OLD AGE, AND CHANGES INCIDENTAL TO IT: THE ANNUAL ORATION DELIVERED BEFORE THE MEDICAL SOCIETY OF LONDON, MAY 4TH, 1885

Published @ 2017 Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd

ISBN 9780649274567

Old Age, and Changes Incidental to it: The Annual Oration Delivered Before the Medical Society of London, May 4th, 1885 by George Murray Humphry

Except for use in any review, the reproduction or utilisation of this work in whole or in part in any form by any electronic, mechanical or other means, now known or hereafter invented, including xerography, photocopying and recording, or in any information storage or retrieval system, is forbidden without the permission of the publisher, Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd, PO Box 1576 Collingwood, Victoria 3066 Australia.

All rights reserved.

Edited by Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd. Cover @ 2017

This book is sold subject to the condition that it shall not, by way of trade or otherwise, be lent, re-sold, hired out, or otherwise circulated without the publisher's prior consent in any form or binding or cover other than that in which it is published and without a similar condition including this condition being imposed on the subsequent purchaser.

www.triestepublishing.com

GEORGE MURRAY HUMPHRY

OLD AGE, AND CHANGES INCIDENTAL TO IT: THE ANNUAL ORATION DELIVERED BEFORE THE MEDICAL SOCIETY OF LONDON, MAY 4TH, 1885





OLD AGE

AND CHANGES INCIDENTAL TO IT



OLD AGE

AND CHANGES INCIDENTAL TO IT

THE ANNUAL ORATION DELIVERED BEFORE

THE MEDICAL SOCIETY OF LONDON

May 4th, 1885

BY

GEORGE MURRAY HUMPHRY, M.D., F.R.S.

EGNORARY FELLOW OF THE SCRIETY; PROFESSOR OF SURGERY IN THE UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE; FELLOW OF KING'S COLLEGE; MON, FELLOW OF DOWNING COLLEGE; AND SURGEON TO ADDRESSOOKE'S HOSFITAL

Cambridge

MACMILLAN AND BOWES

1885

189195. e. 2.

OLD AGE, AND CHANGES INCIDENTAL TO IT.

MR. PRESIDENT AND GENTLEMEN,

Old age acquires a gradually increasing interest as advancing civilisation enables a larger number of persons to attain to it, and affords them additional means of enjoying it and profiting by it. From the schoolboy-day, now full fifty years ago, when the De Senectute of the great Roman orator made a lasting impression upon me, the subject of old age has had some fascination for me, though multifarious avocations have prevented my giving much attention to it. In the past year, the Collective Investigation Committee of the British Medical Association, at my instance, commenced an inquiry respecting aged persons, and issued a form, with a memorandum, for

the purpose of collecting information of various kinds respecting the condition, habits, etc., past and present, of persons who had attained to advanced age. The minimum age for the subjects of inquiry was fixed at eighty. We are indebted to many members of the profession, and to some others, for the returns they have taken the trouble to make. which at the present exceed 500, the number of males and of females being nearly equal. These have been, in part, carefully tabulated and analysed by myself, with the aid of my friend and assistant. Mr. A. Francis. It is not to be supposed that from this, or other investigations of the like kind, any very novel results will be obtained; for the hill of knowledge is mounted with slow and laborious steps, and we must be content to advance little by little. I do not, however, propose to weary you with many of the details of this inquiry, which, I may observe, is not yet completed, but to make a few remarks upon the subject of old age, which will be, to some extent, based upon information derived from the inquiry just mentioned.

We are, I think, too much accustomed in our ideas to limit the work of development to the periods of adolescence and maturity; and, indeed, the surpassing wonders of that work-I say surpassing wonders, for, unquestionably, the processes of development of an animal body are the most marvellous, the most mysterious, and the most interesting in the whole range of the physical world -are most fully demonstrated in the early periods of life. But they do not end in them, or even when the body has been brought to its fully matured condition. They continue in a definite and orderly manner, though with lessened and lessening activity, to the termination of life, at whatever period that termination may occur. The march of changing events in the human body, from the age of 40 or 50 to 100, is as regular, as orderly, as developmental, though less quick, and therefore less apparent, as it is from birth to adolescence, or from conception to birth. It is one of the resultants of that inscrutable vis, call it what you will, and refer it to what you will, which makes all nature one, which determines