A NEW PRACTICAL AND EASY METHOD OF LEARNING THE ITALIAN LANGUAGE: FIRST AND SECOND COURSE

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A New Practical and Easy Method of Learning the Italian Language: First and Second Course by Franz Ahn

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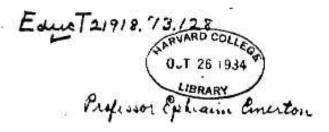
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FIRST AND SECOND COURSE.

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FIRST COURSE.

PART I.

ELEMENTS OF THE PRONUNCIATION.

I.—THE ALPHABET.

§ 1. The Italian alphabet contains only twenty-two letters, which are pronounced as follows:

a, ah.	1, ce.	r, erre.
b, bee.	j, ee,	5, esse.
c, chee.	I, elle.	t, tee.
d, dec.	m, emme.	u, oo.
e, a.	n, enne.	V, vee.
e, a. L, effe.	0, 0.	2, dseta.
g, goe.	p, pes.	
h, acca.	q. 000.	

The letters k, w, x, and y occur in Italian only in foreign words.

§ 2. The vowels are, a, e, i, o, u; all the remaining letters are consonants. The letter h is mute in Italian, and is only employed for forming other sounds. The consonants, l, m, n, r, are called liquids, or semi-vowels.

II.

OF THE PRONUNCIATION OF THE CONSONANTS.

- § 3. The consonants, the pronunciation of which differs from the English, are the following:
- 1. C is a palatal before a, o, u, and before a consonant, and is, as in English under similar circumstances, pronounced as k, e. g.

casa, house. corpo, body. cura, care. cleménte, kind. crudéle, cruel. creatore, creator.

C is a sibilant before e and i, and has the sound of ch in the English chin, e. g.

cera, wax. feróce, wild. cibo, food. fácile, easy. Pronounce, chaira, cheebo, feroche, fachile.

When c is doubled before e and i it must be enuntiated rather more strongly, e. g.

accénto, accent. eccellénte, excellent.
uccéllo, bird. uccidere, to kill.

Pronounce, atchento, cotchello, etchellente, cotcheedere.

When c is to be pronounced as a palatal before e and i, an h is inserted, and the and the then have the sound of key and kee, e. g.

cheto, quick. turchi, Turks. chiesa, church. vecchio, old.

Pronounge, kaito, kee-aisa, toorkee, vekkio.

Similarly the palatal sound of c is changed into the sibilant when i is appended to the c; this i is however mute, being merely a sign of the sibilant pronunciation, so that cia, cio, ciu, are pronounced cha, cho, choo, e. g.