THE NORMAL COURSE IN READING: SECOND READER. SELECTED READINGS AND CULTURE LESSONS

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The Normal Course in Reading: Second Reader. Selected Readings and Culture Lessons by Emma J. Todd & W. B. Powell

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EMMA J. TODD & W. B. POWELL

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NORMAL COURSE IN READING.

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SECOND READER.

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THE

NORMAL COURSE IN READING.

COMPRISING: -

PRIMER: Preliminary Work in Reading;

FIRST READER: First Steps in Reading;

SECOND READER: Select Readings and Culture Lessons;

ALTERNATE SECOND READER: Progressive Readings in Nature;

THIRD READER: Diversified Readings and Studies;

ALTERNATE THIRD READER: How to Read with Open Eyes;

FOURTH READER: The Wonderful Things around Us;

FIFTH READER: Advanced Readings in Literature — Scientific, Geographical, Historical, Patriotic, and Miscellaneous;

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PUBLISHERS' NOTE.

PROBABLY no books in our schools represent, on the whole, more effort and enterprise on the part of publisher and author alike, than the school reading books. They have constantly received contributions from our ablest and most thoughtful educators, and to their publication have been given the best endeavors of our most successful schoolbook makers — facts which abundantly attest the importance of the subject and the interest taken in it by the educational public.

That there have yet remained possibilities for improvement in this department of school work cannot be doubted by any who have followed the discussions of the subject among educators and in the press. Our best teachers have not been satisfied with the readers of stereotyped pattern, and have over and again expressed a desire for something different and better. All this has revealed and emphasized the necessity for improvement, not alone in the manner of presentation, but also in the subject-matter presented.

It is confidently claimed that the Normal Course in Reading fully answers this demand for improvement. Its literature is of the choicest. Its subject-matter is drawn from topics which attract and engage all children, appealing at once to their intelligence and interest, and giving them something to read about and think about. Its order of presentation and treatment is based on true pedagogical principles. Its plan and scope are natural, comprehensive, and in full accord with the most advanced school work of to-day.

A more definite and detailed exposition of the plan, scope, and subject-matter of each book in the series will be found in the "Suggestions to Teachers," prepared by the authors.

The publishers confidently commend the Series to all progressive educators, and anticipate for it large favor at the hands of those who appreciate the best schoolroom work.

SUGGESTIONS TO TEACHERS.

During the early part of the child's course in reading, the ability to read understandingly and well will proceed most naturally from the habit of talking well. During the latter part of his course in reading, he will talk interestingly and well, proportionately with his ability to read understandingly and well.

The child will learn to read well most easily, and therefore most

rapidly, by first learning to talk well.

The child will take pleasure in learning to read if he has an interest in the subjects about which he is to read. The greater his interest in a subject, the greater will be his delight in reading about it.

It is not good educational policy to simplify reading matter to the child's standard of untrained expression. It is better educational work to raise the child's standard of expression to the plane of good English construction.

This can be done only by training him to talk well. Talking well involves much more than talking with grammatical accuracy. It involves structure of composition, — the sequential arrangement of thought and the use of the idiom that properly and elegantly represents such arrangement. To learn to talk well the child must learn to see groups of associate thought as entireties. He must also see the relations of the parts of such groups or units, if they are descriptions, respecting position, size, color, form, etc.; or, as in a group of events, respecting time or relative importance of the events constituting the unit.

"My children use as good English in common conversation about their studies [the recitations consisted of conversations about topics of which the lessons treated] as is found in the texts that are placed in their hands," said a most successful teacher of reading. This teacher declared it to be most fascinating work to teach children to read. . The subjects about which the child should learn, and be led to talk, are those concerning which he will be afterward called on to read.

Most of the words used in this book are in the vocabularies of the children who will read it. The children know the meanings of most of the words well enough to use them for the expression of what they want to say; but they do not know the use of many of the idioms used. The use of these must be taught them by conversation. Let the teacher remember, however, that the children must be made to do the talking, and when talking must be led to use the proper idiom. After the desired use of the idiom has been secured it may be written on the board, that the child may learn its form before he meets with it in the text.

The children should be made ready to read the lessons of this book by work adapted to the lessons respectively. Definiteness of purpose should characterize every preparation. There should be variety of methods in the work of preparation. The good teacher will give as much variety to this work as is found in the topics on which the lessons treat, increased by the variety found in the forms of their settings.

The children may be prepared for most of the lessons by properly conducted conversation, — the children doing most of the talking.

The children are to be prepared to read a description by first being made able to describe that of which the lesson treats. As the talking lesson proceeds let the difficult words, new phrases, and involved sentences be written on the board, to be read by the children. All of this work should be sequential in its order, accurate in the expression of exact thought, correct in its grammatical construction; and, while showing variety in arrangement and expression, should involve the use of the difficult new words and idioms of the text.

For the lessons in narration let the teacher relate a story, using the utmost care both with the structure of the thought and with the construction of the sentences. Then let the children reproduce the story, being guided to the same care in securing the sequential arrangement of thought and the purity of language. As the reproductions develop, let them appear on the board to be read by the children. For some lessons the children will require a preparation that will give them information. Such preparations will require the use of appliances. The children should be led to formulate this information in good language, arranged in sequential order. Such reproductions should involve the use of the idioms and new words found in the text to be read.

For the reading of some lessons, especial preparation in expression will be required. See pages 43, 81, 140, and others. Nothing but natural talking, the expression of the same or kindred feelings as those represented by the text will fit children to read these lessons properly. Cause the children to feel the proper emotion, then let them talk, after which let them read.

It is assumed that the children will early learn the values of the consonants of the language. This is one of the early steps in learning to read.

With the acquired ability to give the correct sounds of those consonants and combinations of consonants whose values are constant, the child, after the intelligent preparation suggested by the foregoing, will be able profitably to study a lesson as seat work. Such study will be both valuable and interesting to him. Such study should involve the writing of all new words and idioms. The work done by the teacher on the board may be left there for reference while the children are studying their lesson. It is important that the children should learn how to study a reading lesson, should learn how to read for themselves.

TABLE OF CONTENTS.

LESSON	PAGE	LESSON	PAGE
1. My Little Sister	9	42. The First Paper Makers	
2. Tell the Truth	10	43. John and the Hillside .	
3. Kind Deeds	12	44. Bird Trades	
4. Be Sure you Know		45. The Fox and the Crow .	. 88
5. Going Away	14	46. Profitable Talks	
6. The Story of One Cent	16	47. Polly's Dolly	. 96
7. The Rain		48. A Talk about Buds	. 96
		49. Pulp	. 98
8. The Snow	22	49. Pulp	. 102
10. Falling Snow	25	51. Little Things	. 104
11. Summer Sports	26	52. The Clay Lesson	
12. The Anxious Leaf		53. October's Party	
13. Little Dancing Leaves		54. Clay Work	
14. The Bloodroot		55. The New Sled	. 112
15. Soap Bubbles		56. Folding Paper	. 113
16. Treasure-Boxes	. 34	57. The Blacksmith	. 118
	38	58. The Little Mother	. 120
18. Nell and her Bird	40	59. Country Sports	. 122
19. The Dog in the Manger	42	60. The Farmer	. 124
20. The Unfortunate Bird		61. A Strange Nest	. 126
21. Old Sam		62. The Lark and her Young	g
22. Hide-and-Seek		Ones	. 128
23. Robin Redbreast	48	63. The Fly and the Moth .	. 130
24. Cold Water for Me	. 49	64. Where is Kitty?	. 182
25. Selfishness	. 50	65. What I Love	. 134
26. Advice	. 52	66. The Wagon	. 135
27. Our Nero	. 54	67. Very Smart	. 139
28. The Story of a Good Boy	. 56	68. The Lost Pig	. 140
29. All Have Work to Do .	. 58	69. Modes of Travel	
30. A Change	. 61	70. They Grow	. 148
31. Alfred and the Chickens		71. The Lily	. 149
32. Marsh Marigolds	. 64	72. Busy Bee	, 150
33. The Flag we Love	. 66	73. The Ants and the Grass	
34. The Humming Bird	. 68	hoppers	. 152
35. India Rubber	. 70	74. The Little Boat Builders	. 154
36. The Use of Food	. 73	75. Selections	. 155
37. Time	. 77	76. An Evening Prayer	. 156
88. The Lion and the Bear .		77. Selections	. 157
39. The Reading Lesson	. 79	Phonic Chart	. 158
40. Rage! Rage! Any Old Rage	9 80	List of Words	. 159
41 De Polite to All		1	