# UNIVERSAL HISTORY FROM THE CREATION OF THE WORLD TO THE BEGINNING OF THE EIGHTEENTH CENTURY. SIX YOLUMES. YOLUME THE SIXTH

Published @ 2017 Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd

### ISBN 9780649727636

Universal History from the Creation of the World to the Beginning of the Eighteenth Century. Six Volumes. Volume the Sixth by Alexander Fraser Tytler Woodhouselee

Except for use in any review, the reproduction or utilisation of this work in whole or in part in any form by any electronic, mechanical or other means, now known or hereafter invented, including xerography, photocopying and recording, or in any information storage or retrieval system, is forbidden without the permission of the publisher, Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd, PO Box 1576 Collingwood, Victoria 3066 Australia.

All rights reserved.

Edited by Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd. Cover @ 2017

This book is sold subject to the condition that it shall not, by way of trade or otherwise, be lent, re-sold, hired out, or otherwise circulated without the publisher's prior consent in any form or binding or cover other than that in which it is published and without a similar condition including this condition being imposed on the subsequent purchaser.

www.triestepublishing.com

# **ALEXANDER FRASER TYTLER WOODHOUSELEE**

# UNIVERSAL HISTORY FROM THE CREATION OF THE WORLD TO THE BEGINNING OF THE EIGHTEENTH CENTURY. SIX YOLUMES. YOLUME THE SIXTH



# UNIVERSAL HISTORY,

FROM THE

# Creation of the World

TO THE

BEGINNING OF THE EIGHTEENTH CENTURY.

BY

# THE LATE HON. ALEXANDER PRASER TYTLER, LORD WOODHOUSELEE,

SIX VOLUMES.

VOLUME THE SIXTH.

THE THIRD EDITION.

LONDON: JOHN MURRAY, ALBEMARLE STREET;

SOLD BY THOMAS TEGG, 73 CHEAPSIDE.

M DCCCXXXIX.

## CONTENTS.

## BOOK THE SIXTH.

### CHAPTER XXIV.

CHINA AND JAPAN:—Tartar Revolutions—Posterity of Gengis Khan finally maintain Possession of the Throne —Pretensions to Antiquity considered.—Page 1.

### CHAPTER XXV.

M. Bailly's Theory of the Origin of the Sciences among the Nations of Asia.—Page 27.

### CHAPTER XXVI.

REIGN OF PHILIP II. OF SPAIN—REVOLUTION OF THE
NETHERLANDS, AND ESTABLISHMENT OF THE REPUSLIC OF HOLLAND:—William of Nassau declared Stadtholder of the United Provinces—Philip acquires the
Sovereignty of Portugal—Schemes against England—
Defeat of the Armada—Death and Character of Philip II.
Page 44.

### CHAPTER XXVII.

STATE OF FRANCE IN THE END OF THE SIXTEENTH CEN-TURY:—Religious Contentions—Conspiracy of Amboise —Death of Francis II.—Charles IX.—Massacre of St. Bartholomew—Henry III.—League of Peronne—Assassination of Henry III.—Henry of Navarre abjures the Protestant Faith, and is crowned in 1594—State of France—Character of Henry IV.—His Assassination in 1610. —Page 65.

### CHAPTER XXVIII.

ENGLAND AND SCOTLAND IN THE REIGNS OF ELIZABETH,
AND MARY QUEEN OF SCOTS:—Personal Enmity of
Elizabeth and Mary—Reformation in Scotland—Regency of Mary of Guise—John Knox—Intervention of
England—Confession of Faith ratified by Parliament—
Mary arrives in Scotland—Artful Measures of Elizabeth
in Scotland—Murder of Rizzio—of Darnley—Forced
Abdication of Mary—James VI. proclaimed—Battle of
Langsyde—Mary imprisoned in England—Executed,
1587—Ambitious Schemes of the Earl of Essex—Death
and Character of Elizabeth.—Page 82.

### CHAPTER XXIX.

GREAT BRITAIN in the Reigns of James I. and Charles I.

—Accession of James VI. of Scotland to the Throne of
England—Change of popular Feeling on the Rights of
the Subject—Gunpowder Plot—His unworthy Favourites

—Pacific Reign—Death—Charles I.—Differences with
his first Parliament—Petition of Rights—Religious
Innovations attempted in England and Scotland augment the discontents—The National Covenant—Proceedings of Charles's last Parliament—Impeachment
and Execution of Strafford—Bill passed declaring Par-

tiament perpetual—Catholic Rebellion in Ireland made a Pretext for the Parliament levying an Army—Bench of Bishops impeached and imprisoned—King impeaches five Members of the House of Commons—Civil War—Solemn League and Covenant—Scots co-operate with Parliament—Cromwell—Battle of Naseby—Cromwell turns the Army against the Parliament—Trial and Execution of Charles—Reflections,—Page 108.

### CHAPTER XXX.

COMMONWEALTH OF ENGLAND, REIGNS OF CHARLES II. AND JAMES II .: - Charles II. acknowledged King in Scotland and Ireland-Marquis of Montrose-Cromwell defeats the Scots at Dunbar-Battle of Worcester-Navigation Act-Cromwell dissolves the Parliament by violence, and puts an end to the Republic-Barebones' Parliament -- Cromwell named Lord Protector -- His successful Administration-Death-Richard his Son resigns the Protectorate—the Rump Parliament—Disunion in the Council of Officers-General Monk-Charles II. proclaimed-Profuse and voluptuous Reign-War with Holland and France-Plague and Fire of London-Treaty of Aix-la-Chapelle-Alarms of Popery-Titus Oates-Bill excluding the Duke of York from the Crown -Habeas Corpus Act-Distinction of Whig and Tory first used-Conspiracy of Russell, Sidney, and Monmouth-Death of Charles-James IL-Monmouth beheaded-Violent Measures of James excite the Disgust of all Parties - William, Prince of Orange - James escapes to the Continent-Crown settled on the Prince and Princess of Orange—Declaration fixing the Constitution.—Page 137.

### CHAPTER XXXI.

ON THE CONSTITUTION OF ENGLAND:—Historical Sketch of, up to the Revolution—The Legislative Power—Constitution of the House of Commons—House of Peers—The Executive Power—Powers of the Crown now limited— Habeas Corpus Act—Trial by Jury—Liberty of the Press.—Page 169.

### CHAPTER XXXII.

HISTORY OF FRANCE UNDER LOUIS XIII., AND OF SPAIN AND PORTUGAL UNDER PHILIP III. and IV.:— Mary de Medicis Regent—Siege of Rochelle—Cardinal Richelicu—Death of Louis XIII.—Spain—Philip III.— Philip IV.—Degraded State of Spain—Portugal throws off the Spanish Yoke—Constitution of Portugal—Constitution of Spain.—Page 196.

### CHAPTER XXXIII.

GERMANY FROM THE ABDICATION OF CHARLES V. TO THE PEACE OF WESTPHALIA.—Ferdinand I.—Thirty Years' War—Ferdinand II.—Palatinate laid waste—Gustavus Adolphus—Ferdinand III.—Peace of Westphalia.—Page 210.

### CHAPTER XXXIV.

France under Louis XIV.—Anne of Austria Regent— Cardinal Mazarin —Condé—Turenne—War of the Fronde—Cardinal de Retz—Treaty of the Pyrences and of Oliva—Christina, Queen of Sweden—Peace of Breda
—Wars in Flanders—Triple Alliance—Sabatei Sevi—
Louis attacks Holland—Death of Turenne—Peace of Minequar—Revocation of the Edict of Nantes—Louis continues the War in Germany—Peace of Ryswick—Spanish Succession—Prince Eugene—War with England—Marlborough—Battle of Blenheim—Gibraltar taken by the English—Battle of Ramillies—Louis's Schemes in favour of the Stuarts—Successes of the Allies—Battle of Willa Viciosa restores Philip to the Throne of Spain—Peace of Utrecht, 1713—Peace of Radstadt—Constitution of France under the Monarchy.—Page 217.

### CHAPTER XXXV.

Peter the Great, Czar of Muscovy, and Charles XII. of Sweden:—Origin of the Russian Empire—Siberia conquered—Rapid extension in Asia—Peter the Great—Forms the first small Body of regular Troops—Equips a Fleet—Travels in search of Knowledge—Returns to Russia—His vast Innovations—Charles XII. of Sweden—Confederacy against—Defeats the Russians in the Battle of Narva—Invades Poland—Takes Warsaw and Cracow—Places Stanislans on the Throne—Invades the Ukraine—Is defeated at Pultowa—Taken Prisoner by the Turks—Returns to his Dominions—Killed at Frederickshal—Character—Peter the Great puts his Son to Death—Death of Peter—Internal Improvements of his Empire,—Page 253.

### CHAPTER XXXVI.

VIEW OF THE PROGRESS OF SCIENCE AND LITERATURE IN EUROPE, FROM THE END OF THE FIFTEENTH TO THE END OF THE SEVENTEENTH CENTURY:—Progress of Philosophy—Lord Bacon—Experimental Philosophy—Des Cartes—Galileo—Kepler—Logarithms—Circulation of the Blood—Royal Society of London instituted—Sir Isaac Newton—Locke—Progress of Literature—Epic Poetry — Ariosto — Tasso—Milton—Lyric Poetry — Drama—English and French—History,—Page 276.