# MEMOIRS OF THE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF ENGLAND AND WALES. THE GEOLOGY OF THE COUNTRY BETWEEN WHITBY AND SCARBOROUGH

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Memoirs of the Geological Survey of England and Wales. The Geology of the country between Whitby and Scarborough by C. Fox-Strangways & G. Barrow

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# C. FOX-STRANGWAYS & G. BARROW

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## ENGLAND AND WALES.

#### THE GEOLOGY OF THE

# COUNTRY BETWEEN WHITBY AND SCARBOROUGH.

(EXPLANATION OF QUARTER SHEET 95 N.W.)

BY

C. FOX-STRANGWAYS, F.G.S., AND G. BARROW, F.G.S.

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#### PREFACE.

THE north-eastern parts of Yorkshire, with their admirably clear coast-sections of the Jurassic rocks, have been classic ground to the geologist since the first general sketch of their structure was published in 1815 by William Smith. From that date down to the present time they have been the subject of a voluminous literature. Smith himself elaborated his first outlines, and published a more detailed map of Yorkshire (1821). Shortly afterwards came the "Geological Survey of the Yorkshire Coast" by Young and Bird (1822), followed a few years later by Phillips' "Geology of the Yorkshire Coast" (1829). Of the numerous fossil mollusca obtained by various collectors from these shores, figures and descriptions continued to appear in Sowerby's " Mineral Conchology" (1812-1829), and furnished the first basis for palæontological comparison. The more recent contributions are too numerous to find even mention here. But reference may be made to the important labours of Blake, Davidson, Hudleston, Leckenby, Lycett, Morris, Simpson, Tate, Williamson, Wright, and others.\*

The Maps, Sections, and Memoir, now published by the Geological Survey from original observation, afford some measure of the advance made in geological mapping since Smith's first masterly outlines were published, sixty-seven years ago. From the manner in which the Jurassic rocks of Yorkshire, as exposed on the coast line and in the interior, can be subdivided and traced, they present an admirable area for the study of geological structure and the relations of this structure to the forms of the ground. The quarter-sheet of which the following chapters are an explanation affords ample material for the prosecution of this Regarding the interesting estuarine character of the Lower Oolites, already discussed in previously published Memoirs (95 S.W. and S.E. and 96 S.E.), further information is here given, the whole series of strata being well developed in the district, and the marine bands being specially distinct. From an economic point of view much importance attaches to the ironstones of the Middle Lias. These are briefly referred to here, but fuller information regarding them will be given in the Memoir descriptive of the typical Cleveland district where the ironstone is so largely developed (Sheet 104 S.W. and S.E.)

9th October 1882.

ARCH. GEIKIE, Director General.

<sup>&</sup>quot;Full references to the literature of the subject will be given in a subsequent more general Memoir. It may be mentioned here that a list of published writings on the Geology of Yorkshire up to 1873 was appended by Mr. Whitaker to the 3rd Edition of Phillips' "Geology of the Yorkshire Coast" (1875), and that this List has been supplemented by Mr. J. W. Davis in the Proceedings of the Yorkshire Geol. and Polytech. Soc., N. S., vol. vi., pp. 198, 318, and vol. vii., pp. 97, 212, 319, 453.

#### NOTICE.

The survey of the area described in the following Memoir was conducted under the superintendence of Mr. H. H. Howell, District Surveyor. Mr. Strangways surveyed part of the Oolitic district; Mr. Barrow surveyed the Lias and part of the Oolites.

Mr. Barrow describes the Lias, the Oolites to the top of the Lower Estuarine Series, and the Whinstone Dyke. The Cornbrash and all the later Oolites are described by Mr. Strangways. The rest of the work is written by both authors jointly. The Lists of Fossils have been revised by Mr. Etheridge.

Eight of the corresponding six-inch maps of Yorkshire, wholly or partly comprised in this Quarter Sheet (95 N.W.; Sheet 44, New Series, of the Ordnance Survey), are published by the Geological Survey, viz.:—Sheets 32, 33, 46, 47, 62, 77, and 78. Sheets 61 and 76 are not intended for publication, but MS. coloured copies are deposited in the Office for reference. Sheet 67 of Vertical Sections illustrates the Lower and Middle Oolites of the Yorkshire Coast. Horizontal Section, Sheet 130, is engraving; others are in course of preparation.

H. W. BRISTOW, Senior Director.

Geological Survey Office, 28, Jermyn Street, London, S.W., 9th August 1882.

#### THE GEOLOGY

OF

#### THE OOLITIC AND LIASSIC ROCKS

BETWEEN WHITBY AND SCARBOROUGH.

#### CHAPTER L

#### INTRODUCTION.

It is intended in this pamphlet to describe the geology of that part of the moorlands and seacoast lying between Whitby and Scarborough.

The map, although covering a land area of not more than about 88 square miles, includes some of the most interesting parts of East Yorkshire.

The only town of any importance is Scarborough, the south edge of the map just crossing the northern part of the town. There are, however, several villages of considerable size, the principal being Hackness, Scalby, Cloughton, and Burniston, in the neighbourhood of Scarborough; and Robin Hood's Bay, Fyling Thorpe, Aislaby, Sleights, and Sneaton, near Whitby.

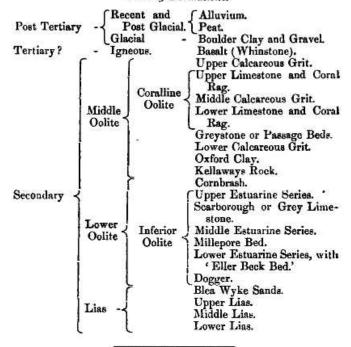
The greater part of the area is wild moorland; but the numerous intersecting valleys are generally brought into cultivation, and are covered with small farms.

The principal rivers are the Derwent and the Esk. The former of these takes its rise in these moors, and flows south through the picturesque gorges of the Oolites to join the Humber; the latter, with its tributaries, flowing north and east to the sea at Whitby. The rest of the drainage of this district is carried on by the small becks which run down to the coast at Hayburn Wyke and Robin Hood's Bay. There is also an artificial branch to the Derwent, which takes the flood-water of that river, and, draining the low country near Scalby and Burniston, enters the sea at Scalby Ness.

The watershed dividing the drainage of the Derwent from that of the Eek rises to a height of 978 feet above the sea at Lilla Cross.

The rocks coming to the surface in this map comprise the whole series of the Middle and Lower Oolites as they occur in Yorkshire, and descend to beds well down in the Lower Lias. The following are the geological formations which occur in the district:—

#### Table of Formations.



#### CHAPTER II.

#### LIAS.

Lower Lias.—In the district embraced by Sheet 95 N.W. the Lower Lias consists of a mass of dark argillaceous shales, slightly sandy, with hard marly bands in the lower part. It may be roughly divided on lithological and paleontological grounds into two parts, each of which may be subdivided into two zones or regions characterised by a distinct fauna. The only section which exposes any considerable portion of these beds is that in the cliffs and scars of Robin Hood's Bay. The following table is a summary of the rocks there seen:

B. Soft shales with rows of ironstone doggers:

A. capricornus; Gryphæa obliquata. (Zone of A. capricornus)

gers and pyritous nodules, 320 ft.

(a.) Soft shales with rows of ironstone doggers:

A. capricornus; Gryphæa obliquata. (Zone of A. Jamesoni, Gryphæa obliquata, Pinna folium. (Zone of A. Jamesoni.)

<sup>\*</sup> This and all succeeding tables and sections are arranged in descending order.

A. Soft shales with a succession of sandy andmarly bands, 140 ft.

(b.) Shales with hard sandy bands, the upper (a.) Shales with hard sainty bands, or applied incurve in scattered groups of 5 or 6; Ammonites abundant. (Zone of A. oxynotus.)

(a.) Shales with marly calcareous bands, generally

very shelly: Grypkaa incurva; Hippopodium ponderosum occurring in bands; Ammonites semicostatus. (Zone of A. Bucklandi.)

A. (a.) These beds, which form the zone of A. Bucklandi of Tate and Blake, are only seen at low water, forming the series of outer scars in the bay, dipping in a direction at right angles to the coast line. The average dip is about 4°, and as the breadth of the outcrop is about 300 yards the thickness of rock exposed is about 60 feet, consisting of rather soft grey shales with harder sandy and somewhat calcareous bands interspersed. Near the shore A. Turneri is the predominant form, often accompanied by layers of Hippopodium ponderosum, whilst A. semicostatus is abundant on the further scars, A. Bucklandi being also found occasionally.

These scars are often so covered with weed that it is impossible to examine them, but at the end of a hot summer the weed dies and is washed away, so that the scars can be best studied in September and October. As, however, they are only exposed for any distance seaward at low spring tides, they are never very easily investigated. The following is a list of the chief fossils

found here :-

Gryphæa arcuata, Lam. Lima Hettangiensis, Terq. Monotis inæquivalvis, Sow. Pecten calvus, Goldf. - Thiollierei, Dumort. - textorius, Schloth. Perna infraliassica, Quenst. Cardinia hybrida, Stutch. Protocardium oxynoti, Quenst. Hippopodium ponderosum, Sow. Leda galathea, D'Orb. Renevieri, Opp. Lucina limbata, T. and P. Modiola lævis, Sow. Nucula navis, Piette. Pholadomya glabra, Ag. Chemnitzia trivia, Tate. Cerithium, sp. Dentalium Étalense, Terg. and P. Ammonites Bucklandi, Sow. - semicostatus, Y. and B. - Turneri, Sow. Belemnites acutus, Miller.

<sup>\*</sup> The Yorkshire Lias, by Ralph Tate and J. F. Blake. 8vo, Lond., 1876.