ARTHUR SCHOPENHAUER: HIS LIFE AND HIS PHILOSOPHY

Published @ 2017 Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd

ISBN 9780649100187

Arthur Schopenhauer: his life and his philosophy by Helen Zimmern

Except for use in any review, the reproduction or utilisation of this work in whole or in part in any form by any electronic, mechanical or other means, now known or hereafter invented, including xerography, photocopying and recording, or in any information storage or retrieval system, is forbidden without the permission of the publisher, Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd, PO Box 1576 Collingwood, Victoria 3066 Australia.

All rights reserved.

Edited by Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd. Cover @ 2017

This book is sold subject to the condition that it shall not, by way of trade or otherwise, be lent, re-sold, hired out, or otherwise circulated without the publisher's prior consent in any form or binding or cover other than that in which it is published and without a similar condition including this condition being imposed on the subsequent purchaser.

www.triestepublishing.com

HELEN ZIMMERN

ARTHUR SCHOPENHAUER: HIS LIFE AND HIS PHILOSOPHY

Trieste

ARTHUR SCHOPENHAUER

Arthur Jehopentjauor. 10

ARTHUR SCHOPENHAUER

HIS LIFE AND HIS PHILOSOPHY

BY

HELEN ZIMMERN

Unders . . . als jonft in Menfchenköpfen Malt fich in diejem Ropf die Wett

Il est évident que de par sa nature la femme est destinée à obéir. Et la preuve en est que celle qui est placée dans cet état d'indépendance contraire à sa nature s'attache aussitôt à n'importe quel homme par qui elle se laisse diriger et dominer parce qu'elle a besoin d'un maître.

A. SCHOPENHAUER.

LONDON

LONGMANS, GREEN, AND CO.

1876

All rights rearisti



L'honneur pour une jeune fille consiste dans la confiance qu'inspire son innocence, et pour une femme dans sa fidélité à son mari. Que pensez-vous de la vérité de leur vertu? SCHOPENHAUER.



PREFACE.

-11-4- (1925)- 50 years NEARLY a quarter of a century has elapsed since the name of ARTHUR SCHOPENHAUER was first pronounced in England.¹ This country may claim to have given the signal for the recognition of a thinker not at the time widely known or eminently honoured in his native land; and although the subsequent expansion of his fame and influence has been principally conspicuous in Germany, indications have not been wanting of a steady growth of curiosity and interest respecting him Allusions to him in English periodical here. literature have of late been frequent, assuming an acquaintance with his philosophy on the reader's part which the latter, it may be feared, does not often possess. The time thus seems to have

' See 'Iconoclusm in German Philosophy,' an essay in the 'Westminster Review' for April 1853, understood to be from the pen of Mr. John Oxonford.

PREFACE.

arrived for such an account of the man and the author as may effect for the general reader what M. Ribot's able French *précis* has already accomplished for the student of mental science, and may prepare the way for the translation of Schopenhauer's capital treatise, understood to be contemplated by an accomplished German scholar now resident among us.

The little volume which owes its existence to these considerations can advance no lofty pretensions either from the biographical or the critical point of view. No new biographical material of importance can be offered now, and there is every reason to believe that none such exists. We must accordingly depend in the main upon the concise memoir by Gwinner-a model of condensation, good taste, and graphic power-supplemented by the heterogeneous and injudicious, yet in many respects invaluable, mass of detail put forth by the philosopher's immediate disciples, Lindner and Frauenstädt. Relying on these sources of information, we have endeavoured to portray for English readers one of the most original and picturesque intellectual figures of our time; with obvious analogies to Johnson, Rousseau, and Byron, nor yielding in interest to any of them,

vi

PREFACE.

yet a man of unique mould; a cosmopolitan, moreover, exempt from local and national trammels, whose mind was formed to be the common possession of his race. The portrait-should the execution have in any degree corresponded with the intention-will, we are convinced, be valued by all who prefer sterling humanity to affectation, who know how to esteem a genuine man. By many it will be deemed unattractive, by some perhaps even forbidding. We shall not be discouraged by cavils grounded upon the fallacy of estimating every man by a uniform conventional standard, without reference to the special mission appointed him in the world. Il faut que chacun ait les défauts de ses qualités. Wordsworth's imperturbable egotism, for example, is even more offensive, because less frankly human, than the boisterous arrogance of Schopenhauer. No one, nevertheless, makes this a crime in Wordsworth, it being universally recognised that he needed all his self-complacency to withstand public contumely; that to wish him other than he was would be to wish that England had never possessed a Wordsworth. Schopenhauer needed even more the steeling armour of self-esteem and scorn, inasmuch as the neglect which exasperated him