## A NEW LATIN DELECTUS, ADAPTED TO THE ARRANGEMENT OF THE LATIN GRAMMAR; WITH LEXICON AND NOTES

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A New Latin Delectus, Adapted to the Arrangement of the Latin Grammar; With Lexicon and Notes by H. C. Adams

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### H. C. ADAMS

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OF THE

#### LATIN GRAMMAR.

Belith a Lexicon and Rotes.

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#### THE REV. H. C. ADAMS, M.A.

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### CONTENTS.

		Œ	τt	Ŧ.		
Page	Introduction .	٠.			to illustrate L. Gr	Page 1—
3.—	Chap. L Nouns substant			30	127	6—6
	II. Nouns adjective			8		9-11
	III. Comparison of a				į,	11-12
	IV. Pronouns	-			*	18—18
1.000	V. The Verb SUM					15-20
	VI. Verbs Regular-					
0.000	Voice .					21-33
28	VII.—Passive Voice			8		31 10
	III,—Deponent .		į.		7	
	IX.—Irregular, D					
	and Impers			200	*	46-55
		Jar	t I	Ħ.		
38,	Introduction .				,	5658
42	I. First Concord				,,	81
44	II. Second Concor	rd	27	3		82
46	III. Third Concord	١.	33%	0		82-83
48,	IV. Construction					
	Substantive	٠.	000		*	8384
49	V. Genitive after	th	e A	d-		
	jective		*****************	•	77	8485
51,	VI. Dative after th					
Solo	tive		125		99	85-86

#### CONTENTS.

Page 52.—	VII.	Accusative	after	the		Page
		Adjective			to illustrate	L. Gr. 87
53	VIII.	Ablative af	ter the	Ad-		
		jective .	* 6		Э	87-88
55	TX.	Construction				
		nouns .			33	88-89
56	X.	Nominative	after	the		
		Verb .			**	89
58.—	XI.	Genitive aft	er the	Verb	12	90-91
60.—	XII.	Dative afte	r the	Verb		91-94
62.—	XIII.	Accusative	after	the		
		Verb .	76 6		19	94
64.—	XIV.	Ablative aft			39	9596
67.—	XV.	Verbs Pass	ive .			97
68.—	XVI.	Verbs of th	e Infir	útive	120	
	150000	Mood .			,,	97
70.—	XVII.	Gerunds a	nd Su	oines	21	9899
		Nouns of	- 100 PM	543 249		
		Place .				99-100
74.—	XIX.	Vorbs Impe			n	100-101
		Construction				#0
6756	00000000	ciples .		6363666	>1	101-102
77.—	XXI.	Construction				102108
		. Construction	Out of the same		2000	
		junction			n	104-105
79.—	XXIII	. Construction		100		
		position	diam'n and a	110-110-1		105-106
81	XXIV	. Construction		- 200 d	c. see:	05-55 S35
10753603		iections	10000000			108

#### PREFACE.

The plan of the present little work is in all respects similar to that of the Greek Delectus, by the same author, which appeared in the spring of last year. The reason assigned for the publication of the latter, was, that the books which usually accompanied the first study of Greek were of little service in acquiring a knowledge of the grammar; but required that such knowledge should be to some extent already attained, before they could be used. The same objection applies to those commonly employed in teaching the rudiments of Latin; and there are reasons which render it even more desirable to remove the difficulty thus occasioned, than in the former instance. Latin is almost invariably the first learnt; the pupil,

1

therefore, has not the advantage of any previous acquaintance with grammar, which the beginner in Greek generally possesses. Moreover boys for the most part begin it at a very early age, and are taught by persons who have not themselves an accurate knowledge of the language. All this combines to make its study unusually difficult: and the result is often much discouragement and loss Few persons who have been conof time. cerned with elementary teaching can have failed to notice the great length of time which commonly elapses before a boy has attained to anything like an intelligent comprehension of the simplest principles of grammar; or is sufficiently advanced to be able to construe the easiest Latin author. may be owing in some degree to the study of the language being commenced too soon; but, certainly, one great cause is the want of any book which will exemplify to him the meaning of every rule he learns; and, by repeated application of it to particular instances, fix it firmly at once in his comprehension and his memory. "The ladder of learning", as it is sometimes called, instead of presenting an easy and progressive ascent, is converted into a species of inclined plane, down which the unfortunate beginner is perpetually slipping to the very bottom, to his sore discomfiture, for want of any point which might afford him a resting-place in his upward progress, or at least arrest his descent if he should be in danger of going backwards.

It has been thought better to adapt the arrangement of the work to some particular grammar; but it should be clearly understood, that it will serve almost equally well as an accompaniment to any of the Latin grammars in common use. The Eton Latin grammar has been selected as being, on the whole, the simplest, most intelligible, and most generally used of any with which the author is acquainted. It is doubtless defective in many particulars, and contains

.

As, for example, the statement that hic, hec, hoc, is an article; the classification of the second future