LETTERS AND OTHER DOCUMENTS ILLUSTRATING THE RELATIONS BETWEEN ENGLAND AND GERMANY

Published @ 2017 Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd

ISBN 9780649168583

Letters and Other Documents Illustrating the Relations Between England and Germany by Samuel Rawson Gardiner

Except for use in any review, the reproduction or utilisation of this work in whole or in part in any form by any electronic, mechanical or other means, now known or hereafter invented, including xerography, photocopying and recording, or in any information storage or retrieval system, is forbidden without the permission of the publisher, Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd, PO Box 1576 Collingwood, Victoria 3066 Australia.

All rights reserved.

Edited by Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd. Cover @ 2017

This book is sold subject to the condition that it shall not, by way of trade or otherwise, be lent, re-sold, hired out, or otherwise circulated without the publisher's prior consent in any form or binding or cover other than that in which it is published and without a similar condition including this condition being imposed on the subsequent purchaser.

www.triestepublishing.com

SAMUEL RAWSON GARDINER

LETTERS AND OTHER DOCUMENTS ILLUSTRATING THE RELATIONS BETWEEN ENGLAND AND GERMANY





LETTERS AND OTHER DOCUMENTS

ILLUSTRATING THE RELATIONS BETWEEN

ENGLAND AND GERMANY

AT THE

COMMENCEMENT OF THE THIRTY YEARS' WAR, I

FROM THE OUTBREAK OF THE REVOLUTION IN BOHEMIA TO THE ELECTION OF THE EMPEROR FERDINAND IL.

PDITED BY

SAMUEL RAWSON GARDINER,

LATE STUDENT OF CHRISTCHURCH.



PRINTED FOR THE CAMDEN SOCIETY.

M.DCCC.LXV.



WESYMINSTER PRINTED BY JOHN BOWYER NICHOLS AND SONS, 26, PARLIAMENT STREET.

COUNCIL OF THE CAMDEN SOCIETY

FOR THE YEAR 1865-66.

President,

THE MOST HON. THE MARQUESS CAMDEN, K.G. ARTHUR ASHPITEL, ESQ. F.S.A. WILLIAM HENRY BLAAUW, ESQ. M.A., F.S.A. JOHN BRUCE, ESQ. F.S.A. Director. WILLIAM CHAPPELL, ESQ. F.S.A. Treasurer. WILLIAM DURRANT COOPER, ESQ. F.S.A. JAMES CROSBY, ESQ. F.S.A. THOMAS W. KING, ESQ. F.S.A. THE REV. LAMBERT B. LARKING, M.A. JOHN MACLEAN, ESQ. F.S.A. FREDERIC OUVRY, ESQ. Treas.S.A. EVELYN PHILIP SHIRLEY, ESQ. M.A., F.S.A. WILLIAM JOHN THOMS, ESQ. F.S.A. Secretary. WILLIAM TITE, ESQ. M.P., F.R.S., V.P.S.A. ALBERT WAY, ESQ. M.A., F.S.A. SIR THOMAS E. WINNINGTON, BART. M.P.

The Council of the Campen Society desire it to be understood that they are not answerable for any opinions or observations that may appear in the Society's publications; the Editors of the several Works being alone responsible for the same.

PREFACE.

It is seldem that events which have taken place upon the Continent have affected the course of English history so deeply as the struggle between the two religious parties in Germany which lit up the flames of the Thirty Years' War. The second growth of Puritanism, and the anti-monarchial feeling which reached its culminating point in the reign of Charles I., may be distinctly traced to the dissatisfaction of the nation with the desertion by James of his Protestant allies.

The general character of James's diplomacy has long been one of the common places of history. What it was in detail no one has yet inquired. And yet it would seem to be necessary to the forming of a just estimate of the foreign policy of the Parliaments of 1621 and 1624 to arrive at some correct idea of the real nature of the diplomacy which they denounced.

The present volume is an attempt to fill up to some extent this gap in our history by means of documents which, with three or four exceptions, have been hitherto unpublished. The interesting despatches of Doneaster were consulted by Mrs. Green, and quotations have been introduced by her in her Lives of the Princesses, but she has almost exclusively confined her choice to passages which relate to the personal history of the Electress Palatine.

This volume forms a complete work in itself, carrying down the history of English diplomacy in Germany to a definite period. Materials have however been collected for another series which will illustrate the missions of Dohna and Buwinckhausen to England, and the vacillation of James consequent upon the acceptance of the Crown of Bohemia by his son-in-law.

I have only to add, that, unless when I have specially noticed the exception, Doncaster's despatches are all in the hand of his Secretary Nethersole, and signed only by himself; and that the marginal notes appended to letters received by Sir Robert Naunton are in his own handwriting. I have only printed them where they seemed to throw light upon the letter on which they were written. Sometimes they had reference to other subjects, or were mere catch-words inserted to direct the reader's eye to certain passages in the text.

INTRODUCTION.

In the history of religious liberty local toleration precedes personal toleration. It was in the nature of things that, before individuals were acknowledged to possess the right of believing and worshipping as they pleased, it must have been decided whether States themselves were to be allowed the right of adopting a religion which was obnoxious to other members of the European commonwealth.

At one time it seemed as if the German States, in the midst of which the Protestant doctrines had been first heard, would also have been the first to establish complete protection to the several states in their own religious development. By the Peaco of Augsburg in 1555 each State of the Empire was acknowledged to have the right of regulating its own religious affairs.

The celebrated maxim Cujus regio ejus retigio is rarely mentioned now except with obloquy. It is seldom remembered that in truth it was a landmark in the path to freedom. For it was directed not against the individual but against the Emperor. That individual liberty was intolerable was acknowledged by every one. The only question was who the persecutor was to be.

The smallness of the German territories was undoubtedly conducive to theological bitterness. Nowhere were clerical cliques so narrow-minded, nowhere was the circle of orthodoxy fenced about with such careful restrictions, as in the petty states of the Empire. But the same cause which narrowed the creed and soured the temper of the Court divines, rendered the lot of the persecuted