FRENCH COMPOSITION THROUGH LORD MACAULAY'S ENGLISH, II WARREN HASTINGS

Published @ 2017 Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd

ISBN 9780649189182

French composition through Lord Macaulay's English, II Warren Hastings by James Boelle

Except for use in any review, the reproduction or utilisation of this work in whole or in part in any form by any electronic, mechanical or other means, now known or hereafter invented, including xerography, photocopying and recording, or in any information storage or retrieval system, is forbidden without the permission of the publisher, Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd, PO Box 1576 Collingwood, Victoria 3066 Australia.

All rights reserved.

Edited by Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd. Cover @ 2017

This book is sold subject to the condition that it shall not, by way of trade or otherwise, be lent, re-sold, hired out, or otherwise circulated without the publisher's prior consent in any form or binding or cover other than that in which it is published and without a similar condition including this condition being imposed on the subsequent purchaser.

www.triestepublishing.com

JAMES BOELLE

FRENCH COMPOSITION THROUGH LORD MACAULAY'S ENGLISH, II WARREN HASTINGS

Trieste

FRENCH COMPOSITION THROUGH

LORD MACAULAY'S ENGLISH.

II.

WARREN HASTINGS.

Also published:

FREDERIC THE GREAT,' I VOL 35.

In preparation on the same plan:

.

'LORD CLIVE.'

FRENCH COMPOSITION

B

THROUGH

LORD MACAULAY'S ENGLISH.

Π.

WARREN HASTINGS.

EDITED, WITH NOTES, HINTS, AND INTRODUCTION,

BY

JAMES BOIELLE, B.A. (UNIV. GALL.),

Senior French Master in Dulwich College; for some years Examiner in French to the Intermediate Education Board, Ireland; Editor of School Editions of Victor Hugo's 'Les Misérables,' 'Los Travailleurs de la Mer,' 'Notre-Dame de Paris,' &²c, &²c, &²c,



WILLIAMS AND NORGATE,

HENRIETTA STREET, COVENT GARDEN, LONDON.
AND 20, SOUTH FREDERICK STREET, EDINBURGH.

1889.

[All Rights reserved.]

-



LONDON: PRINTED BY C. GREEN AND SON, 178, STRAND.

PREFACE.

THIS is the second instalment of an attempt, the outcome of many years' experience, to drive French Composition home to the minds of English boys by the only rational way of teaching it, viz. by hints and careful guidance through the mazes of French construction. Macaulay's famous Essays have been chosen because, apart from their historical value and the interest they cannot fail to awaken, he is perhaps the most *French* of English writers, his splendid prose going smoothly and readily into the language.

The plan of study the Editor would recommend is this. After, say, every ten pages have been thoroughly mastered by means of the notes, they should be made the subject of a *revision lesson*—the pupils being asked to translate them *vivâ voce* into French from another book containing the ordinary English text only.

It is impossible to over-estimate the value of vivå-voce French composition as a means of affording learners that facility for dealing readily with a French turn of phrase, without which all composition must remain laboured and strained, with none of the French 'ring' about it. The Editor attributes the great success of numbers of his pupils to a vigorous course of vivå-voce composition — much of Macaulay, Dickens, Thackeray, &c., having been used by him in this way.

Preface.

He desires to thank M. Léon Delbos (through Messrs. Williams and Norgate) for permission to print, as Introduction to these volumes, his 'Hints on French Composition,' which appear at the beginning of Delbos's French Composition.

The very flattering reception accorded by masters to his annotated edition of *Frederic the Great*, and the splendid and unanimous welcome given to it by the Press—an honour he very much appreciates—have been a great encouragement to the Editor in the preparation of this second Essay; while the work done by him with the *Frederic the Great* in his own classes abundantly proves, what he had long thought to be the case, that these Essays are destined to give a great impulse and stimulus to the teaching of French Composition in English schools.

DULWICH COLLEGE. March, 1889.

vi

HINTS ON FRENCH COMPOSITION.

THE ORDER OF WORDS.

1. The order of words in French is generally as follows:

I. Nomi	native, called	in French	h Suje	t.
II. Verb,		,,	Verb	
III. Accuse	ative, "	**		me direct.
IV. Dativ	e, "		Régi	me indirect.
Sujet Le Général	Verbe envoya	Régime un or		Régime indirect aux troupes

2. If the accusative has a complement, the dative, if shorter, generally precedes it.

Accusative with extension Dative l'ai donné à mon frère un livre contenant des gravures superbes

3. The order of the pronouns will be best ascertained by means of the following examples, which should be committed to memory :

BEFORE THE VERB.

he gives	it to me	=	il	me le or la* d	onne
**	them to me	=		me les	
	it to thee	=		te le or la*	
**	them to thee	=	.,	te les	78
	it to him	-		le or la" lui	
<u></u>	it to her	-	tr	le or la* lui	
2) 23	them to him	=	12	les lui	11
	them to her	-		les lui	
** **	it to us	=	-	nous le or la*	
	them to us	=		nous les	35
	it to you	100		vous le or la*	
15	them to you	=		vous les	19
	it to them (m.)	-		le or la* leur	**
	it to them (f.)	48		le or la* leur	
11 12 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17	them to them (m.)	=		les leur	
u	them to them (f.)			les leur	**

* As there is no neuter gender in French, it always refers either to a masculine or feminine noun; therefore le or la, lui or elle, must be used to suit the gender of the word represented by it in French,