CATALOGUE OF THE MADREPORARIAN CORALS IN THE BRITISH MUSEUM (NATURAL HISTORY), VOL. VI THE FAMILY PORITIDAE. II. - THE GENUS PORITES

Published @ 2017 Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd

ISBN 9780649270361

Catalogue of the madreporarian corals in the British Museum (Natural History), Vol. VI The family poritidae. II. - The Genus porites by Henry M. Bernard

Except for use in any review, the reproduction or utilisation of this work in whole or in part in any form by any electronic, mechanical or other means, now known or hereafter invented, including xerography, photocopying and recording, or in any information storage or retrieval system, is forbidden without the permission of the publisher, Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd, PO Box 1576 Collingwood, Victoria 3066 Australia.

All rights reserved.

Edited by Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd. Cover @ 2017

This book is sold subject to the condition that it shall not, by way of trade or otherwise, be lent, re-sold, hired out, or otherwise circulated without the publisher's prior consent in any form or binding or cover other than that in which it is published and without a similar condition including this condition being imposed on the subsequent purchaser.

www.triestepublishing.com

HENRY M. BERNARD

CATALOGUE OF THE MADREPORARIAN CORALS IN THE BRITISH MUSEUM (NATURAL HISTORY), VOL. VI THE FAMILY PORITIDAE. II. - THE GENUS PORITES



CATALOGUE

OF THE

MADREPORARIAN CORALS

IN THE

BRITISH MUSEUM (NATURAL HISTORY).

VOLUME VI.

THE FAMILY PORITIDÆ.

II.—THE GENUS PORITES.

* PART IL—PORITES OF THE ATLANTIC AND WEST INDIES, WITH THE EUROPEAN FOSSIL FORMS.

THE GENUS GONTOPORA,

A SUPPLEMENT TO VOL. IV.

BY

HENRY M. BERNARD, M.A.

LONDON:

PRINTED BY ORDER OF THE TRUSTEES.

SOLD BY

LONGMANS & CO., 30 PATERNOSTER ROW;
B. QUARITCH, IS PICCADILLY; DULAU & CO., 37 SOHO SQUARE;
KEGAN PAUL & CO., PATERNOSTER HOUSE, CHARING CROSS ROAD;
AND AT THE

BRITISH MUSEUM (NATURAL HISTORY), CROMWELL ROAD, S.W.

1906.

All rights reserved.

8 2 2 6 / 07



QL 377 C735 V. 6

PREFACE.

The present volume completes the description of the genus Porites, and contains also a descriptive list of Gonioporæ, supplementary to that given in Vol. IV.

The Museum collection is not extensive, and from the Atlantic basin there are only about 50 forms of *Porities*. A number, however, not in the collection, have been described by other naturalists; in order to study some of these, and especially the types of Lamarck, the Author paid a visit to Paris, where he received the most conrecous assistance from the officers in charge, and especially from Dr. Gravier; later on, that gentleman most kindly superintended the preparation of a series of photographs of some of the more important types in the Paris Museum for this volume.

The volume has been edited by Mr. F. JEFFREY BELL. He has in this volume left the Author's observations and modes of stating them much more in the Author's original words than in previous volumes, feeling that, as this is the last volume which will be published with the method of nomenclature here adopted, it is only right that the Author should express himself in his own way.

The genus appears to be comparatively recent, and this may be the explanation of the paucity of fossil types. Mr. Bullen Newton, of the Geological Department, has afforded Mr. Bernard all the advice and assistance he required.

E. RAY LANKESTER.

British Museum (Natural History), Cromwell Road, London, S.W. October 11th, 1906.

TABLE OF CONTENTS.

Т	HE GE	NUS	PORITES WEST INDIAN AND ATLANTIC FORMS.	
INTR	ODUCT	ORY	REMARKS	1
			***************************************	3
			***************************************	12
			E OF THE METAMERIC GROWTH MENTIONED IN THE FORE-	
GOD	NG SECT	ion	***************************************	20
	GE0G	RAPI	HICAL ARRANGEMENT OF THE ATLANTIC AND WEST INDIAN PORITES.	
Grou	· 1.	WES	ST AFRICAN COAST AND CAPE VERDE ISLANDS	25
Groun	P 11.	BRA	zus	29
Grou	P III.		ST INDIAN ISLANDS PROPER	30
Groui	P IV.		STERN SHORES OF THE GULF OF MEXICO	67
Grou			RIDA AND FLORIDA RIGGS	71
Grou	3 (1.05.75)		anas and Bermuda	76
Grou	P VII.		CIMENS FROM UNKNOWN ATLANTIC AND WEST INDIAN	
			OCALITIES	80
GROU:	P VIII.	Eur	OPEAN FOSSIL FORMS	107
Grou	P 1X.,		DRITES FROM NO RECORDED LOCALITY.	112
	A	NAI.	ATTICAL TABLES OF THE RESULTS.	Page
TABLE 1.				rage
" II. S			the Geological and Geographical Distribution of Porites from st Indian, and from the European Tertiary beds	
	from th	iese sn	distribution of the known Variations in Growth-forms of the August Regions	130
			istribution of the more easily definable Types of Calicle	
			ble IV.	
			Individual Coralla	

SUPPLEMENTARY LIST OF GONIOPORÆ.

(CONTINUED FROM VOL. IV.)

	Page	Pag	ge
PREFATORY NOTE	146	West Indian. (Supplement to Group XIII. of Vol. IV. p. 155.)	
Etlice Islands		Jumaien	9
Australia. (Supplement to Group II. of Vol. IV. p. 48.) 15 Great Barrier Reef. 15 Torres Strait 15 North-West Australia 15		FORMS PROM NO RECORDED LOCALITY. (Supplement to Group XIV. of Vol. IV. p. 196.)	
INDIAN OCEAN, (Supplement to Group IV, of Vol. IV, p. 85)		1V. p. 162.)	12
Christmas Island	157 158	CHIEF FACTS OF MORPHOLOGICAL IN- TEREST REVEALED BY THESE AD- DITIONAL FORMS	
India and Persia. (Supplement to Group V. of Vol. IV. p. 92.)		With regard to growth-forms 16 With regard to the calleles 16	

CATALOGUE

OF

MADREPORARIA.

Volume VI.

The Genus PORITES.

Part II. PORITES OF THE ATLANTIC AND WEST INDIAN AREA.

I. INTRODUCTORY.

Volume V. contains a list with descriptions, analytical tables, and illustrations of the forms of this genus—the most ubiquitous of all reef-forming corals—which are known to belong to the Indo-Pacific region. Large as the list is, we may legitimately conclude that it represents but a small selection of the forms now inhabiting that vast area, while the few mentions of fossils supply little more than a hint as to the previous existence of many generations ancestral to those now living round its innumerable shores or building up its reefs.

This Volume is a continuation of our account of the genus, but contains the forms which are so far known living in the Atlantic Oceans, North and South, in the West Indian Islands and Gulf of Mexico on the west, and fossil in the Paris and Mediterranean Basins on the east.

The division of the genus into the Indo-Pacific and the Atlantic and West Indian forms each treated in a separate volume is morphologically justifiable, because the latter prove on examination to have characters of their own which constitute them a group apart. This point is especially interesting. It is in keeping with the conclusion at which our work has brought us: that while free-living organisms with highly developed powers of locomotion, such as fish or birds, may spread freely over the surface of the globe, and thus be largely independent of