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CHAUTAUQUA LIBRARY

OF

ENGLISH HISTORY

AND

LITERATURE.

VOL. III.
THE WARS OF THE ROSES.

" Literature is the thought of thinking souls,"-CARLYLE.

NEW YORK:
PHILLIPS & HUNT.

CINCINNATI:
WALDEN & STOWE.

1881.

[&]quot;In history a great volume is unrolled for our instruction, drawing the materials of future wisdom from the errors and infirmities of mankind."—BURKE.

- of Somets

PREFACE.

For the period of English history treated in this volume we are fortunate in possessing an unrivaled interpreter in our great dramatic poet, Shakespeare.* A regular sequence of historical plays exhibit to us not only the general character of each successive reign, but nearly the whole chain of leading events, from the days of Richard II. to the death of Richard III. at Bosworth. Following the guidance of such a master mind, we realize for ourselves the men and actions of the period in a way we cannot do in any other epoch. And this is the more important, as the age itself, especially toward the close, is one of the most obscure in English history. During the period of the Wars of the Roses, we have, comparatively speaking, very few contemporary narratives of what took place, and any thing like a general history of the times was not written till a much later date. - But the doings of that stormy age -the sad calamities endured by kings-the sudden changes of fortune in great men-the glitter of chivalry and the horrors of civil war-all left a deep impression upon the mind of the nation, which was kept alive by vivid traditions of the past at the time that our great dramatist wrote. Hence, notwithstanding the scantiness of records and the meagerness of ancient chronicles, we have singularly little difficulty in understanding the spirit and character of the times .- GAIRDNER.

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^{*}Many of the passages in the historical plays of Shakespeare which illustrate the text of the present volume are referred to in the notes, and a few are themselves transcribed.

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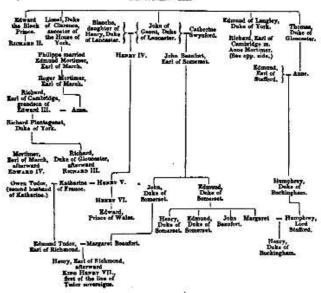
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AND MARGARET BEAUPORT.

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ENGLISH HISTORY AND LITERATURE.

THE WARS OF THE ROSES.

INTRODUCTION.

THE PREVIOUS REIGN.

The reign of Edward III. may be considered the climax of medizival civilization and of England's early greatness. It is the age in which chivalry attained its highest perfection. It is the period of the most brilliant achievements in war, and of the greatest development of arts and commerce before the Reformation. It was succeeded by an age of decay and disorder, in the midst of which, for one brief interval, the glories of the days of King Edward were renewed; for the rest, all was sedition, anarchy, and civil war. Two different branches of the royal family set up rival pretensions to the throne; and the struggle, as it went on, eugendered acts of violence and ferocity which destroyed all faith in the stability of government.—Gairdner.

THE WARS OF THE ROSES.

There is no part of English history since the conquest so obscure, so uncertain, so little authentic or consistent, as that of the wars between the Two Roses. Historians differ about many material circumstances; some events of the utmost consequence, in which they almost all agree, are incredible and contradicted by records;