## MECHANICAL GEOMETRY. AN APPLICATION TO GEOMETRY OF SOME PROPOSITIONS IN STATICS

Published @ 2017 Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd

ISBN 9780649645220

Mechanical Geometry. An Application to Geometry of Some Propositions in Statics by A. H. L. S. Béchaux

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## A. H. L. S. BÉCHAUX

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### MECHANICAL GEOMETRY.

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AN APPLICATION TO GROMETRY OF SOME PROPOSITIONS IN STATICS.

### BY A. H. L. S. BÉCHAUX, B.A.,

OF SIDNEY SUBSEX COLLEGE, CAMBRIDGE.



 R. HARDWICKE, 192, PICCADILLY, LONDON;
W. METCALFE, TRINETY STREET, CAMBRIDGE, 1869.

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T. SERTLET AND CO., PRINTANS, SHOT LANS, TLEFT STRRUT.

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### PREFACE.

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OUR knowledge of Geometry has been greatly increased by the application of Algebra and the Infinitesimal Calculus to that science. I have endeavoured, in the following pages, to demonstrate that *elementary* Statics can also be advantageously applied to Geometry, thinking that a complete separation of Pure from Applied Mathematics ought no more to be insisted upon than the separation of Geometry from Analysis.

This book will recommend itself to Problem Makers, and to those who want to satisfy themselves quickly as to the truth of certain geometrical statements. Some may also think that the road to a solution, short, and free from ambiguity, is often clearly pointed out by the new methods; and these, by comparison, will occasionally be found preferable to the use of Pure Geometry, of Co-ordinates, and of Abridged Notation. Originality of solution alone can be expected in subjects so hackneyed as the properties of straight lines and circles in one plane, to which this volume is confined. Some of the illustrating examples, however, are new.

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#### PBEFACE.

In the equations of points (Chapter I.), and of forces (Chapter II.), I have extended the meaning of the sign of equality; in them it means equivalence. In Chapter II. and the following ones, multiplication often signifies justaposition of the capital letters.

I have explained and exemplified, in the first eight chapters, some of the processes by which equations of forces, of distances, and of areas, can be derived from equations of points. In Chapers II., VI., IX., X. will be found the method of the separation of the letters which define either a force, or a distance, or an area. The magnitude of a line is easily ascertained by the processes of Chapters VII. and VIII. Chapters XI. and XII. contain the application of the preceding ones to the Areal Equations of the Straight Line and Circle. An equation involving one variable only, can be obtained, representing a straight line when of the first degree, a conic when of the second degree, a cubic when of the third, and so on. Moreover, most of the propositions in this book are actually true for a System of Points in Space, the others being readily made so, by changing in their enunciations, right lines into planes, areas into volumes, and circles into spheres. These and other further applications of the Mechanical Geometry I have in manuscript.

LANDON, February, 1869.

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