2, for But read That

ti

COLLECTION OF POETRY.

From the First Page of a Lady's Album.

I am a harp of many chords, and each
Strung by a separate hand. Most musical
My notes, discoursing with the mental sense,
Not the outward ear. Try them: for they bespeak
Mild Wisdom, graceful Wit, and highwrought Taste,
Fancy and Hope and decent Gaiety.

—Come, add a string to my assort of sounds;
Widen the compass of my harmony:
And join thyself in fellowship of name
With those, whose courteons labour and fair gifts
Have given me voice, and made me what I am.

(N. J. H.)

PASTORAL SONG.

Come Anna, come! the morning dawns;
Faint streaks of radiance tinge the skies.
Come, let us seek the dewy lawns,
And watch the early lark arise:
While Nature, clad in vesture gay,
Hails the lov'd return of day.

Our flocks, that nip the scanty blade
Upon the moor, shall seek the vale;
And then, secure beneath the shade,
We'll listen to the throstle's tale,
And watch the silver clouds above,
As o'er the azure vault they move.

Come, Anna, come! and bring thy lute, But with its tones, so softly sweet, In cadence with my mellow flute, We may beguile the noontide heat, While, near, the mellow bee shall join, To raise a harmony divine.

And then at eve, when silence reigns,
Except when heard the beetle's hum,
We 'll leave the sober-tinted plains;
To these sweet heights again we 'll come;
And thou on thy soft lute shalt play
A solemn vesper to departing day.

(KIRKE WHITE.)

NATIONAL PEACE RESTORED.

Now is the winter of our discontent
Made glorious summer by this sun of York;
And all the clouds that lour'd upon our house
In the deep bosom of the Ocean buried.
Now are our brows bound with victorious wreaths,
Our bruised arms hung up as monuments,
Our stern alarums chang'd to merry meetings,
Our dreadful marches to delightful measures.
Grim-visag'd War hath smooth'd his wrinkled front;
And now,—instead of mounting barbèd steeds,
To fright the souls of feerful adversaries,—
He capers nimbly in a lady's chamber
To the voluptuous pleasing of a lute.

(Shakappare)

STILL MIDNIGHT.

(From the "Siege of Corinth.")

Tss midnight. On the mountains brown The cold round moon shines deeply down. Blue roll the waters; blue the sky Spreads like an ocean hung on high,