DISEASES PECULIAR TO WOMEN, WITH A NEW AND SUCCESSFUL TREATMENT FOR THE SAME, WITHOUT THE USE OF CAUSTICS; PP.1-134

Published @ 2017 Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd

ISBN 9780649476008

Diseases Peculiar to Women, with a New and Successful Treatment for the Same, without the Use of Caustics; pp.1-134 by John Pattison

Except for use in any review, the reproduction or utilisation of this work in whole or in part in any form by any electronic, mechanical or other means, now known or hereafter invented, including xerography, photocopying and recording, or in any information storage or retrieval system, is forbidden without the permission of the publisher, Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd, PO Box 1576 Collingwood, Victoria 3066 Australia.

All rights reserved.

Edited by Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd. Cover @ 2017

This book is sold subject to the condition that it shall not, by way of trade or otherwise, be lent, re-sold, hired out, or otherwise circulated without the publisher's prior consent in any form or binding or cover other than that in which it is published and without a similar condition including this condition being imposed on the subsequent purchaser.

www.triestepublishing.com

JOHN PATTISON

DISEASES PECULIAR TO WOMEN, WITH A NEW AND SUCCESSFUL TREATMENT FOR THE SAME, WITHOUT THE USE OF CAUSTICS; PP.1-134



11 - 15 18 18 12 11 9

DISEASES PECULIAR TO WOMEN,

WITH A

NEW AND SUCCESSFUL TREATMENT FOR THE SAME,

WITHOUT

THE USE OF CAUSTICS.

DY

JOHN PATTISON, M.D.

SECOND EDITION.

LONDON:

HENRY TURNER & CO.,
77, FLEET STREET, E.C., & 74, NEW BOND STREET, W.;
MANCHESTER:
41, PICCADILLY, & 15, MARKET STREET.

1867.

Other Works by the same Author.

- CANCER: ITS NATURE, AND SUCCESSFUL AND COMparatively Painless Treatment, without the usual Operation with the Knife. New Edition. Cloth, 2s. 6d., post free.
- FISTULA IN ANO: A NEW AND SUCCESSFUL TREATment, without the Knife or Ligature. Price 1s., cloth 1s. 6d., post free.

LONDON: H. TURNER & Co., 77, Fleet Street, E.C., and 74, New Bond Street, W. MANCHESTER: 41, Piocadilly, and 15, Market Street.

Gntered at Stationers' Sail.

CONTENTS.

							P	AGE
PREFACE	•	3	: -	*	-	*	•3	**
L Fr	INCTIO	NAL D	erang:	EMENTS	OF TR	ie Womi	В.	
Amenorrhæ	s, or A	рве пс е (of the	Menstr	ual Flo	w-Dyan	ie-	
norrhosa	, or F	ainful .	Flow-	Menorr	hagia,	or Profu	ae	
Flow	٠	•	•	11 . 12.	·	÷	- 1·	-30
п.		NIC DE				e Womb, ant.		
I. Non	LLAM-P	GNANT	DERAI	GEMEN	TS OF	THE WO	MB.	
Congestion	of the	Womb				-		31
Leucorrhos					-			38
Ulceration of	f the l	Teck of	the W	omb	-		-	45
Displacemen	at, Pro	lapsus,	and Pr	ocident	is of th	e Womb		55
Tumours	(*)	ē.		•			•	94
п. 1	MALIG	NANT D	ERANG	EMENT	e of T	нв Wом	В.	
Cancer or C	arcino	ma -	0.5					94
Induration	in each	1. - 1.1						94
Ulceration	0.00				-			97
Carcinoma			1.					110
Cauliflower	Excres	cence						126

£3. ⊛

+40

PREFACE.

FOURTEEN years ago, when I first commenced practice as a Specialist, I intended to confine myself to the treatment of one class of diseases, viz., that of "cancer;" but among my first cases were many of uterine ulcerations of a malignant character, and the success that attended my efforts in treating these brought me many other cases of different forms of diseases of the womb. At that time I coincided with, and paid due deference to, the dogmas and opinions promulgated by a leading accoucheur of Edinburgh, and endorsed by his confrères in London. Unfortunately for my faith in these doctrines, many of this gentleman's cases were brought under my care after he had pronounced them to be hopeless. (I may here remark that until recently all the cases that I have

met with have been under the care of other physicians in the first instance, and that they only came to me as a dernier ressort.) In all of these cases I found more or less destruction of the cervix and adjacent parts (for frequently there was vesico-vaginal or rectovaginal fistula to add to the sufferings of the patients) caused by the too free use of caustics. In a word, it seemed to me that all ulcerations or diseases of the cervix were treated by one and the same plan, viz., to burn them out. This practice struck me as being consistent neither with philosophy nor common-sense, for we can scarcely say that destroying a part means curing it. These facts taught me that ulceration could not be cured by the application of caustics. Again, I found that displacement of the womb was usually treated by the use of worthless and dangerous instruments known as pessaries; these pessaries setting up in all cases irritation and causing discomfort, in many cases inflammation and suppuration, and in some few cases I have met with and heard of. mortification and death. This taught me that if I hoped to cure displacement of the womb, I must look for other means than by using the pessary. Again, I

found that many of my patients had been fearfully reduced by what is known as antiphlogistic, or more properly the Sangrado treatment described in 'Gil Blas.' Some physicians imagine erroneously that all these diseases are the result of inflammation, and as our forefathers cured inflammation by bloodletting, blistering, &c., so they follow in their revered footsteps. This I found to be especially the case with those treated at the Institution in Soho Square. At present I have two females who were inmates of that Institution, who, although they acknowledge the kindness they received whilst there, yet deplore the loss of strength and the prostration they have suffered from ever since. This treatment, I found, would not cure patients in the nineteenth century, for if it did, they would not have come to me. I was therefore forced. if I would do my duty to my God and my fellow-men, to think for myself, as I did in treating cancer, and try if there were not other means, by which poor suffering women might be relieved from those dreadful diseases. Having nothing to guide me but my knowledge of anatomy, my knowledge of the nature and character of the diseases affecting these parts, and a