

THE CHILDS LATIN ACCIDENCE

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The child's Latin accident by Benjamin Hall Kennedy

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BENJAMIN HALL KENNEDY

**THE CHILDS LATIN
ACCIDENCE**

THE
CHILD'S LATIN ACCIDENCE

EXTRACTED FROM

DR. KENNEDY'S CHILD'S LATIN PRIMER.



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PREFACE.

THESE 'Elements of Latin Accidence' are extracted from 'The Child's Latin Primer,' and published separately, in compliance with the request of several Teachers.

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THE CHILD'S LATIN ACCIDENCE.

SIGNS OF SPEECH.

§ 1.

THE LATIN LETTERS are twenty-five, being the same as the English without W.

SIX of the Letters are Vowels, a, e, i, o, u, y : the rest are Consonants, which cannot be sounded without a vowel.

CONSONANTS are divided into Liquids, Double Consonants, and Mutes.

The Liquids are l, m, n, r ; Double Consonants, x, z ; the rest are Mutes.

X is called a Double Consonant, because it consists of the two consonants c s.

Y and z are used only in words which come from Greek.

§ 2.

A SYLLABLE is a single sound, consisting of one or more letters : as, i-lex.

A DIPHTHONG is when two vowels make a single sound : as, ae, oe, au.

There are three usual diphthongs, ae, oe, au ; and three seldom used, ei, ou, ui.

A SHORT Syllable has the mark (˘) over its vowel ; a LONG Syllable has the mark (¯).

PARTS OF SPEECH.—DECLENSION.

§ 3.

THE PARTS OF SPEECH are Eight ; viz.

1. <i>Noun Substantive</i> ;		5. <i>Adverb</i> ;
2. <i>Noun Adjective</i> ;		6. <i>Preposition</i> ;
3. <i>Pronoun</i> ;		7. <i>Conjunction</i> ;
4. <i>Verb</i> ;		8. <i>Interjection</i> ;
which are <i>declined</i> .		which are <i>undeclined</i> .

	Singular.		Plural.
(2)	Nom. puer, <i>a boy</i>		puēr-i, <i>boys, m.</i>
	Voc. puer, <i>O boy</i>		puēr-i, <i>O boys</i>
	Acc. puēr-um, <i>a boy</i>		puēr-os, <i>boys</i>
	Gen. puēr-i, <i>of a boy</i>		puēr-ōrum, <i>of boys</i>
	Dat. puēr-o, <i>to or for a boy</i>		puēr-is, <i>to or for boys</i>
	Abl. puēr-o, <i>by, with, or from a boy</i>		puēr-is, <i>by, with, or from boys</i>
(3)	Nom. magister, <i>a master</i>		magistr-i, <i>masters, m.</i>
	Voc. magister, <i>O master</i>		magistr-i, <i>O masters</i>
	Acc. magistr-um, <i>a master</i>		magistr-os, <i>masters</i>
	Gen. magistr-i, <i>of a master</i>		magistr-ōrum, <i>of masters</i>
	Dat. magistr-o, <i>to or for a master</i>		magistr-is, <i>to or for masters</i>
	Abl. magistr-o, <i>by, with, or from a master</i>		magistr-is, <i>by, with, or from masters</i>
(1)	Nom. bell-um, <i>a war</i>	(b) Neuter.	bell-a, <i>wars</i>
	Voc. bell-um, <i>O war</i>		bell-a, <i>O wars</i>
	Acc. bell-um, <i>a war</i>		bell-a, <i>wars</i>
	Gen. bell-i, <i>of a war</i>		bell-ōrum, <i>of wars</i>
	Dat. bell-o, <i>to or for a war</i>		bell-is, <i>to or for wars</i>
	Abl. bell-o, <i>by, with, or from a war</i>		bell-is, <i>by, with, or from wars</i>

§ 8.

The Nominative of the THIRD DECLENSION ends in a, e, o, c, l, n, r, s, t, x.

A. CONSONANT-NOUNS.

(a) Masculine and Feminine.

	Singular.		Plural.
Nom.	judex, <i>a judge</i>		judic-es, <i>judges, m.</i>
Voc.	judex, <i>O judge</i>		judic-es, <i>O judges</i>
Acc.	judic-em, <i>a judge</i>		judic-es, <i>judges</i>
Gen.	judic-is, <i>of a judge</i>		judic-um, <i>of judges</i>
Dat.	judic-i, <i>to or for a judge</i>		judic-ibus, <i>to or for judges</i>
Abl.	judic-o, <i>by, with, or from a judge</i>		judic-ibus, <i>by, with, or from judges</i>

(b) Neuter.

Nom.	nomen, <i>a name</i>		nomin-a, <i>names</i>
Voc.	nomen, <i>O name</i>		nomin-a, <i>O names</i>
Acc.	nomen, <i>a name</i>		nomin-a, <i>names</i>
Gen.	nomin-is, <i>of a name</i>		nomin-um, <i>of names</i>
Dat.	nomin-i, <i>to or for a name</i>		nomin-ibus, <i>to or for names</i>
Abl.	nomin-o, <i>by, with, or from a name</i>		nomin-ibus, <i>by, with, or from names</i>