

**OHASE & STUART'S CLASSICAL
SERIES. A FIRST LATIN BOOK:
WITH EXERCISES ON THE
INFLECTIONS AND THE PRINCIPAL
RULES OF SYNTAXI**

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Ohase & Stuart's Classical Series. A First Latin Book: With Exercises on the Inflections and the Principal Rules of Syntaxi by George Stuart

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GEORGE STUART

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CHASE & STUART'S CLASSICAL SERIES.

A

FIRST LATIN BOOK.

WITH

EXERCISES ON THE INFLECTIONS AND THE
PRINCIPAL RULES OF SYNTAX.

ALSO

*SPECIAL AND GENERAL VOCABULARIES
AND NOTES.*

BY

GEORGE STUART, A.M.,

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MEMBER OF THE AMERICAN PHILOSOPHICAL SOCIETY.



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THIS book is intended to be complete in itself, and to give the beginner in Latin sufficient exercise in the inflections and the principal rules of syntax. Special vocabularies accompany the exercises, and complete vocabularies of all the words used in them are given at the end of the book.

The usual classification according to stems has been given, but the subject is not enforced. Some use has been made of the base, which, if less philosophical, is far more intelligible to young students.

In the syntax, it was deemed best to make no distinction between clauses of pure purpose and result and substantive clauses of the same character.

The quantity of all syllables not determined by the general rules of quantity is marked in the usual way.

It may be remarked that every Latin phrase or sentence in the book is either taken directly from a Latin author, or is based upon good classical usage.

The Latin Grammar and the Latin Reader of this series are designed to follow immediately the First Latin Book.

GEORGE STUART.

CENTRAL HIGH SCHOOL,
Philadelphia, May 31, 1882.





	PAGE
THE ALPHABET—PRONUNCIATION	7
SYLLABLES—GENERAL RULES OF QUANTITY	9
ACCENTUATION—GENDER—CASES	10
DECLENSION—THE STEM—FIRST DECLENSION—EXERCISES	11
SECOND DECLENSION—EXERCISES	18
THIRD DECLENSION—EXERCISES	15
FOURTH DECLENSION—EXERCISES	23
FIFTH DECLENSION—EXERCISES—COMPOUND NOUNS	24
DECLENSION OF ADJECTIVES—EXERCISES—COMPARISON— EXERCISES	26
NUMERALS	33
DECLENSION OF PRONOUNS—EXERCISES	37
VERBS—CONJUGATION OF SUM—EXERCISES	44
FIRST CONJUGATION—EXERCISES	49
SECOND CONJUGATION—EXERCISES	58
THIRD CONJUGATION—EXERCISES	65
FOURTH CONJUGATION—EXERCISES	76
DEPONENT VERBS	83
SEMI-DEPONENT VERBS—PERIPHRASTIC CONJUGATIONS	86
CONJUGATION OF IRREGULAR VERBS—EXERCISES	88

SYNTAX.

QUESTIONS—EXERCISES	100
AGREEMENT—ADJECTIVES, APPPOSITION, PREDICATE NOUNS, RELATIVE PRONOUNS, THE REFLEXIVES, EXERCISES	101
THE CASES—NOMINATIVE, VOCATIVE, ACCUSATIVE—EXERCISES	108

	PAGE
TWO ACCUSATIVES, ACCURATIVE OF TIME AND SPACE, TERMINAL ACCUSATIVE—EXERCISES	107
THE DATIVE—WITH ADJECTIVES, OF INDIRECT OBJECT, OF POSSESSOR, WITH COMPOUND VERBS, OF AGENT, TWO DATIVES—EXERCISES	111
THE GENITIVE—ADNOMINAL, PARTITIVE, OF QUALITY, WITH ADJECTIVES, AS PREDICATE, WITH VERBS—EXERCISES	118
THE ABLATIVE—OF CAUSE, ETC., WITH COMPARATIVES, OF TIME, OF QUALITY, OF VOLUNTARY AGENT, OF SPECIFICATION, OF SEPARATION, OF DEGREE OF DIFFERENCE, OF SOURCE, OF PRICE, ABSOLUTE, WITH VERBS, WITH OPUS AND USUS—EXERCISES	125
PLACE—WHERE, WHENCE, AND WHITHER—EXERCISES	138
THE INFINITIVE MOOD	140
INFINITIVE WITH SUBJECT ACCUSATIVE—TENES—EXERCISES	141
THE SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD—OPTATIVE SUBJUNCTIVE—EXERCISES	146
SEQUENCE OF TENES—SUBJUNCTIVE OF PURPOSE—EXERCISES	148
SUBJUNCTIVE OF PURPOSE WITH QUI—EXERCISES	150
SUBJUNCTIVE OF RESULT—EXERCISES	152
SUBJUNCTIVE OF INDIRECT QUESTION—EXERCISES	153
SUBJUNCTIVE WITH CUM TEMPORAL—EXERCISES	155
SUBJUNCTIVE WITH CUM CAUSAL AND CONCESSIVE—EXERCISES	157
SUBJUNCTIVE OF CAUSE WITH QUI—EXERCISES	158
SUBJUNCTIVE IN CONDITIONAL SENTENCES—EXERCISES	159
ORATIO OBLIQUA OR INDIRECT DISCOURSE—EXERCISES	161
THE GERUND—EXERCISES	163
THE GERUNDIVE—EXERCISES	164
THE SUPINES—EXERCISES	166
LATIN-ENGLISH VOCABULARY	169
ENGLISH-LATIN VOCABULARY	189



FIRST LATIN BOOK.



THE ALPHABET.

1. THE Latin alphabet is the same as the English, except that it has no W.

The vowels are *a, e, i, o, u, y*. The remaining letters are called consonants.

The mutes are *b, c, d, g, k, p, q, t*.

The liquids are *l, m, n, r*.

The diphthongs are *ae, oe, au, ei, eu, ui*.

Vowels may be long, short, or common; and are thus marked:

long,	<i>ā,</i>	<i>ē,</i>	<i>ī,</i>	<i>ō,</i>	<i>ū;</i>
short,	<i>ă,</i>	<i>ĕ,</i>	<i>ĭ,</i>	<i>ŏ,</i>	<i>ŭ;</i>
common,	<i>ã,</i>	<i>ẽ,</i>	<i>ĩ,</i>	<i>õ,</i>	<i>ũ.</i>

ã means that the *a* is sometimes long, and sometimes short.

PRONUNCIATION.

2. Three different methods of pronouncing Latin are in use in this country: the Roman or Phonetic, the Continental, and the English.

THE ROMAN METHOD.

3. By the Roman method the sound of each letter is always the same.