

**THE LORD'S PRAYER: NINE
SERMONS
PREACHED IN THE CHAPEL
OF LINCOLN'S INN**

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The Lord's Prayer: Nine Sermons Preached in the Chapel of Lincoln's Inn by Frederick
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FREDERICK DENISON MAURICE

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S. C. H. ...
New York - July 1889

THE LORD'S PRAYER

NINE SERMONS PREACHED IN THE CHAPEL
OF LINCOLN'S INN

IN THE MONTHS OF FEBRUARY MARCH AND APRIL 1848

BY THE REV.

FREDERICK DENISON MAURICE M.A.,

INCUMBENT OF ST. PETER'S, ST. MARYLEBONE.

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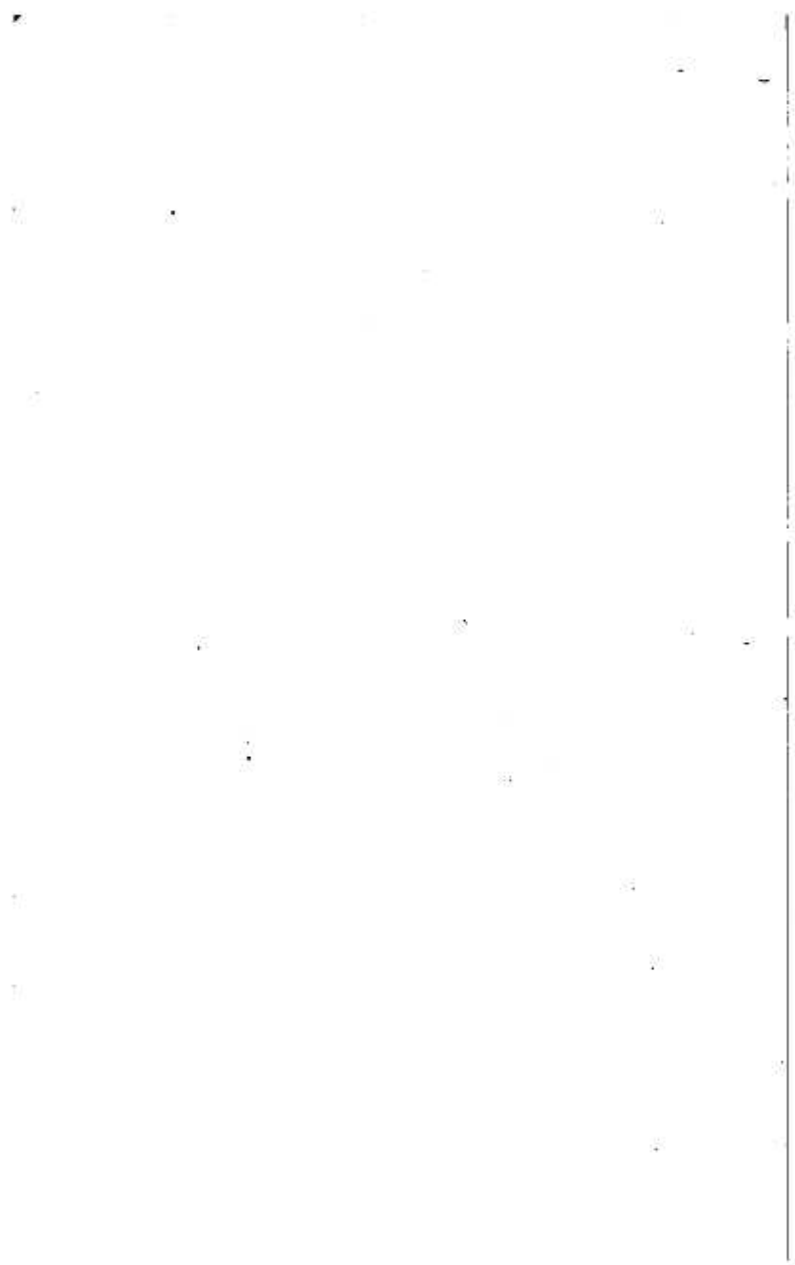
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I WISHED in these SERMONS to connect the LORD'S PRAYER with the thoughts which are most likely to be occupying us at this time. If they lead any to ask themselves how their study of passing occurrences may be made more serious, and their worship more real, my purpose in publishing them will be answered.

LONDON, May 25, 1848.



SERMON I.

Sixth Sunday after the Epiphany, February 13, 1848.

MATTHEW VI. 9.

AFTER THIS MANNER THEREFORE PRAY YE: 'OUR FATHER
WHICH ART IN HEAVEN.'

AFTER *this* manner,' and therefore any manner but this is a wrong manner; a prayer which has any other principle or method than this, is not the Lord's Prayer.

The remark may seem superfluous, but it is not so. The Paternoster is not, as some fancy, the easiest, most natural, of all devout utterances. It may be committed to memory quickly, but it is slowly learnt by heart. Men may repeat it over ten times in an hour, but to use it when it is most needed, to know what it means, to believe it, yea, not to contradict it in the very act of praying it, not to construct our prayers upon a model the most unlike it possible, this is hard; this is one of the highest gifts which God can bestow upon us; nor can we look to receive it without others that we may wish for less; sharp suffering, a sense of wanting a home, a despair of ourselves.

At certain periods in the history of the Church, especially when some reformation was at hand, men have exhibited a weariness of their ordinary theological teaching. It seemed to them that they needed something less common, more refined than that which they possessed. As the light broke in upon them, they perceived that they needed what was less refined, more common. The Creed, the Ten Commandments, the Lord's Prayer, were found to contain the treasures for which they were seeking. The signs of such a period are surely to be seen in our day. We can scarcely think that we require reformation less than our fathers. I believe, if we are to obtain it, we too must turn to these simple documents; we must enquire whether there is not a wisdom hidden in them which we do not meet with elsewhere; whether they cannot interpret the dream of our lives better than all the soothsayers whom we have consulted about it hitherto.

I. Much of the practical difficulty of the prayer lies assuredly in the first word of it. How can we look round upon the people whom we habitually feel to be separated from us by almost impassable barriers; who are above us, so that we cannot reach them, or so far beneath us, that the slightest recognition of them is an act of gracious condescension; upon the people of an opposite faction to our own, whom we denounce as utterly evil; upon men whom we have reason to despise; upon the actual wrong-doers of society, those who have made themselves vile, and are helping to

make it vile : and then teach ourselves to think that in the very highest exercise of our lives, these are associated with us ; that when we pray, we are praying for them and with them ; that we cannot speak for ourselves without speaking for them ; that if we do not carry sins to the throne of God's grace, we do not carry our own ; that all the good we hope to obtain there, belongs to them just as much as to us, and that our claim to it is sure of being rejected, if it is not one which is valid for them also ? Yet all this is included in the word ' Our ' ; till we have learnt so much, we are but spelling at it ; we have not learnt to pronounce it. And what man of us—the aptest scholar of all—will venture to say that he has yet truly pronounced it ; that his clearest utterance of it has not been broken and stammering ? Think how many causes are at work every hour of our lives to make this opening word of the prayer a nullity and a falsehood. How many petty disagreements are there between friends and kinsfolk, people dwelling in the same house—so petty that there is no fear of giving way to them, and yet great enough to cause bitterness and estrangement, great enough to make this ' Our Father ' a contradiction. How often does my vanity come into collision with another man's vanity, and then, though there be no palpable opposition of interests between us, though we do not stand in the way of each other's advancement, what a sense of separation, of inward hostility, follows ! As the mere legal, formal, distinctions of caste become less marked, how apt are men to indemnify themselves