GOD AGAINST SLAVERY: AND THE FREEDOM AND DUTY OF THE PULPIT TO REBUKE IT, AS A SIN AGAINST GOD

Published @ 2017 Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd

ISBN 9780649594511

God Against Slavery: And the Freedom and Duty of the Pulpit to Rebuke It, as a Sin Against God by George B. Cheever

Except for use in any review, the reproduction or utilisation of this work in whole or in part in any form by any electronic, mechanical or other means, now known or hereafter invented, including xerography, photocopying and recording, or in any information storage or retrieval system, is forbidden without the permission of the publisher, Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd, PO Box 1576 Collingwood, Victoria 3066 Australia.

All rights reserved.

Edited by Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd. Cover @ 2017

This book is sold subject to the condition that it shall not, by way of trade or otherwise, be lent, re-sold, hired out, or otherwise circulated without the publisher's prior consent in any form or binding or cover other than that in which it is published and without a similar condition including this condition being imposed on the subsequent purchaser.

www.triestepublishing.com

GEORGE B. CHEEVER

GOD AGAINST SLAVERY: AND THE FREEDOM AND DUTY OF THE PULPIT TO REBUKE IT, AS A SIN AGAINST GOD



GOD AGAINST SLAVERY:

AND THE

FREEDOM AND DUTY OF THE PULPIT

TO REBUKE IT,

AS A SIN AGAINST GOD.

85 S# C

BY

GEORGE B. CHEEVER, D.D.

NEW YORK: JOSEPH H. LADD, 22 BEEKMAN STREET,

OFFICE OF THE INDEPENDENT.

1857.

ANDOVER-HARVARD THEOLOGICAL LIBRARY CAMBRIDGE, MASS.

Entered, according to Act of Congress, in the year 1887, by GEORGE B. CHERVER,

In the Clerk's Office of the District Court for the Southern District of New York,

THOMAS B. SMITH

E 449 .C511

PREFACE.

For the privilege of having been permitted to deliver these discourses without interruption, and with a cordial answering sympathy on the part of the public, I thank God and take courage. Seldom have I found a heart more thirsty for divine truth, more attentive under it, and more manifestly responding to it, and grateful for it, than in the great congregations whom God in his good providence brought out to listen to these sermons. I commenced them, much questioning as to the result, but determined to leave consequences to God, and to proclaim, out and out, the whole truth in his word in regard to the great reigning and destroying sin of our country. I endeavored to do this to the best of my ability. The event was, that instead of driving men away in anger, the assertion of the freedom of the pulpit, and the proof of it from the prophets and apostles, and the use of it in demonstrating the sinfulness of slavery, brought thousands on thousands to hear. They came, desiring to learn what God had really said in His word in regard to slavery. church could not contain the multitudes that thronged, night after night, to listen to a simple, plain exhibition of God's own truth, in regard to the guilt of this iniquity in His sight, and the inevitable consequences of it, if persisted in.

Undoubtedly, Old Testament truth is a strange thing to many; they are not aware how it burns, how it cuts, how it probes and pierces, as a discerner and reprover of sin, and how the mighty Hebrew prophets, ever living, ever new, seem to hold a grand inquest over our organic iniquities, and to walk among us with the writer's inkhorn, and the measuring plumb-lines of the Mosaic laws. The people, generally, are glad to witness these operations. The people love to hear God's word demonstrating and rebuking the iniquity of slavery; and it is only crooked politicians, and political Christians, and preachers standing in awe of them, who cry out against it, and call it political preaching. This vulgar watchword is losing all its terrors, and begins to be, as it deserves to be, thoroughly despised.

The people prefer freedom, and are glad to find that God's word not only does not sanction alsvery, but is against it, wholly and utterly, from beginning to end. But those men who prefer alsvery along with freedom, slavery for others and freedom for themselves, and whose plan is to combine both, and give them the same sanction and the same rights everywhere, would be glad to find some support of slavery, some shield for it in God's word; and, if any one could domonstrate from God's word that slavery is right, he might do that from the pulpit ad infinitum, and they would not regard it at all as political preaching, but as simply the genuine meekness of wisdom preaching peace by Jesus Christ, and the very perfection of gospel conservatism. There are many who, without the least wincing, will hear you preach about the slavery

of sin, but not one word will they endure about the sin of slavery.

I have been delighted to find a great enthusiasm among young men, for the freedom of God's word in dealing with the iniquity of oppression. They feel that it is no necessary part of religion to put down, or conceal, or crucify, our native impulses in behalf of freedom, or our native sense of justice against cruelty and wrong. They have but little sympathy with those who make political or commercial expediency, in regard to great questions of right or wrong, the Urim and Thummim of their divinest consultations.

The series of discourses began with an examination of the dreadful influence and consequences of unmourmous Law, as illustrated in the history of the Hebrews, under the light of the prophets. Now, in consenting to throw several of them into a volume, I have taken the liberty of breaking them up into twenty chapters, both for the sake of introducing some details into the argument, which could not be condensed in speaking within compass of the time given to a sermon, and also to relieve and sustain the attention of the reader, and give greater prominence to the principles developed in the discussion.

I am more than ever convinced of the right and duty of every preacher of God's word to preach on this subject, as contained in His word, and to show the people how He regards it; and the providence that directs and overrules all things is manifesting more clearly than ever the wickedness of the attempt to shield slavery from the reprobation of God's word, by denouncing every mention of it as positical preaching. That outcry is more likely to cover up a jealousy against religion in politics, than any real hatred of politics in religion. To the law and to the testimony: should not the people seek unto their God? And if their leaders speak not according to His word, it is because there is no light in them.

THE VOLUME IS APPROTIONATELY AND RESPECTFULLY DEDICATED TO THE YOUNG MEN OF MY OWN CONGREGATION, AND TO ALL LOYERS OF FREEDOM AND TRUTH IN ALL PLACES.

CONTENTS.

50 1000 G	Page
CHAP. I.—SHALL THE THEORE OF DESQUEY RAVE PELLOWERT WITH THEE, WHICH PRAMETE MEGUINE WITH A LAW?	
CHAP. II.—THE PERVALENCE AND POWER OF UNRIGHTHOUS LAW, AND THE BULK OF THE NATION IN COMBRUENCE OF CHETING IT	
CHAP. III.—COMPUTATION BY YER GOVERSMENT, BRACKING WICKED LAWS TO DRIVE SEE PROVER INTO SIN; AND THE DAMMATION OF SUCE CULT—THE INIQUITY OF PERACULES DEFENDING OR EXIDENCE IT	3625
Chap. IV.—Dan and retril in new york, and yes worshif of the golden calves in america—repression and concealment of truth in the pulpit and conservation of national sees	ß
CHAP. V.—OBLIGATIONS OF THE FULTER IN THE SIGHT OF GOD—HTPOC- RICY OF THE OUTGAY OF FOLISTICAL PRACEING—THE RINGULMESS OF OURCEALMENT AND OF SHIELDING MEN'S AIM FROM THE LIGHT OF THE GOSTEL—ATTLICATION OF THE DOCTRING OF CHRIST AND HIM CRUCKING.	
CRAP. VI.—GLORY AND PREEDOM OF THE WORD OF GOD IN THE UNI- VERSAL AND PREPATUAL APPLICATION—DEMONSTRATIONS FROM ME DISPOSIONAL AND PROPRIETIO PORTIONS, AS TO WATIONAL SINS—THE LIGHT YET TO BE APPLIED.	
CHAP, VII.—GOU'S WEATH AGAINST SLAVERT IN JERIMIAH XXXIV, IT— THE ILLUMINATION WHOM THIS PASSAGE UPON OUR OWN SIR—THE SOLKMINIST OF VIIE CRIES AND THIS EMPONSIBILITY—MATRIXIAL DE- CRIONS BY INDIVIDUAL OPINIONE AND CHOICES—YES QUESTION TO BE SETTLED IS OF BIGHT ON WEONG, NOT POLICY OR IMPOLICY.	
CHAP. VIII.—ORDERCTIONS URGED AGAINST THE MENTION OF THE SIR— THE OPINION OF COLUMNOS—THE MAMPLE OF LORD RESERVE IN MEDITING AND RESULTED OFFENDIOR—THE WORD OF GOD OUR COLUMN SAFE GUIDE.	
CHAP, IX.—DEMONSTRATION OF THE SIMPULNESS OF SLAVERY—ARGU- MENT FROM THE LAW OF LOVE—ARGUMENT FROM THE LAWS AGAINST OPPLESSION—NO SUCH TRING AS SLAVERY AMONG THE HERRICH LUDIOBOUSKESS OF THE CLAIM OF AFRICANS AS OUR PROPERTY BY REASON OF NOAR'S CHEEK ON CANAAN	
Chap. X.—the wrath of god against the jews for the attempted establishment of slavery—the penalty of drath against tru- cking of man-straing—compass of this law, and the applica- tion to the glaim of children as proventy.	
CHAP. XI.—DOING SYIL THAT GOOD MAY COME—TER GOSPEL OF SLAVEST—TER GENERATING AND PROPAGATING POWER OF EVIL— THE STRAINE OF CHILDREN—PAIL ON MARKSTRAINS.	-