

**THE CRUSADE OF  
MCCCLXXXIII.:  
KNOWN AS THAT OF  
THE BISHOP OF NORWICH**

Published @ 2017 Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd

ISBN 9780649434152

The Crusade of MCCCLXXXIII.: Known as That of the Bishop of Norwich by George M. Wrong

Except for use in any review, the reproduction or utilisation of this work in whole or in part in any form by any electronic, mechanical or other means, now known or hereafter invented, including xerography, photocopying and recording, or in any information storage or retrieval system, is forbidden without the permission of the publisher, Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd, PO Box 1576 Collingwood, Victoria 3066 Australia.

All rights reserved.

Edited by Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd.  
Cover @ 2017

This book is sold subject to the condition that it shall not, by way of trade or otherwise, be lent, re-sold, hired out, or otherwise circulated without the publisher's prior consent in any form or binding or cover other than that in which it is published and without a similar condition including this condition being imposed on the subsequent purchaser.

[www.triestepublishing.com](http://www.triestepublishing.com)

**GEORGE M. WRONG**

**THE CRUSADE OF  
MCCCLXXXIII.:  
KNOWN AS THAT OF  
THE BISHOP OF NORWICH**



1. The first part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions and activities. It emphasizes that proper record-keeping is essential for transparency and accountability, particularly in financial matters.

2. The second part of the document outlines the various methods and tools used to collect and analyze data. It highlights the need for consistent and reliable data collection processes to ensure the validity of the results.

3. The third part of the document describes the different types of data that can be collected and how they are used to inform decision-making. It notes that a combination of qualitative and quantitative data is often necessary to gain a comprehensive understanding of a situation.

4. The fourth part of the document discusses the challenges and limitations of data collection and analysis. It acknowledges that there are often obstacles to obtaining complete and accurate data, and that the analysis of complex data sets can be a time-consuming and difficult task.

5. The fifth part of the document provides a summary of the key findings and conclusions of the study. It reiterates the importance of careful data collection and analysis in reaching valid conclusions and offers recommendations for future research and practice.

*S.N. from the author.*

THE CRUSADE OF 1915

MCCCLXXXIII.,

KNOWN AS THAT OF  
THE BISHOP OF NORWICH.

BY

GEORGE M. WRONG, B.A.,

LECTURER IN HISTORY IN WYCLIFFE COLLEGE, TORONTO.

---

**James Parker and Co.**

6 SOUTHAMPTON-STREET, STRAND, LONDON;

AND 27 BROAD-STREET, OXFORD.

1892.

Neth 225.7.2  
v \*

HARVARD COLLEGE LIBRARY  
FROM THE FAMILY OF  
CHARLES ELIOT NORTON  
NOVEMBER 16, 1927

PRINTED BY JAMES PARKER AND CO.,  
CROWN YARD, OXFORD.

## PREFACE.

---

THE war-cry of the Crusades in their earlier and better days aroused the generous enthusiasm of thousands to rescue the Cross from its Eastern slavery. But the best impulses of mankind have usually been made the instruments of designing selfishness. The war-cry became in time a political tool, and lost its moral power. Many attempts were made to revive it, and in this little volume the story of one of these is told. The scene is not the distant and mysterious East, but commonplace Flanders ; and the Cross is not arrayed against the Standard of the Prophet but against the Cross carried by schismatic hands. The material for the story is scattered, and when it is not scanty it is untrustworthy in its detail. While I have been working upon it a sceptical friend has said to me repeatedly, "We know nothing about the past." I am convinced that he is wrong. The scattered records are fragments broken from the great whole. A thick coating of mistake and passion often covers them, and it is difficult to separate the error from the truth ; but sound historical science working from its knowledge of human nature which has remained unchanged, can recall with accuracy, if not with com-



pleteness, the vivid life of a past time if it has even scanty contemporary records.

The contents of this book were at first intended to form part of a larger work on the history of England in the latter part of the fourteenth century. Circumstances have made necessary the immediate publication of this portion of it. The notes are inserted as guaranty and proof of statements made. They are intended for the use of special students; others may safely ignore them.

OXFORD,  
*September 2, 1892.*

## CONTENTS.

	PAGE
I. THE CONFLICT AT ROME.	
Death of Gregory XI.—Election of Urban VI.— His quarrel with the Cardinals—The Schism— Rejection of Clement VII., the Antipope, by England—Urban VI. proclaims a Crusade against the Schismatics . . . . .	1
II. THE BISHOP OF NORWICH.	
His ancestry—His early career—Made Bishop of Norwich—His character—Riot at Lynn—Quarrel with St. Alban's Abbey—Suppresses rebels—Ap- pointed to lead the Crusade . . . . .	10
III. ENGLAND AND FLANDERS.	
The two Crusades—The state of Flanders—The position of Ghent—The capture of Bruges—The Count of Flanders' appeal to France—Van Arte- velde's appeal to England—The discussion in Parliament—The Battle of Roosebeke . . . . .	18
IV. THE WORK IN THE ENGLISH PARISHES.	
The Crusade proclaimed in England—The Bishop of Norwich takes the Cross—The offer of Indul- gences—The Church's System of Discipline— The Church's support of the Crusade—The Parish Priest—The Monk—The Friar—The Campaign of the Friars—Wycliffe's opposition— The Friars' success . . . . .	26

V. THE SETTING OUT.	PAGE
Affairs in Flanders—The Meeting of Parliament— Opposition of Party of John of Gaunt—The Grant to the Bishop of Norwich—The gathering of the Army—The chief officers—The final arrangements—The Bishop crosses to Calais . . . . .	45
 VI. THE CAMPAIGN IN FLANDERS.	
The delay at Calais—The materials for the history— Attack upon and capture of Gravelines—The defeat of the Bastard of Flanders—The Conquest of West Flanders—The effect of the victories in England—The siege of Ypres—The advance of a French army—Final assault of Ypres—The siege raised—The retreat—Calverley abandons Bergues . . . . .	55
 VII. THE END OF THE WAR.	
John of Gaunt gathers an army—King Richard's ride—The Royal Council—The siege of Bour- bourg—Distress of the French—A truce—With- drawal from Bourbourg—Gravelines destroyed— The Bishop returns to England—Accused in Par- liament—His defence and sentence—Truce with France—The effect of the Crusade . . . . .	81
APPENDIX . . . . .	92
INDEX . . . . .	95