HISTORY OF THE BERKELEY SCHOOLS: AN ACCOUNT OF THE SCHOOL SYSTEM OF BERKELEY

Published @ 2017 Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd

ISBN 9780649603558

History of the Berkeley Schools: An Account of the School System of Berkeley by S. D. Waterman

Except for use in any review, the reproduction or utilisation of this work in whole or in part in any form by any electronic, mechanical or other means, now known or hereafter invented, including xerography, photocopying and recording, or in any information storage or retrieval system, is forbidden without the permission of the publisher, Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd, PO Box 1576 Collingwood, Victoria 3066 Australia.

All rights reserved.

Edited by Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd. Cover @ 2017

This book is sold subject to the condition that it shall not, by way of trade or otherwise, be lent, re-sold, hired out, or otherwise circulated without the publisher's prior consent in any form or binding or cover other than that in which it is published and without a similar condition including this condition being imposed on the subsequent purchaser.

www.triestepublishing.com

S. D. WATERMAN

HISTORY OF THE BERKELEY SCHOOLS: AN ACCOUNT OF THE SCHOOL SYSTEM OF BERKELEY

Trieste

"Westward the course of empire takes its way. The first four acts already passed. The fifth shall close the drama with the day. Time's noblest offspring is the last." —Bishop Berkeley

1

21

10

83

7801

History of the Berkeley Schools

By S. D. Waterman

حروىحب

An account of the School System of Berkeley from its establishment to date, with a detailed presentation of the special features in the various schools

> Berkeley, California 1918

÷.

GIFT

٠

10

55

Copyright 1918 By S. D. Waterman

Printed By The Professional Press Berksley, California

LA245 B45W3

CONTENTS

-

20

PAGE CHAPTER 7 Historical Sketch 1 The First Board of Education..... 11 п ш Rented Rooms 16 The Berkeley High School..... IV 18 v The Superintendents 44 VI The Berkeley School Board 47 vп Bonds and Special Tax 50 VIII Music 54 IX Drawing 58 x Manual Training 60 XI High School Buildings 63 XII McKinley School 64 Frances E. Willard School XIII 69 XIV Washington School..... 72 XV Edison School 77 XVI 79 Franklin School Luther Burbank School XVII 81 XVIII Whittier School 88 XIX Garfield School 85 87 XX Lincoln School XXI Le Conte School 90 XXII Oxford School..... 92 Jefferson School..... 95 XXIII XXIV John Muir School..... 98 XXV Hillside School 99 XXVI Hawthorne School 100 Columbus School XXVII 104 Emerson School XXVIII 105 106 XXIX Longfellow School Seventh Street School XXX 108 XXXI Night Schools. 110 XXXII School Gardens..... 115 XXXIII Miscellaneous 117 XXXIV Our Flag 123 The Carnegie Library XXXV 125 XXXVI Names of Teachers 132 XXXVII Berkeley High School War Record..... 139 Berkeley High School Graduates..... XXXVIII 142

M65'7288

FOREWORD

I have not written this sketch of the Berkeley schools expecting any great financial returns, but with the hope that it may be of interest to those who are now in the department, and that it may be of value later as a source of information about the growth and development of the school system of which we are so justly proud.

The task of writing the history since the incorporation of the town in 1878 has been a simple one, as the records of the Board of Education and the files of the daily papers have been available.

It has not been so easy to secure data for the period preceding the incorporation. The statements are sometimes incomplete, but as far as they are given they are reliable. Among those who have given information about the schools of this early period, I must mention especially, Mrs. Emma S. Wilkes, Mrs. Adelaide Marquand, Mr. Charles McClain, Mr. A. H. Broad and Mr. Thomas Hann.

I have made use of one or two short quotations from Prof. Jones' History of the University of California for which due credit has been given.

If the public derive as much pleasure from the reading of this history as the author has derived from the writing of it, he will feel amply repaid.

S. D. WATERMAN

HISTORY OF THE BERKELEY SCHOOLS

CHAPTER I

HISTORICAL SKETCH

In 1820, the last Spanish governor of California, who was likewise the first Mexican governor, conferred San Antonio Rancho upon Don Luis Peralta and, in 1842, Don Luis divided this into four equal parts, giving one part to each of his four sons. The portion extending from Temescal Creek to the present Contra Costa line fell to his son Jose.

The earliest American settlers upon this tract came in 1852 when F. K. Shattuck, Geo. M. Blake and William Hillegass acquired a part of it by purchase and commenced farming on quite an extensive scale on land included in the present site of Berkeley. Alameda County was organized in 1853 from parts of Contra Costa and Santa Clara Counties.

The present site of the University was selected by Henry D. Durant in 1858, and in 1860, the trustees decided that this should be the permanent site. Mention is made of this, because the location of the University and its growth have made the city of Berkeley what it is. Many people have chosen this city for their homes in order to have, for their children, the advantages offered by the University, without any great expense.

The first settlement was at Ocean View, or West Berkeley, and the center of business and population was at the corner of University and San Pablo Avenues. It would doubtless have remained in that vicinity but for the influence of the University.

The name, Berkeley, was suggested by Mr. Frederic Billings, one of the trustees. After quoting the well known lines of Bishop Berkeley.—

HISTORY OF THE BERKELEY SCHOOLS

"Westward the course of empire takes its way, The first four acts already passed, The fifth shall close the drama with the day, Time's noblest offspring is the last."

he suggested the name, Berkeley, for the new settlement. This suggestion was taken by his associates and several years later when the town was incorporated, this name was given to it.

Previous to the establishment of the University site, San Pablo Avenue, running north and south, was the only road leading to Oakland, while University Avenue was the only street running east and west. Between San Pablo Avenue and the Bay the straggling settlement of Ocean View sprang up and after the overland railroad was completed in 1869, grew quite rapidly. These two settlements were united and incorporated as the "Town of Berkeley" in 1878. Previous to this time. Berkeley proper was a small scattered settlement. There were a few houses on what is now known as Telegraph Avenue, then known as Choate Street, near the entrance to the University Campus, at the end of the "Dinky" car line. There was a small settlement in the vicinity of Berkeley Station and a few scattered residences were found here and there. The principal settlement at the time of incorporation was at Ocean View.

"We were a long way from San Francisco. We had either to follow the pace of a bob-tailed car to Oakland—a trip of over an hour—and thence to the city, or else take an omnibus which had the unpleasant habit of capsizing and breaking collar bones and arms. The destination of this omnibus was the ferry at Ocean View, or Jacob's Landing,—otherwise West Berkeley. From this point we embarked upon a steamer that was very uncertain as to the time of starting and still more uncertain as to the time of arriving."

Later, our communication with Oakland was greatly improved in two ways. One of these was by the way of Golden Gate by Southern Pacific steam car,—thence on San Pablo Avenue by horse car to Fortieth Street, and thence by cable car to Seventh and Broadway, Oakland. The other route was by a steam "Dinky" from the University grounds to Temescal at Forty-eighth Street, and thence by horse car to Oakland. The trip by either of these two routes consumed fully an hour. Close connection was made