

**REPERTORY OF THE
SYMPTOMS OF
DISEASES OF THE
RESPIRATORY ORGANS**

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Repertory of the Symptoms of Diseases of the Respiratory Organs by F. H. Lutze

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REPERTORY

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DISEASES OF THE RESPIRATORY ORGANS

By

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"The physician's high and only mission is: To restore the sick to
health, to cure as it is called."

Dr. Samuel Hahnemann

"When we have to do with an art, whose end is the saving of human life,
any neglect to make ourselves thorough masters of it becomes a
crime."

Dr. Samuel Hahnemann

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PREFACE

In the first year of my practice, friendly counsel saved for me two patients who would otherwise have succumbed to pneumonia.

The first case was a girl, *æt.* 10 years, who was practically cured in one day by sanguinaria; the second case was a man, *æt.* 73 years, who was promptly cured by phosphorus. Neither of these families had ever had homœopathic treatment before, hence neither was able to give symptoms of any real value to guide me in the selection of the homœopathic remedy, and it was the discoloration of the face—circumscribed bright redness of the cheeks in the child, and dusky, suffused redness of the face in the old gentleman,—which gave the first guide to the selection of the proper homœopathic remedy.

When I saw the rapid and, to me, marvelous action of these remedies, I resolved that if I ever could do anything to help the beginner in homœopathy to cure such cases in like manner, I would do so, and the work herewith offered to the medical profession is the result of that resolution. It includes not only the treatment of pneumonia, but of bronchitis, pleuritis, phthisis and tuberculosis as well, and will also be found very helpful in the treatment of ordinary colds and coughs, too often the precursors of the graver diseases, especially when not properly treated.

The Repertory is preceded by a few special hints in prescribing some of the remedies, from masters in homœopathy. Then follows:

- 1st. Repertory of General Symptoms.
- 2d. Repertory of Coughs.
- 3d. Repertory of Expectorations.
- 4th. Repertory of General Aggravations and Ameliorations.
- 5th. Clinical Cases.

I trust that it will be found very helpful not only to the beginner in the practice of homœopathy, but to the experienced physician as well, and prove to be the means of saving the lives of very many patients, young and old, so that they may continue to live in perfect health and happiness to a well-rounded-out old age.

F. H. LUTZE, M.D.

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LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS
OF NAMES OF REMEDIES USED IN THE TEXT

ABROT.	ABROTANUM
ACAL.	ACALYPHA INDICA
ACET. AC.	ACETIC ACID
ACON.	ACONITUM NAPELLUS
ALOE	ALOE SOCOTRINA
ALUMEN	ALUMEN
ALUM.	ALUMINA
AMM. C.	AMMONIUM CARBONICUM
ANT. IOD.	ANTIMONIUM IODATUM
ANT. TART.	ANTIMONIUM TARTARICUM
APIS	APIS MELLIFICA
ARAN.	ARANEA DIADEMA
ARGENT. NIT.	ARGENTUM NITRICUM
ARN.	ARNICA MONTANA
ARS.	ARSENICUM ALBUM
ARS. IOD.	ARSENICUM IODATUM
ARUM TRI.	ARUM TRIPHYLLUM
BAD.	BADIAGA
BAPT.	BAPTISIA
BARYT. O.	BARYTA CARBONICUM
BELL.	BELLADONNA
BENZ. AC.	BENZOIC ACID
BORAX	BORAX
BROM.	BROMIUM
BRY.	BRYONIA ALBA
CACT.	CACTUS GRANDIFLORUS
CALC. C.	CALCAREA CARBONICA
CALC. PHOS.	CALCAREA PHOSPHORICA
CAMPH.	CAMPHORA
CANN. IND.	CANNABIS INDICA
CAPS.	CAPSIUM
CARBO AN.	CARBO ANIMALIS
CARBO VEG.	CARBO VEGETABILIS
CAUL.	CAULOPHYLLUM
CAUST.	CAUSTIUM
CEPA	CEPA
CHAM.	CHAMOMILLA
CHEL.	CHELDONIUM
CHINA	CHINA
CHIN. SULPH.	CHININUM SULPHURICUM
CINA	CINA
COCCL.	COCCLUS

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

CON.	CONIUM
CROT. H.	CROTALUS HORRIDUS
CORALOR.	CORALORHIZA
CUP. M.	CUPRUM METALLICUM
DIGIT.	DIGITALIS
DROS.	DROSER
DULC.	DULCAMARA
ELAPS	ELAPS
EUPH.	EUPHRASIA
FERR.	FERRUM METALLICUM
FERR. IOD.	FERRUM IODATUM
FERR. PHOS.	FERRUM PHOSPHORICUM
GELS.	SELSEMIUM
GRIND.	GRINDELIA ROBUSTA
HAM.	HAMAMELIS VIRGINICA
HELL.	HELLEBORUS NIGER
HELIX	HELIX TOSTA
HEP. S.	HEPAR SULPHURICUM
HYDRAS.	HYDRASIS CANADENSIS
HYOS.	HYOSCYAMUS NIGER
IGN.	IGNATIA AMARA
IOD.	IODIUM
IPLO.	IPPECACUANHA
KALI ARS.	KALI ARSENICOSUM
KALI BI.	KALI BIPHROMICUM
KALI BROM.	KALI BROMATUM
KALI C.	KALI CARBONICUM
KALI IOD.	KALI IODATUM
KALI N.	KALI NITRICUM
KALI S.	KALI SULPHURICUM
KRFOS.	KREOSOTUM
LACH.	LACHESIS
LACHN.	LACHNANTES
LAUR.	LADRUCERASUS
LED.	LEDUM PALUSTRE
LOB.	LOBELIA INFRATA
LYC.	LYCOPodium
LYCOPUS	LYCOPUS VIRGINICUS
MAG. C.	MAGNESIUM CARBONICUM
MANG.	MANGANUM
MED.	MEDORANTISEM
MELILOT.	MELILOTUS
MERC. I. F.	MERCURIUS IODATUS FLAVUS
MERC. V.	MERCURIUS VIVUS
MILL.	MILLEFOLIUM
MYRTUS	MYRTUS COMMUNIS
NATR. M.	NATRUM MURIATICUM

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

NATR. S.	NATRUM SULPHURICUM
NITR. AC.	NITRIC ACID
NUX V.	NUX VOMICA
OP.	OPIMUM
PETROL.	PETROLEUM
PHOS.	PHOSPHORUS
PHOS. AC.	PHOSPHORIC ACID
PINUS	PINUS PALUSTRIS
PLB. M.	PLOMBUM METALLICUM
PODO.	PODOPHYLLUM PELTATUM
PSOR.	PSORINUM
PULS.	PULSATILLA
RAN. B.	RANUNCULUS BULBOSUS
RHUS T.	RHUS TOXICODENDRON
RUMEX	RUMEX CRISPUS
SAB.	SABADILLA
SAMB.	SAMBUCUS NIGRA
SANG.	SANGUINARIA
SECALE	SECALE CORNOTUM
SENEGA	SENEGA
SEPIA	SEPIA
SILICA	SILICA
SILPH.	SILPHIUM LACINIATUM
SPIG.	SPIGELIA
SPONG.	SPONGIA TOSTA
SQUIL.	SQUILLA MARITIMA
STANN.	STANNUM METALLICUM
STAPH.	STAPHISAGRIA
STICTA	STICTA PULMONARIA
STRAM.	STRAMONIUM
SULPH.	SULPHUR
SULPH. AC.	SULPHURIC ACID
SYPH.	SYPHILINUM
TARANT.	TARANTULA CUBENSIS
TEREB.	TEREBINTHINA
THUJA	THUJA
TUB.	TUBERCULINUM
VERAT. A.	VERATRUM ALBUM
VERAT. V.	VERATRUM VIRIDE
ZINC. M.	ZINCUM METALLICUM

SPECIAL HINTS

FROM MASTERS IN HOMOEOPATHY IN PRESCRIBING SOME OF THE REMEDIES

ACALYPHA INDICA: The hemorrhage is aggravated in the morning and bright red; but dark and lumpy in the evening.

ACETIC ACID: should be given in the higher potencies and in the single dose; repetitions are dangerous, as they may cause profuse and even fatal hemorrhages. (Ferr.)

ACONITUM: should never be given in typhoid fever or tuberculosis, unless anxiety, mental restlessness and fear are present. Faint on rising from lying, with tendency to fall over, and loss of vision. (Everything turns black before the eyes.) Tuberculous patients are easily shocked and then have their menses suppressed, especially in young girls, for which aconite may be the remedy.

ALUMINA is often the remedy in the beginning of consumption, when the mucous membranes are deranged, digestion weak and assimilation imperfect. The cough is dry, as a rule, and the sputum not characteristic.

ANTIMONIUM TART. is most suitable to the extremes of life, youth and old age.

ARANEA: Bad effects of exposure and privations, causing anemia. Dyspeptic, impoverished, scorbutic persons, whose complaints are aggravated by living in damp places, near the water or working in cellars, and from cold, damp weather.

ARSENICUM will give brilliant results in all stages of tuberculosis (and pneumonia) from the incipient symptoms of rapid emaciation with or without the suspicious persistent cough, to fully developed phthisis; but to obtain that end, the remedy must not be repeated too often, which might produce fatal results. Its action is not only intense, but extensive, affecting every organ of the body, every nerve filament, from the slightest sensation to actual destruction of the organs. Its constitutional symptoms are of far greater value in prescribing, than the local.

Arsenic is usually not called for in the beginning of a disease. The tendency of this remedy is deathward. If given too early in a disease which tends to a fatal ending, we may precipitate the result we are so anxious to avoid. We must be certain that the mental state of the patient is positively that of arsenic, or harm will be done instead of good. These mental symptoms are as follows:

1. Depressed, melancholic, despair, indifference.
2. Fearful, restless, anxious, full of anguish.
3. Irritable, sensitive, peevish, easily vexed.
4. Fear of being alone, with dread of dying, when alone, or when going to bed. Fear of death.