SYNTAGMA OF THE EVIDENCES OF THE CHRISTIAN RELIGION. BEING A VINDICATION OF THE MANIFESTO OF THE HRISTIAN EVIDENCE SOCIETY

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Syntagma of the Evidences of the Christian Religion. Being a Vindication of the Manifesto of the Hristian Evidence Society by Robert Taylor

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ROBERT TAYLOR

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BEING

A VINDICATION

OF TH

MANIFEST

OF

THE CHRISTIAN EVIDENCE SOCIETY

AGAINST THE ASSAULTS OF

THE CHRISTIAN INSTRUCTION SOCIETY,

THROUGH THEIR DEPUTY,

J. P. S.

COMMONLY REPORTED TO BE DR. JOHN PYE SMITH, OF HOMERTON.

BY.

THE REV. ROBERT TAYLOR, A. B. and M. R. C. S. ORATOR OF THE AREOPAGUS.

PRISONER IN OAKHAM GAOL, FOR THE CONSCIENTIOUS MAINTENANCE OF THE TRUTHS CONTAINED IN THAT MANIFESTO.

"Erroris convincite! nam intercipere scripta, et publicatam velle submergere lectionem, non est Deum desendere, sed veritatis testificationem timere."

ARNOBIUS.

London :

PRINTED FOR THE AUTHOR.

1828.

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THE

PUBLISHER TO THE READER.

Thou hast, in this Pamphlet, all the sufficient evidence, that can be adduced for any piece of history a thousand years old, or to prove an error of a thousand years standing, that such a person as Jesus Christ never existed; but that the earliest christians meant the words to be nothing more than a personification of the principle of reason, of goodness, or that principle, be it what it may, which may most benefit mankind in the passage through life

CONTENTS.

THE MANIFESTO.— PROLOGOMENA.— SECTION 1.—On the general Ryidence of the pretended genuineness of the Christian Scriptures. SECTION 2.—Of Acts and Edicts for the alteration of the Scriptures. SECTION 3.—Alteration of the Gospel in the reign of Anastasius. SECTION 4.—On the assertion that Archbishop Lanfranc effected an alteration of the Scriptures. SECTION 5.—Of the nature of various readings, and the Inferences to be drawn from them. SECTION 6.—On the story of the Rocket Maker. SECTION 7.—Liberties taken with the Scriptures by Erasmus. SECTION 8.—The Origin and Character of the Text in the common editions of the Greek Testament. SECTION 9.—Immoral tendency of the Scriptures. SECTION 10.—On the Prototypes, or first specimens and originals of the Gospels. SECTION 11.—Proofs that no such person as Jesus Christ ever existed, and of the imposture of the Gospel History. SECTION 12.—That the Gospel Narratives are derived from the Idolatrous Fictions of India, Egypt, Greece, and
SECTION 1.—On the general Rvidence of the pretended genuineness of the Christian Scriptures
ness of the Christian Scriptures
Section 2.—Of Acts and Edicts for the alteration of the Scriptures
tures
SECTION 3.—Alteration of the Gospel in the reign of Anastasius. SECTION 4.—On the assertion that Archbishop Lanfranc effected an alteration of the Scriptures
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gn alteration of the Scriptures
SECTION 5.—Of the nature of various readings, and the Inferences to be drawn from them
ferences to be drawn from them
SECTION 6.—On the story of the Rocket Maker
SECTION 7.—Liberties taken with the Scriptures by Erasmus
Section 8.—The Origin and Character of the Text in the common editions of the Greek Testament
common editions of the Greek Testament
Section 9.—Immoral tendency of the Scriptures
Section 10.—On the Prototypes, or first specimens and originals of the Gospels
of the Gospels
Section 11.—Proofs that no such person as Jesus Christ ever existed, and of the imposture of the Gospel History
existed, and of the imposture of the Gospel History
History
SECTION 12.—That the Gospel Narratives are derived from the
additions a source of attending 26/1/16, Creecely and
Italy
SECTION 13.—The Indian Jesus Christ
Section 14.—The Egyptian Jesus Christ 10
SECTION 15.—The Phenician Jesus Christ
Section 16.—The Athenian Jesus Christ
SECTION 17.—Histories of the Demon Jesus, antecedent to the
Received Gospels 10
APPENDIX

SYNTAGMA:

BEING

A VINDICATION OF THE MANIFESTO

OF THE

CHRISTIAN EVIDENCE SOCIETY.

Established, November 12, 1824.

BY THE REV. ROBERT TAYLOR.

MANIFESTO,

TO ALL PROTESTANTS AND MEMBERS OF PROTESTANT CONGREGATIONS.

MEN AND BRETHREN,

You are hereby invited to attend the Discussions of the Evidences of the Christian Religion, which are held every Tuesday evening, in the Society's Areopagus, 86, Cannon-street, City, to which all respectable persons, upon observance of the necessary regulations, are admissible; and where all competent persons, upon a previous notification of their intentions, are allowed to deliver their sentiments upon the topic of discussion.

This Society aims only to promote the love of Truth, the practice of Virtue, and the influence of Universal Benevolence, as opposed to foolish and contradictory systems of religious faith—derived from the ignorance of barbarous ages, and craftily imposed upon the many for the aggrandisement of the power and influence of a few, who, aware of the suspicious origination of their pretended Divine Revelation, have shown themselves afraid and ashamed to maintain the same, where they might be answered by learned and able men, and might have their accuracy established, or their errors corrected.

Our Reverend Orator, a regular and canonically ordained Clergyman of the Established Church, bath publicly challenged all Ministers and Preachers—and hereby repeats the challenge,—to come forward and show, if they can, the contrary of the Four Grand ProposiTrons, which, in the Society's Manifesto, "To all Clergymen, Ministers, and Preachers of the Gospel," are declared to have been, as far as to us appeared, fully and unanswerably demonstrated.

The Propositions are,

- That the Scriptures of the New Testament were not written by the persons whose names they bear.
- II. That they did not appear in the times to which they refer.
- III. That the persons of whom they treat never existed.
- That the events which they relate never happened.—Of these Propositions,

The Proofs are,

- I. That the Scriptures of the N. T. were not, &c.—Because, it cannot be shown, by any evidence, that they were "written by the persons whose names they bear;" and because it can be shown, by evidence both external and internal, that they were written by other persons.—By evidence external, In the formal acts and edicts of Christian Emperors, Bishops, and Councils, issued from time to time, for the general alteration, or total renovation of these Scriptures, according to their own caprice (a). And in the admissions of the most learned Critics and Divines, as to the alterations which these Scriptures have, from time to time, undergone (b).—By evidence internal, In the immoral, vicious, and wicked tendency of many passages therein remaining, and
- (a) Such were those of the Emperors Constantine and Theodosius, and this of the Emperor Amastasius. "When Messais was consul (that is, in the year of Christ 506) at Constantinople, by order of the Emperor Amastasius, the Hely Gospels, as being written by illiterate Evangelists, are censured and corrected." —Victor Tununerais, an African Bishop quoted by Lardner, vol. 3, p. 67. See also an account of a general alteration of these Scriptures, "to accommodate them to the faith of the orthodox," by Lanfranc, Archbishop of Canterbury, as recorded by Beausobre. Histoire de Manichec, vol. 1, p. 343.
- (b) Admissions of the most learned Critics.—1st. "There were in the MSS. of the N. T. 130,000 various readings." Unitar. New Version, p. 22.—2nd. The Manuscripts from which the received text was taken were stolen by the librarian and sold to a sky-rocket maker, in the year 1749." Herbert Marsh, Bishop of Peterborough, vol. 2, p. 441—3rd. For the most important passage in the book of Revelation, there was no original Greek at all, but "Erasmus wrote it himself in Switzerland, in the year 1516. Bishop Marsh, vol 1, p. 320.

by the insertion of others, whose only drift is to enhance the power of Kings and Priests (c).

- II. That they did not appear in the times to which they refer; is demonstrable,—By evidence external, In the express admissions of Ecclesiastical Historians, of their utter inability to show when, or where, or by whom, this collection of writings was first made (d). And in the admissions of the most learned critics, as to the infinitely suspicions origination of the present Received Text. (e).—By evidence internal, In innumerable texts therein contained, betraying a comparatively modern character, referring to circumstances which did not exist till later ages, and quoting other Scriptures which had previously formed the faith of the first Christian Churches, but which, without any assignable reason, or alleged authority, have since been rejected (f).
- III. That the persons of whom they treat never existed; Because demoniacs, devils, ghosts, angels, hobgoblins, (g), persons who had once been dead who could walk on water, ride in the air, &c., such as Satan and Jesus Christ, are the persons of whom these Scriptures treat; and that such persons never existed is demonstrable—let. From the utter incongruity of such figments with the immutable laws of sound reason.—2ndly. From the total absence of all historical reference to their existence.—And 3rdl₃. From innumerable passages of these Scriptures themselves, which fully admit the merely visionary Hypostasis of their fabulous hero. (h).
- (c) Immoral, &c.,—See Romans, iii. 7.; Epist. John, ii. 10.; Heb. xii. 29; Heb. xii. 17.; Romans, xiii.; 1 Peter, ii. 13; Luke, xiv. 26., &c.
 - (d) See Mosheim's Ecoles, Hist.; Jones on the Canon, &c. passim.
- (e) Received Text, &c.—"The Received Text rests on the authority of no more than twenty or thirty manuscripts, most of which are of little note." Unitar. Version, Introd. 10. "It was completed by the Elzevir edition of 1624." Ib. Mark well! the retaining therein and circulating, as the Word of God, with consent or connivance of all parties, several passages known and admitted by all to be Forgeries and Lies. 1 John, v. 7.; 1 Tim. iii. 16. Excellent morality this!
- (f) Comparatively Modern, &c. See 2 Epist. John, 9.; I Tim. iii. 3. James, v. 14.; Matt. xviii. 17.; 1 Corinth. xv. 7. 32.; 1 Peter, iv. 6.
 - (g) Hobgoblins .- See Acts, xix. 15.
 - (h) Visionary Hypostasis. See Luke ix. 29. : Mark ix. 2.; Luke, xxiv. 31.

IV. That the events which they relate never happened, is demonstrable (farther than as a consequence of the preceding proposition) from the fact that some, many, or all these events, had been previously related of the gods and goddesses of Greece and Rome, and more especially of the Indian idol, Chrishna, whose religion, with less alteration than time and translations have made in the Jewish Scriptures, may be traced in every dogma and every ceremony of the Evangelical Mythology.

MEN AND BRETHREN,

If these things can be denied or disproved, your Ministers and Preachers are earnestly called on to do so. Your Missionaries, who boast their readiness to carry their Gospel to the remotest shores of the earth, are again and again extreated to become its advocates before assemblies of intelligent and learned men, here, in their native land; where, upon due notice of their intentions, and upon the condition of allowing themselves to be respectfully questioned and learnedly replied to, they will be received with honour and heard with attention.

By the assembled Society,

ROBERT TAYLOR, A.B. and M.R.C.S.

Orator of the Areopagos, and Chaplain of the Society of Universal Benevolence.

Areopagus of the Christian Evidence Society, London, February, 1827.

1 John, v. 6, and innumerable other passages, in perfect accordance with the TRUE AND GENUINE GOSPELS of the most primitive Christians, which taught that he was ninety-eight miles tall, and twenty-four miles broad; that he was not crucified at all; that he was never born at all; that by faith only we are saved, &cc., &cc.; all equally indicative that Christianity had no evidence at all, but we a matter of mere conceit, fancy, or superstition, from first to last.