

**DE LEGIBUS ET SENATUSCONSULTIS ANNI 710:
QUAESTIONES CHRONOLOGICAE;
DISSERTATIO INAUGURALIS HISTORICA
QUAM CONSENSU ET AUCTORITATE
AMPLISSIMI PHILOSOPHORUM ORDINIS IN
ALMA LITERARUM UNIVERSITATE; DIE XXII
MENSIS FEBRUAR II ANNI MDCCCXCIII**

Published @ 2017 Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd

ISBN 9780649313594

De legibus et senatusconsultis anni 710: Quaestiones chronologicae; Dissertatio inauguralis historica quam Consensu et Auctoritate amplissimi philosophorum ordinis in Alma Literarum Universitate; Die XXII Mensis Februar II Anni MDCCCXCIII by Paul Groebe

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PAUL GROEBE

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Cover

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DE LEGIBUS ET SENATUSCONSULTIS ANNI 710.
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QUAM

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IN

ALMA LITTERARUM UNIVERSITATE

FRIDERICA GUILIELMA BEROLINENSI

AD

SUMMOS IN PHILOSOPHIA HONORES RITE CAPESSENDOS

DIE XXII MENSIS FEBRUARII ANNI MDCCXCIII

PUBLICE DEFENDET

AUCTOR

PAUL GROEBE

SAXO-BORUSSUS.

ADVERSARI ERUNT:

C. HORNER, STUD. PHIL.

D. KALOPOTHAKES, STUD. PHIL.

F. FROELICH, DR. PHIL.

LIPSIÆ 1898.

APUD MAX. HOFFMANN.

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Res Romanas post Caesaris mortem gestas ut exquirem, hisce causis sum adductus: primum enim arbitror de legibus et senatusconsultis anni 710 ex Ciceronis orationibus Philippicis et epistulis partim alia partim plura effici posse quam adhuc effecta sunt. Deinde Drumanni (Geschichte Roms t. I.) et Langeii (Röm. Altertümer t. III) sententias non semel a quibusdam sine causa in dubium vocatas esse persuasum habeo. Tum ipsius Ciceronis epistulas nonnumquam certioribus terminis circumscribi posse confido.

Nec vero opus fuit nec fieri potuit, ut omnes leges, omnia senatusconsulta tractarem. Neglectis igitur iis, quae satis perspicua fuerunt, ad ea sola accessi, quae in temporibus definiendis maximas praeberunt difficultates viris doctis.

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Capit. I.

Quo tempore et quo modo Antonius legem de coloniis deducendis exsecutus sit.

A. d. XVI Kal. Apr. senatus in aede Telluris acta Caesaris servanda esse decreverat¹⁾ et referente Antonio veteranis agros a Caesare assignatos comprobarat (Phil. I 6; Att. XIV 14,2). Quo senatusconsulto permoti consules — nam Dolabellam quoque rei interfuisse constat ex Phil. VIII 25 — legem tulerunt de coloniis deducendis. Quae lex statim post leges de actis Caesaris confirmandis deque dictatura in perpetuum tollenda lata esse videtur (Phil. V 10) non multum post mortem dictatoris. Num autem tres hae leges eodem die perlatae sint et a. d. VIII Kal. Mai. perlatae sint, id quod Lange, R. A. III 492, 494, 499 coniecit, non satis firmum exploratumque videtur. Sed certe res facta est ante a. d. V Kal. Mai.²⁾ Nam hoc die, si tardissime (cf. p. 2) Antonius ad peragendam legem de coloniis deducendis ex urbe discessit.

Quam diu enim consul Romae fuerit, satis certis terminis definiri potest. Primum enim tumultus Marii a. d. XVIII Kal. Mai.³⁾ ab Antonio ipso in urbe est sedatus (App. III 2—3). Deinde e compluribus Ciceronis epistulis dimidia parte mensis Aprilis datis (Att. XIV 10 seq.) elucere videtur, Antonium illo tempore in urbe fuisse. Quibus in epistulis permultum Cicero

¹⁾ Att. XVI 14,1: *nullo firmitus acta tyranni comprobatum iri quam in Telluris.*

²⁾ Quae iam inde ab Idibus Aprilibus Cicero scripsit de Sextiliano fundo, de Tebassis, Soaevis, Frangonibus, aliis (Att. XIV 6 seq.) num ex hac lege manarint, non potest diiudicari. Fluxisse potius videtur e falsis Caesaris commentariis.

³⁾ Hoc die a Mario supplicium sumptum esse apparet ex ep. ad Att. XIV 7 et 8. cf. Phil. I 5; Lange R. A. III 498.