

**EXPERIMENTAL
PHARMACOLOGY: A
LABORATORY GUIDE FOR THE
STUDY OF THE PHYSIOLOGICAL
ACTION OF DRUGS**

Published @ 2017 Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd

ISBN 9780649395118

Experimental Pharmacology: A Laboratory Guide for the Study of the Physiological Action of Drugs by Charles Wilson Greene

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CHARLES WILSON GREENE

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A LABORATORY GUIDE

FOR THE STUDY OF

THE PHYSIOLOGICAL ACTION OF DRUGS

BY

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THIRD EDITION, REVISED
WITH 37 NEW ILLUSTRATIONS

LANE 1 1909

PHILADELPHIA
P. BLAKISTON'S SON & CO.
1012 WALNUT STREET

1909

71.

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UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN

Printed by
The Maple Press
York, Pa.

V503
G 733
1909

PREFACE.

Instruction in Pharmacology should be based on a rigid course of required laboratory experiments. The student in the subject must be given every opportunity to observe for himself the changes produced by a drug in the activities of a tissue, of an organ, and of the entire organism. It is only on such intimate personal experience with the facts that one can reach a rational understanding of the principles of Pharmacology.

The directions presented here have been formulated during the growth of the course as presented in the University of Missouri. Under each drug presented there is given a list of experiments chosen with due consideration to the facility with which they may be performed by students. This list is followed by detailed yet brief directions for the execution of the experiments. An occasional type illustration is given to guide the student in his efforts. It is assumed that the individual student will have time for only a selected number of experiments on each drug, and the plan of the Guide is so arranged as to support the instructor in the assignment and execution of a number of diversified experiments by the average laboratory class.

I am indebted to the Department Teaching Staff, especially to Professor W. Koch, now of the University of Chicago, to Dr. W. H. Schultz, now of the U. S. Public Health and Marine Hospital Service, and to Professor R. B. Gibson for numerous suggestions and much assistance.

I am under special obligation to Mr. G. T. Kline for the drawings of apparatus, to Professor Gibson and to my students of the past five years for the majority of the new illustrations presented in this edition of the Guide.

C. W. G.

UNIVERSITY OF MISSOURI, *April*, 1909.

1. The first part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions and activities. It emphasizes that proper record-keeping is essential for transparency and accountability, particularly in the context of public administration and government operations. The text notes that without reliable records, it becomes difficult to track the flow of funds, resources, and information, which can lead to inefficiencies and potential misuse of public funds.

2. The second part of the document outlines the various methods and tools used to collect and analyze data. It mentions the use of surveys, interviews, and focus groups to gather qualitative and quantitative information. The text also discusses the importance of using statistical software and data visualization techniques to present the findings in a clear and accessible manner. It stresses that the choice of methods should be based on the research objectives and the nature of the data being collected.

3. The third part of the document addresses the challenges and limitations of data collection and analysis. It highlights issues such as data quality, bias, and the potential for errors in data entry and processing. The text suggests ways to mitigate these risks, such as implementing rigorous data validation procedures and using multiple sources of data to cross-verify information. It also notes that the complexity of the data and the time and resources required for analysis can be significant challenges.

4. The fourth part of the document discusses the ethical considerations surrounding data collection and analysis. It emphasizes the need to obtain informed consent from participants and to ensure that their data is used only for the purposes stated in the research protocol. The text also mentions the importance of protecting the confidentiality and privacy of the data, particularly when it contains sensitive information. It suggests following established ethical guidelines and standards to ensure the integrity and trustworthiness of the research.

5. The fifth part of the document concludes by summarizing the key findings and recommendations. It reiterates the importance of a systematic and transparent approach to data collection and analysis, and the need for ongoing communication and collaboration between researchers and stakeholders. The text suggests that the findings of the research should be used to inform policy-making and to improve the effectiveness of public administration and government operations.

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